Weather
Sharp, cold weather today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 36.3 and the minimum 14.9, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 46.9 and 34.7.

The China Press
大陸報

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

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ITALY OFFERS SETTLEMENT OF PROBLEM ON ADRIATIC

Proposal Made At Paris Calls Forth Protest Of Jugo-Slavs

WHAT ROME ASKS

Intends To Retain Hold On Fiume And Port Of Zara As Well

LEAGUE MEETING

Plan Announced To Hold Opening Session Of Council Tomorrow

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, January 13.—The Petit Parisien writes as follows regarding the conversations between M. Clemenceau, Mr. Lloyd George and Signor Nitti.

"The three premiers who discussed the Turkish question at their meeting on Sunday evening, returned to the Adriatic problem yesterday morning. They again heard Dr. Trumbitch who for an hour explained the views of his Government, emphasising the solidarity uniting the different parts of the Serbo-Croat-Slovene State. M. Clemenceau, Mr. Lloyd George and Signor Nitti conferred again fairly late in the afternoon.

"Optimistic as is the impression produced by the conversations between the three premiers, there is no use concealing the fact that a number of difficulties still exist.

TERMS ARE STATED

"The following is the basis on which direct negotiations between the Jugo-Slav and Italian Delegates have been opened. The Rome Government is prepared to give up Dalmatia to the Jugo-Slavs, provided the Italian character of Fiume and Zara is recognised.

"Failing satisfaction regarding the annexation of Fiume to Italy, that country is prepared to discuss proposals for the independence of Fiume, but it demands compensation in Albania.

"It is understood that Italy claims practically the whole of this region as far as and including Scutari, on the northern bank of the Drin river. The Jugo-Slav delegates protest against this proposal, pointing out that the region is historically and ethnically Servian.

"There is therefore a conflict of views but the conversations continue, and it is to be hoped that they will shortly result in an agreement."

LEAGUE COUNCIL MEETS

Paris, January 13.—The Executive Council of the League of Nations meets on January 16. The temporary abstention of the United States reduces the number of delegates to nine.

They will be: France, M. Leon Bourgeois; Great Britain, Lord Curzon; Italy, Signor Scialoja; Japan, Viscount Chinda; Belgium, M. Hymans; Greece, M. Venizelos, instead of M. Politis, originally appointed; Brazil, Brazilan, Ambassador at Paris; Spain, Senor Quinones de Leon; Portugal, Dr. Alfonso Costa.

HUNGARIAN TREATY

Paris, January 13.—The Supreme Council did not meet yesterday. At today's sitting the date of the handing of the Hungarian peace treaty to the Hungarian delegation will be settled. It is thought unlikely that this will take place before the end of the week, as a few questions of detail still remain to be settled.

AGREEMENT BROKEN

(Reuter's Wireless Service)

Paris, January 13.—The Supreme Council today decided that the pre-war agreement between Croatia and Hungary should be disregarded, in the apportionment of financial burdens between the states which have emerged from the former kingdom of Hungary.

Kilmarnock Leaves For Post At Berlin

(Reuter's Wireless Service)

London, January 12.—Lord Kilmarnock, British Charge d'Affaires at Berlin, has left for Berlin. The Consular staff will follow shortly. The German representative is expected here soon.

Chinese To Pay Spring Tax, Decision Of Street Unions

Commissioner Of Foreign Affairs Advises That Line Be Drawn Between Assessment Question And Representation On Municipal Council

Resolution to pay the Spring taxes was passed at a meeting of over 1,000 committeemen of the various Street Unions yesterday afternoon. The resolution was introduced by Mr. C. C. Nieh and followed addresses by Mr. Yang Tcheng, Special Envoy for Foreign Affairs, whose advice and activity did much to settle the situation, and Mr. Chen Tsze-min, chairman of the League of Street Unions.

Both Commissioner Yang and Mr. Chen urged payment of the rates and asked the assembly to separate the two issues involved. Mr. Yang said in part:

"While the good will and sincerity of the Consular Body in endorsing your demand cannot be doubted, the successful conclusion of the question can only be brought about step by step. As the chief government official, I shall see that no stone is left unturned for the satisfactory achievement of your aim.

"It is imperative however that you should separate the two issues. The payment of taxes is one question, while Chinese representation on the Council is another. I advise that you do not dodge the first issue and I assure you that the second will not be shelved.

"It is only a question of time and it will come to a successful conclusion. Early in December, I received your amended Land Regulations and almost immediately, I forwarded one copy to the Diplomatic Body in Peking and another to the Consular Body in Shanghai together with my own letter."

NOTICE TO SHOPKEEPERS

The following advertisement will appear in the representative Chinese newspapers this morning, asking the shopkeepers to pay their rates:

"A general meeting of the committeemen of the Street Unions took place on January 14 and Mr. Yang Tcheng, Commissioner of Foreign Affairs made a lengthy report of the past events of the question of Chinese representation on the Municipal Council. He told of the good will of the 14 members of the Consular Body at Shanghai.

"During the meeting, the letter was received from Mr. D. Siffert, the Doyen of the Consular Body, stating that the question of the amendment of the Land Regulations has been referred to the Diplomatic Corps in Peking and the Consular Body at Shanghai, and he would communicate to us any reply that he might receive in due course.

"The demand for municipal suffrage in a measure has been successful. Our former decision to refrain from paying the rates for the Spring of 1920 was aimed to press the issue. Now that we have received this reply, it is decided to pay the Spring taxes for the time being.

"As to the question of the action of the armed police, the authorities concerned will bring up the matter under diplomatic consideration."

SEPARATE QUESTIONS

The Commissioner then related the events following the receipt of the amended regulations. He called on the members of the Consular body individually, who, he said, while heartily supporting the proposal to have representation on the Council, desire the separation of the two questions. The reply of the Senior Consul to his letter of December 29 had been delayed on account of the indisposition of Mr. D. Siffert. The Commission, however, expected an answer before the meeting is over.

Mr. Yang received an ovation when he concluded.

Shortly after his address, the reply of the Senior Counsul was brought to the meeting by Mr. S. K. Chen, Secretary of the

(Continued on Page 2)

Hangchow Students Reject Faculty Advice And Strike

(China Press Correspondence)

Hangchow, January 14.—At noon today 78 students of Hangchow College decided to leave school as a result of complications growing out of the recent strike ordered by the Hangchow Students' Union on Monday.

On Saturday a general strike was contemplated by the city students in protest against the reported payment of Peking teachers' salaries in depreciated currency, and to express their disapproval of the Vice-Minister of Education; but this issue was confused with an attempt on the part of the student's union to coerce the Hangchow teachers association to strike in sympathy with the Peking teachers, and thus open the way for the students to get from the educational authorities rebates for board and tuition in case the schools were closed for the rest of the term.

STAND BY UNION

The teachers association refused to be coerced and as a result the Hangchow Student Union voted 14 to 8 to walk out The college students immediately became involved as members of the local union. The majority of them did not want to strike, but felt it their duty to stand by the union vote. Out of a student body of 160, 84 met on Saturday night and 48 voted for and 36

(Continued from Page 2)

FROZEN HYDRANTS HAMPER FIREMEN

Blazing Cotton Floating Down Creek Endanger Boats As Cargo Burns

Frozen hydrants, blazing cotton floating along the surface of Yangtszepoo creek endangering shipping and various other obstacles were confronted and overcome by firemen of the Municipal department early yesterday morning when three alarms called them into action at one of the coldest periods experienced this season.

Capping a busy day, the firemen last night bucked frozen hydrants, and falling wires with electrocution perils when they were summoned to extinguish fire in a provision store on Hunan and Fukien road. This blaze spread to a rice shop on Fukien road and a combination store and lodging house on Hunan road, but was extinguished when it had razed the provision store. Several of the firemen were temporarily knocked out by electric wires and one Chinese lady, in jumping from the second story of the lodging house, was hurt though her injuries are not serious. The Central Brigade answered the first alarm and was soon joined by Sinza.

About midnight the Hongkew Division was called out to fight a fire on a cargo boat on Yangtszepoo creek. The vessel was loaded with cotton and was threatened with destruction. Volunteer fire fighters had been throwing the blazing cotton into the creek and as it floated down the stream, burning fiercely, it imperiled other shipping in the

(Continued on Page 2)

AGENTS BELIEVE BRISBANE LOST

Failure To Hear From Vessel Causes Fear That Story Of Wreck Is True

Fear that there is no hope for the cargo steamer Brisbane, supposed to have been burned and sunk off the Chekiang coast, was expressed yesterday by Mr. Th. Hulthen, director of Moller & Company, agents for the owners, Carmichael & Clark of Hongkong. Captain McClellon, his wife, two officers and two engineers, all foreigners, and 20 members of the Chinese crew are thought to have perished.

Mr. Hulthen said that the vessel was long overdue at Vladivostok where she was bound with a cargo of gasoline for the Standard Oil Company, and that no word has been received from her. He said he felt practically certain that if all were right with the vessel and if there had been an escape of the officers, passengers and crew some word would have been sent before this. The vessel has been out of port nearly three weeks and there has been sufficient time to warrant the apprehension.

Foul weather at the time of the ship's departure from Shanghai late in December is believed to have driven her several hundred miles out of her course and fire and an explosion in the hold is thought to have sent her to the bottom.

Fishermen operating off Haimen and Ningpo reported the recovery of 500 damaged tin cases that formerly contained gasoline and charred wood, supposed to be part of the superstructure of the ship, came ashore.

WILSON SAYS, REFER LEAGUE QUESTION TO PEOPLE OF U.S.

President Sends Message To National Party Committee

BRYAN NOT SURE

Compromise, He Advises, Or Make Election Issue Of It

OTHERS TALKING

Gerard And Hitchcock Also Are Favor Of Making Terms

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, January 8.—President Wilson in a message to the Democratic National Committee, declares that the only way to determine the will of the American people regarding the League of Nations is to make it the issue at the next election.

Mr. Bryan, addressing a Democratic National Committee banquet at Jackson Bay at which President Wilson's message was read, opposed the President on the question of taking the League as the issue at the next election, declaring that the Democratic party must accept such compromises as were possible or present the issue to the country.

Senator Hitchcock advocated an honorable compromise. Ex-Ambassador Gerard, who is a probable candidate for the United States presidency sent a message urging a compromise.

SPLIT IS DISCUSSED

New York, January 9.—The split between Mr. Bryan and President Wilson on the question whether the League of Nations should be made the issue at the next election is discussed with intense interest especially with regard to its bearing on the presidential election.

President Wilson's message to the Democratic National Committee does not hint his intentions on the subject. Mr. Bryan in opening his speech at the banquet at Jackson Bay said his hearers would not listen to him with the thought that they were listening to a candidate.

French Parliament Session Is Opened

Reported Millerand Will Be Made Premier To Succeed Clemenceau

(Reuter's Wireless Service)

Paris, January 13.—The French Parliament met today. In the Senate, M. Jules Scheurer, Senator for the Lower Rhine addressed the assembly on behalf of the restored provinces.

It is stated that M. Millerand will succeed M. Clemenceau as premier.

New Disclosures Made In Ex-Kaiser's Letters

More Correspondence To Tsar From Former Teuton Ruler Printed In London

(Reuter's Service)

London, January 8.—The Morning Post publishes further Willy-Nicky correspondence. The Kaiser writing to the Tsar on December 4, 1903, gives information regarding the clandestine arming of the Chinese by the Japanese as "signals from the Admiral of the Atlantic to the Admiral of the Pacific."

On January 3, 1904, he encloses English press articles on the German Navy and Russia's policy to illustrate "the odious and incomprehensible hypocrisy of the English." He says "Korea must and will be Russian, but when and how concerns only you and your country."

In a letter dated January 9, 1904, he hopes "the Japs will listen to reason notwithstanding the frantic efforts of the vile press of a certain country."

RECORD WARSHIP LAUNCHED

(Reuter's Service)

London, January 9.—H.M.S. Hood, the world's record warship, left Clydebank today for trials.

Homeville Reformers Reforming Homeville

Ding in N. Y. Tribune.

U.S. INCOME TAX YIELD LAST YEAR WAS SIX BILLION

Commissioner Says Estimated Revenue Probably Will Be Fully Realised

TOBACCO IS BIG FACTOR

Enormous Increase Reported In Number Of Cigarettes Manufactured

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, Dec. 4 (by mail). Estimates of $6,000,000,000 as the yield of the present revenue law for the first twelve months of its operation will be closely approached if not fully realised, Internal Revenue Commissioner Roper said today in his annual report.

Payments of the first two installments, March 15 and June 15, brought into the Treasury a total of $2,600,788,000, Mr. Roper said, while reports already in hand of the third instalment payable September 15, fully support the bureau's estimate.

Commissioner Roper said the tobacco industry had developed into one of the greatest sources of federal revenue, the total receipts from this source alone for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1919, being $206,003,000, an increase of $48,800,000 over those of the preceding year.

An enormous increase in the number of cigarettes manufactured was shown by the reports, the total for the last fiscal year being approximately eight times larger than in 1910. In that year, 8,500,000,000 cigarettes and 8,000,000,000 cigars ware manufactured, while in the last fiscal year the manufacture of cigarettes had increased to 45,500,000,000 while the number of cigars remained practically stationary.

Discussing constitutional prohibition, Mr. Roper said that probably 50,000,000 gallons of spirituous liquors would remain in bonded warehouses when the constitutional amendment becomes effective, January 16.

During the year ended June 30, approximately 99,000,000 gallons of distilled liquor were produced from materials other than fruits, this figure representing a decrease of nearly 75,000,000 gallons from the previous year's production.

The effect of wartime prohibition has presented a problem which is causing revenue officials "serious embarrassment," Mr. Roper said. Holders of heavy stocks of liquor in bond were forced, under provisionns of the last revenue act, to pay an additional tax on September 15. The law closing the saloons for the period of the war has left those interests with their pro-

Boots And Shoes Needed For Men Leaving Today

While a generous response has been made to the plea for clothing by the Refugee Relief Committee in behalf of Russians leaving today on a steamer bound for Vladivostok, boots and shoes are needed.

The steamer is sailing this afternoon and at least 20 pairs of boots or shoes are wanted. They should be sent to the Relief Headquarters, in the old Kelley and Walsh Building, before noon today.

SYRIANS KIDNAP FRENCH OFFICER AND RELEASE HIM

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, January 9.—It is authoritatively stated that Gen. Gouraud's Chief of Staff who was kidnapped by Syrian volunteers while traveling by train from Beirut to Damascus was liberated immediately.

London, January 9.—The Morning Post says that news has been received in London from Cairo that Syrian National volunteers held up the train in which General Gouraud's Chief of Staff was traveling on the Beirut-Damascus line, and removed him to the mountains.

It is assumed that the Chief of Staff was proceeding to Damascus to investigate the recent encounter between French and Arab volunteer troops at Baribek when he was kidnapped.

Australia Is Goal Of Two More Fliers

(Reuter's Service)

London, January 8.—The Australian Lieutenants Farrar and Macintosh left Hounslow today in aeroplane D-59 for Australia.

Jellicoe And Borden Going To Havana

(Reuter's Service)

Key West, Florida, January 9.—Lord Jellicoe and Sir Robert Borden embarked yesterday in H.M.S. New Zealand for Havana.

SIBERIAN TOWNS JOIN IN BOYCOTT AIMED AT JAPAN

Action Follows Deportation Of Delegate Sent To Empire For School Books

HALED AS 'BOLSHEVIST'

Ejected From Country Without Warning After Investment Of Yen 100,000

All cities, towns, and counties in Siberia outside of Bolshevik territory and many inside have through their common organisation joined recently in an anti-Japanese boycott, according to word received from Vladivostok this week. It came about in protest against and resentment at the recent action of Japan in deporting Mr. D. P. Pantaleyev, representative of the All-Siberian Union of Cities and Zemstvos, who had been sent to Japan to secure the publication of 3,500,000 primary school books.

Mr. Pantaleyev, according to the resolution of Municipalities and Zemstvos Conference, was in the midst of his work, and had paid Yen 100,000 of Zemstvo money to Japanese printing houses when without warning and without opportunity to arrange his affairs he was compelled to leave because the authorities suspected him of being a Bolshevist. That he was not a "Bolshevik," the Zemstvos or county organisations say they can attest for he was one of their leaders in the opposition to Bolshevist encroachments. That the step was meant to obstruct and interfere with Russian efforts to re-establish education in Siberia is suggested as the real reason.

SCHOOL BOOKS NEEDED

Siberia's greatest need, next to the bare necessities of life, is school books. In the six years of war since the last considerable number of Russian school books was printed, practically all of the texts have worn out, been repaired and been worn out again. Many schools in Siberia are known to have but one book to twenty-five children. The only public and yet non-political organisation in a partisan sense that has survived through changes in Government has been the Zemstvos. Closely allied with the co-operative societies, they have not only performed most of the local services, commonly taken care of by an English or American county

(Continued on Page 3)

ANTI-KOLCHAK FORCES ARE IN CONTROL AT IRKUTSK

Reports State Situation There Is Growing More Serious

NEED JAPAN'S AID

Semenoff Said To Have Asked Tokio To Send Division Of Troops

CAPTURE CAPITAL

Denikin's Troops Still Retreating Are Seeking Refuge In Poland

(Reuter's Service)

London, January 8.—The situation is reported to be growing increasingly serious at Irkutsk where there are 9,000 anti-Kolchak insurgents, who are being constantly reinforced. They are armed with machine guns and aeroplanes.

It is understood that Ataman Semenoff, has appealed for the despatch of a Japanese division.

TAKE COSSACK CAPITAL

London, January 9.—The Bolsheviki claim the capture of Novocherkask, the capital of the Don Cossacks.

RETREAT INTO POLAND

Paris, January 9.—According to a Bale message General Denikin's left wing troops are seeking refuge in Poland.

Spread Of Bolshevism In Far East Factor

London, January 8.—Writing in the Times, Lord Sydenham, dealing with the danger of Bolshevism in the East says that he views the whole situation in the Far East with grave anxiety. "China," he remarks, "may be too vast and too disjointed to become a field for Bolshevist action, but there are possibilities of fomenting anti-Western agitation in that chaotic republic. By an irony of fate it is the Kaiser the prophet of the Eastern peril who let loose the forces which have made it a reality."

BRITISH RAIL MEN AWAITING ANSWER FROM GOVERNMENT

(Reuter's Service)

London, January 9.—The railwaymen's conference this afternoon decided totally to reject the Government's offer and referred the offer back to the Executive to reopen negotiations with the Government.

The conference will continue to sit until an answer has been received from the Government. It is understood that the delegates rejected the sliding scale and demand that the highest rate of pay of each grade plus the 33 shillings a week bonus shall be made the standard wage. They also demand payment of all back wages on this basis from August 8.

CANADIAN LABOR SEEKING CHANGES

(Reuter's Service)

Ottawa, January 9.—In their annual interview with the Canadian Government, Labor officials requested legislation establishing an eight-hour day and a 44-hour week and demanded for all workers the right of organisation and recognition of the principle of collective bargaining also assistance in the formation of co-operative societes, revision of machinery for arbitration in industrial disputes, limitation of Oriental immigration, reduction of the permanent Canadian military forces and representation of workers on the managing board of the Government railways.

Situation In Egypt Easier, Allenby Says

(Reuter's Service)

London, January 9.—Interviewed in Cairo prior to his departure for the Sudan Lord Allenby said that the situation in Egypt was easier and that there was good prospect of a satisfactory arrangement.

AMERICA URGED TO BUY IN CANADA TO ADJUST EXCHANGE

Dominion Minister Suggests Remedy For Depreciation Of Northern Dollars

COUNTRY IS PROSPEROUS

Existing Situation Is Effect Of Present Balances Of Trade, He Says

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, Dec. 4 (by mail).—Sir Henry Pratton, Canadian Minister of Finance, at the annual convention of the Association of Life Insurance Presidents here today, urged larger American purchases and investments in Canada as a means of overcoming the present depreciation in Canadian exchange.

"While Canada is prosperous," said the Minister, "the Canadian dollar is at the moment at a discount, and a serious discount when the value of the Canadian dollar, the prosperity and assets of the country are considered. The depreciation while very real is merely the effect of present trade balances and does not reflect in the slightest upon the intrinsic value of Canada's obligations.

"The depreciation of the Canadian premium in New York funds is simply owing to the fact that we do too much business with you and you do too little business with us. I wonder if the extent of Canada's purchases in the United States are realised. Your statistics show that your total trade with all South America countries amounted for the year 1919 to $969,276,505, the balance of trade against you being $167,473,303. On the other hand, for the same year with Canada your total trade amounted to $1,282,677,849 and the balance of trade in your favor amounted to a sum no less than $344,768,213.

"We want to do as much business as possible with you and I think you want to do as much business as possible with us. I think we all realisie that two of the very necessary essentials in any proper re-establishment are firm currencies and standard exchanges. I am quite sure that you would much sooner see the exchange situation righted by additional American purchases in Canada rather than a decrease of Canadian purchases in the United States. Temporarily, and from time to time, these adverse balances may be easily rectified by the investment of America's large surplus reserves in Canada, and this solution is one which is probably as much in the hands of the Presidents of great American companies as in anybody's. The field for investment in Canada is very large. There is still great room in Canada for development."

BRITISH LAWYER DIES IN HOSPITAL

Popular Young Barrister Passes Away Yesterday After Operation

Mr. E. W. Godfrey, a well known British barrister here, died at the Victoria Nursing Home yesterday afternoon. He was operated on last Saturday.

Mr. Godfrey, who was 36 years of age, came to Shanghai ten years ago for the firm of Messrs. Ellis and Hayes. Later he entered upon a private practise. Subsequently the firm of Messrs. Teesdale and Godfrey was organised.

Several of his cases before the Supreme Court won Mr. Godfrey prominence in the legal fraternity.

He was at one time captain of the Golf Club and at the time of his death was a member of the committee. He belonged to several other Shanghai organisations.

Joining the Shanghai Volunteer Corps as a private, Mr. Godfrey was promoted to a lieutenancy.

The funeral is to take place this afternoon at 5 o'clock at Bubbling Well cemetery.

U.S. INCOME TAX YIELD LAST YEAR WAS SIX BILLION

(Continued from Page 1)

ducts and without means of obtaining money to make the tax payments.

"Under the law the discretion of the bureau is limited to extending the time for payment of these taxes seven months, "Mr. Roper explained. "Serious embarassment has resulted as to the course of action which should be taken in these cases to protect the interests of the government without imposing undue financial hardships on the taxpayers which presumably were not intended by Congress."

The report revealed a menace in illegitimate traffic in drugs between this country and Canada and Mexico. Mr. Roper urged that some temporary arrangement should be established which would put a stop to this smuggling.

Expenditures of the bureau during the last fiscal year, Mr. Roper said, were $20,573,771, an increase of $12,003,214 over the previous fiscal year. On this basis, he said, it had cost the government 0.543 percent to administer the revenue laws and collect the second greatest tax bill the nation ever has had.

Smiles from the Mixed Court

Mr. H. Y. Moh is a man high in the industrial world of this part of China. He is managing director of three large cotton mills, the Teh Dah and Hou Sing plants in Shanghai and the Yu Foong mill in Changhsien, Honan.

Imagine his surprise recently to find a communication in a local Chinese newspaper addressed to him and inquiring why he didn't give the writer of the letter a job on his staff or return $5 the author of the epistle said he had deposited as security. The letter was signed "A Fool."

Detective Kilkenny heard the story and, knowing Mr. Moh's status in the community, set a man to watch the post office box to which the money had been sent in answer to an advertisement in a Chinese publication. The advertisement was signed by a name similar, but not quite the same as Mr. Moh's and stated that there were vacancies open on the staff of a large cotton mill and that they would be filled by applicants who mailed a deposit of $5 as evidence of good faith.

Soon after the officer went on duty a Chinese came into the post office and took from the box in question a decoy letter that had been posted by the police.

He was arrested.

"Not for my," he protested. "My have catch for one piece man outside by road. He have pay me cumshaw to catch letters."

The police hurried into the road but the plotter was gone.

And so the accomplice was brought before British Assessor Grant Jones and Magistrate Yui in the Mixed Court yesterday on a charge of fraud.

But the court thought the matter might rest a week while the police are gathering into the fold the author of the scheme.

In the meantime Mr. Moh has let it be known that when he hires new employes it will be on a basis of capability rather than gullibility.

FROZEN HYDRANTS HAMPER FIREMEN

(Continued from Page 1)

stream. The firemen soon got the blaze on the boat in hand and then devoted their attention to the drifting flames with the result that no other vessels were ignited.

Soon afterwards an alarm came in to the Central Division from the waterfront. It was discovered that the blaze was in some straw huts back of the B. A. T. plant in Pootung but as none of the godowns was threatened it was not necessary for the firemen to cross the river.

Shortly before three o'clock in the morning an alarm came into Central from 6602 from a furrier's shop at 6602 Fokien Road. The firemen rushed to the scene and laid their lines of hose but were confronted with a delay because the hydrants were frozen. As soon as the water taps could be thawed out the flames were extinguished.

The upper floor of the furrier's shop was gutted and there was slight damage to a building adjoining but most of the goods on the first floor of the establishment in which the blaze originated were saved.

CHINA MAIL PLANS TO GET NEW BOATS

(Pacific Mail Wireless)

San Francisco, December 20—Lok Chai, general manager of the China Mail Steamship Company, last night announced plans for obtaining new passenger and freight vessels are being worked out and that the Company has applied for some U.S. Shipping Board vessels under course of construction on the Atlantic coast.

Friendly Enemies

BY DOMINO

"Friendly Enemies" is without any doubt whatever the most remarkable play that has been written in modern times. It has the psychology of a 'Hamlet'; the action of a 'Macbeth'; and the genuine patriotism of a 'Henry the Fifth.' To endow a play nowa-days with the attributes of three of Shakespeare's greatest masterpieces seems fulsome flattery, and yet without giving the writers any of the inspiration of the 'Immortal Bard' they have gathered into their wonderful comedy all the ingredients which have made Shakespare's plays great.

That old German father, who left the Fatherland to seek freedom, and yet in his splendid loyalty clung to the mistaken belief that his country was right, that son, who recognised that it was his adopted country that had not only given him birth but had also brought riches and happiness to his parents, and for which country it was his duty to give up father and mother and all—to die for if necessary, splendid traits and needing to be carefully handled to save them from jingoism—all combined to make the play something that we have never seen before in Shanghai.

Then the action throughout was rapid. It was carried along with the wittiest and at the same time the most gripping of dialogue. Finally it breathed the simple patriotism which found its expression in sacrifice. And lastly its delightfully pathetic humor in the son teaching the dear old couple the words of their anthem "My Country 'tis of Thee." It was these words that brought down the curtain and the cheers.

There were seven people in the cast. Everyone of them calls for notice. There was not a weak spot in the show. But, and this is a very big but, all things were dwarfed by the magnificent portrayal of Mr. W. D. Howard as 'Karl Pfeifer.' We have all seen Howard in big parts and he has always been convincing. I can remember a splendid performance that he gave as the dope fiend in 'Kick In,' but last night he put all his efforts into the shades of memory only. He called both the tears and the laughter just when he needed them and did this by the sheer conviction of his playing. I have seldom seen a player who has given the audience such genuine satisfaction. W. D. Howard's performance calls every keen playgoer to the Lyceum Theater to see 'Friendly Enemies.'

Playing opposite to him was Miss Valentine Sidney as the mother. Here again we can give nothing but the highest praise. Miss Sidney had a most difficult and trying part. It needed not only experience but the 'spark' to make it grip the house. And the house was always on tip toe throughout the performance. Her emotional scenes were a revelation to those who only know Miss Sidney in comedy parts.

Mr. DeWitt Newing has already received commendation for his clever playing. Again he scored and his scenes with Mr. Howard continually reminded me of the best passages from 'Potash and Perlmutter.' His work was greatly enjoyed by everyone.

Mr. Wm. Augustine had his first big part. He has been a soldier and has been 'Over There.' It is difficult to be natural on the stage and it says much for Mr. Augustine's ability that all the time that he was before the footlights he was a soldier and a very lovable and admirable one. He is to be congratulated upon a nice portrayal.

Miss Shirley Huxley, as an ingenue, added to the good opinion that the local playgoers have already formed of her. She was very appealing and charming. Mr. Reginald Wykcham, as the spy, was the real thing. He was aided by an excellent make-up and carried his part in fine style.

I could tell you all about the plot and that would spoil its interest for you. I could go on talking for hours about the setting. I could write from now until tomorrow night about Howard's performance but it would all be of little use. 'Friendly Enemies' is a wonderful show. It is being played again tonight. A packed house is sure to greet it.

PHONE WEST 189
FORD HIRE SERVICE
$3 per hour $1 20-minutes
77 ROUTE VALLON

Chinese Willing To Pay Spring Tax

(Continued from Page 1)

Foreign Office. It reads as follows:

Shanghai, January 14, 1920.

Sir.—I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your letter (845 IV) dated 29th of December, 1919, concerning the question of Chinese representation on the Council of the Foreign Settlement.

I have circulated the letter among the members of the Consular Body and the same question has been referred to the Diplomatic Body and I shall, I suppose, receive an answer in due course,

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
D. Siffert.

To H. E. Yang Tcheng,
Commissioner of Foreign Affairs, etc., etc.
Shanghai.

Chairman Chen Tsze-min explained that the letter of the Senior Consul was in happy confirmation of the statement of Commissioner Yang Tcheng and the question is receiving the attention of the Consular Body. He said that the shopkeepers should consider the explanation as satisfactory and resume the payment of taxes.

POLICE CRITICISED

Mr. Chen, in reply to an animated condemnation of the action of the municipal police in seizing goods and destroying property as a result of the refusal to pay, pointed out that this was another issue. He said there were really three issues, representation, tax payment and police action. Neither of the last two should be confused with the first.

"The Work of amending the Land Regulations was exceedingly lengthy," said he in part. "It took the committee fully three months to complete it and I hear that it took one Consulate 21 days to translate the amended regulations as presented by the League of Street Unions.

"The letter of the Senior Consul today explains the difficulty and we should feel that our aim is accomplished and the explanation satisfactory."

Mr. C. C. Nieh, in moving the resolution, gave a short resume of the events of the agitation and stated that Chinese should show their good intentions in their claim for justice by passing his resolution.

The meeting was animated but orderly. More than once the action of the police Monday afternoon was vigorously challenged. But leaders in the movement pointed out that they should suppress their feelings during a critical situation like this and should adopt the best possible means of handling the situation.

Among those present at the meeting were Mr. Chu Pao-san and Mr. Shen Lien-fang, chairman and vice-chairman of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce, Messrs. Sun Han-chang, Y. C. Tong, F. C. Tong and other prominent merchants. Only au- Mixed Court acknowledging receipt of the money he turned over in pay- thorised delegates from the Street Unions and the Chamber of Commerce were admitted.

Commissioner Yang yesterday received a formal letter from the ment of the taxes due by the 19 shops on Fokien and Honan Roads.

Mixed Court Refuses Money Paid For Taxes

Tax money offered to the Mixed Court by Chinese shopkeepers who had refused to pay their rates to the Municipal Council revenue department was rejected yesterday by British Assessor Grant Jones, sitting with Magistrate Yui, and the registrar, Inspector M. O. Springfield, was ordered to return the tendered currency forthwith.

The refusal to accept the tendered money was based by the court on the contention that rates must be paid to the revenue department of the Municipal Council and not elsewhere. It followed the delivery to Magistrate Kwan's office on Tuesday of about $1,400 in payment, under protest, of taxes assessed against 19 shops and which had been refused representatives of the municipal revenue department when collection was attempted.

The money was tendered to the registrar by the magistrate's office and Inspector Springfield went into court for instructions as to his course of procedure. Appearing before the bench Mr. Springfield said, in effect:

"I am informed that the magistrate has received a sum of money from the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs with a letter to the effect that it is in payment of municipal rates in respect to a certain number of premises in the Settlement. I have been asked to receive this money. I wish to ask the court whether it is to be accepted or not."

Assessor Grant Jones replied:

"The proper persons to whom the payment of municipal rates should be made are the officials of the Municipal Revenue Department. You are to take the necessary steps to return this money to the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs forthwith."

In accordance with the new bye-laws of the Land Regulations, all keepers of exchange and tobacco shops are required to take out a license beginning April 1. They are to put up security at the discretion of the Council and pay in advance license fees from Tls. 1 to 25 per quarter.

Hangchow Students Decide To Strike

(Continued from Page 1)

against the strike. The rest of the student body absented themselves from the meeting as a silent protest against striking.

On Sunday evening the faculty met with the students to hear the full discussion of the objects of the strike and to urge that because the issues were confused there was not enough to warrant non-attendance of classes. Full sympathy was shown, but the stand taken was that classes must go on as usual.

On Monday however, only 23 boys attended class. Those who stayed out took the position that their strike was made necessary by their relationsip to the students' union of the city. They decided to return to classes the next day although the strike was still going on in the city. When classes began, however, and the amends required by the faculty had not been complied with, the strikers were requested not to go to their work until the amends were made.

In the afternoon, after full discussion, the faculty posted a notice that each student who wished to return to classes should signify in writing, first, that he had been in fault in disregarding faculty counsel and authority, and second that in the future he would abide by the declared rules of the college. This did not mean that no patriotic strikes would be tolerated in the future, but only that the school could not be subjected to constant inroads on its time and to the whim and circumstance of unreasoned strikes and still maintain its standard and give credit for full time work.

By Wednesday morning a good many had decided to accept the conditions laid down by the faculty. Just before noon the others marched around the campus and then made a final farewell address to the faculty saying that they went away because they felt it to be a matter of conscience to be more loyal to the Students' Union than to the institution.

The college continues to function and classes are going on as usual with a majority of students in attendance.

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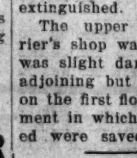
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ACE RESCRIPT SSUED AT TOKIO

t Of Message Of Emperor Recently Given Out Is Published

(Reuters Pacific Service)

okio, January 13.—The text the Emperor's peace rescript s follows:

It is a source of deep rejoic- to us that the gigantic war ch plunged the whole world unspeakable confusion for past five years has at last brought to an end through valiant and unstinted efforts he Powers in alliance with us the peace of the world has at length been restored.

The final reparation after so at a catastrophe and the rantee of a reign of tran- lity in the future needless to depend altogether upon the le hearted co-operation of all Allied Powers. With these siderations in mind we des- ched our delegates to the ce Conference which was ly held in France with in- ctions to participate in its berations. We are now much tified to know that a new ty looking to the establish- t of perpetual peace has been ved at and the foundation of eague of Nations laid, while the same time we are fully cious of the heavy responsi- y henceforth devolving upon country.

At the opening of this fresh pter of the history of the ld, in view of the tremendous nges in the world aspect, ever regarded, we hold it to high time that all loyal Japan- subjects should address them- es with the best endeavor at r command to the task of pting their activities to the ard march of events. We refore call upon our subjects ing this cardinal aim con- ntly before them, in the first tance to work for the attain- t of that durable peace which contemplated by the institu- of the League of Nations, ays abiding by the principles universal justice and following path of the progress of the rld. It is at the same time earnest hope that they should e their guiding principle a nd and wholesome fashion of ing. Eschewing as unworthy forms of frivolity and luxury will devote their efforts to thering the advancement of national resources with a to keeping pace with the dance of human progress.

Trusting that we may enjoy rmore the blessings of peace tranquillity together with the e company of friendly na- s we give expression to the ent hope that relying upon the ivided co-operation of our al subjects we may ac- plish the task of advancing general welfare of the entire ple and spreading through the the utmost benefits of civili- ion, so as to crown the past hievements of our forefathers h imperishable glory.

"We hereby enjoin upon our al subjects to fulfil our wishes rein expressed."

Hongkong Governor To Entertain Soldiers

(Reuters Pacific Service)

Hongkong, January 14.—The vernor is giving a garden party Government House on Febru- y 7, to all officers, non-commis- oned officers and men who have turned from serving in His ajesty's forces at the front, gether with their wives.

Bavaria May Have Prince Rupprecht As Its President

Crown Prince Rupprecht
INTERNATIONAL

Prince Rupprecht, of Bavaria, has been placarded as a candidate for the Presidency of Bavaria, according to a report from Berlin. The elections will take place in February. The Prince is one of the many Germans on the Allied list who may be brought to trial for their crimes during the war.

Discredit Reports Of Bulgarian Unrest

(Reuter's Service)

London, January 9.—Authoritative British sources in Sofia discredit the recent alarmist reports of the position in Bulgaria which emanate from foreign and, it is stated, often hostile sources and which gain greater currency owing to the fact that Bulgaria has recently been cut off from communication with the West.

It appears that there has been some trouble arising out of the railway strike, but that the position is generally stable, particularly so far as the army is concerned.

Y.M.C.A. Loses To Wilmington Team

The U.S.S .Wilmington basketball team last night defeated the Chinese Y.M.C.A. "B" team by the score of 35 to 19. It was the Wilmington's first game of the season. On Saturday the sailors will play the American Song Service League in the Chinese Y.M.C.A. building.

NEW WORLD CASE IN CIVIL COURT

Criminal Charge Withdrawn When Manager Appears For First Trial

That civil procedure will supersede the criminal actions started in the Mixed Court as an outgrowth of the failure of the New World amusement establishment was indicated yesterday when one of the three charges preferred against the former manager of the company was dismissed. A civil case is to be started in lieu of the charge of misappropriation of $5,000 that had been lodged before American Assessor Tenney and Magistrate Kwan.

Dzien Siang-nyoen, the former manager of the company, was arrested on three counts. The third case was brought against him in the Mixed Court yesterday morning by Chia Yung-chang, who alleged that the defendant had falsified the books of the concern to the extent of $2,208. The case came up before British Assessor Grant Jones and Magistrate Yui and was remanded for special hearing. The defendant was released on his own recognisance.

In the afternoon a charge previously made by Kuh Yui-ding that the defendant had withheld $5,000, deposited with him as a guaranty when the complainant took over the New World restaurant, was called for hearing before the American assessor. Before trial of the case started the prosecution moved for a dismissal with the understanding that the matter might come before the civil division. Bail of $5,000 had been exacted in this case.

The third case growing out of the suspension of the company is before the Portuguese assessor. In this case a woman stockholder in the company demands an accounting for Taels 4,600 from the former manager and his son. The bail in this case was set at $20,000.

Although no indication has been given by the other authorities as to what their attitude will be in regard to the two remaining cases it was reported last night that it was probable that in all of them action similar to that taken yesterday might be expected and the matter settled in the civil courts.

Prince Of Wales Is Invited To Pay Visit To Hongkong

(Reuters Pacific Service)

Hongkong, January 14.—The Governor of Hongkong on behalf of the community telegraphed to the Secretary of State for the Colonies stating that it would be a source of gratification to the Colony if the Prince of Wales could include Hongkong in his tour to Australia. The Secretary of State has replied that His Majesty and His Royal Highness appreciate the invitation but the arrangements contemplated preclude the possibility of the Prince visiting Hongkong.

Soviet Russia In Pact With Britain

(Reuter's Service)

Copenhagen, January 9.—M. Litvinoff, in an interview with Reuter's correspondent, said that an agreement had been reached in principle with Mr. O'Grady. A definite compact now depended on whether Great Britain could persuade the Archangel Government to release certain Bolshevist prisoners.

The immediate release of British wounded depended on the liberation of these Bolshevists. M Litvinoff said that the majority of the British women interned in Russia had already been liberated on his representations while Mr. O'Grady had urged the British Government to release certain Russians in London.

Says San Francisco Will Be Air Terminal

(Pacific Mail Wireless)

San Francisco, December 20.—Senator Phelan today predicted that San Francisco will soon be the western terminal for the aerial mail route from New York. It was pointed out that a saving of time in delivery of mail from New York to San Francisco would often mean a saving of weeks for trans-Pacific points.

Belated Boats Bring Thousands To U.S.

(Pacific Mail Wireless)

New York, December 21.—Eight belated liners today brought to New York seventeen thousand passengers. The vessels' hulls and rigging were encrusted in ice from effects of heavy storms encountered.

SIBERIAN TOWNS JOIN IN BOYCOTT AIMED AT JAPAN

(Continued from Page 1)

government but they supply the schools and frequently purchase farm machinery and tested seed to be sold to the people at cost.

The All-Siberian Union of Cities and Zemstvos had instructed Mr. Pantaleyev to secure the publication of 3,500,000 books all of them for primary schools. But 500,000 had been printed when suddenly he was compelled to leave without an opportunity to appoint his successor. Less than half of those that had been printed had been shipped.

THE RESOLUTION

The Union of Cities and Zemstvos held a meeting in Vladivostok December 28 at which formal protest and a decision to have no more dealings with Japan were voted. The resolution read:

"On December 12 there appeared in the Vladivostok newspapers a communication telling of the deportation from Japan, together with other Russians, of Mr. D. P. Pantaleyev, well known publicist and prominent worker in the Zemstvos and towns of Far Eastern Russia, who while living lately in Tokio, as is well known, was in charge of printing school books for the needs of the primary schools of Siberia.

"Thinking this report incredible, the very fact of its being a deportation without court or investigation from a civilised country on friendly relations with Russia, and affecting a prominent public man of moderate political views and unsullied reputation, the All-Siberian Union of Zemstvos and Towns was about to relegate the whole report to the realm of the newspaper's imagination. And the Union was sure that the official representatives of Japan would not lose any time in coming forward with a denial.

"But this denial has not come. On the contrary a private communication has been received from Mr. Pantaleyev that does not leave any doubt. The order is regarded by a wide circle as a measure directed at Russian democratic public life. It gives the business of popular education in Russia a great injury and to the all-Siberian Union of Zemstvos and Towns a considerable pecuniary loss. Wherefore, First, this Union has decided to make these facts known to all the towns and zemstvos, both provincial and local, who ordered books.

"Second, to ask the legal counsel of the Union to report upon the question of starting legal proceedings for the losses sustained, because of the deportation of Mr. Pantaleyev without possibility of liquidating the affairs, connected with this printing.

"Third that further printing of school books be transferred to China or America."

Twenty Lives Are Lost In Wreck In Atlantic

(Pacific Mail Wireless)

Norfolk, Va., December 21.—It is reported here this morning that five members of the crew and fifteen stowaways, perished with the sinking of the schooner Sunbeam off the Virginia Capes late yesterday afternoon.

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News Brevities

Information has been received by the local T.K.K. office that the steamer Siberia Maru will sail from Yokohama, February 2. American mail transfer to the Siberia Maru, which was planned for Monday but changed, had been based upon the information that the vessel would sail two week earlier.

* * *

The Empress of Asia brought 386 sacks and 14 hampers of mail and the Colombia brought 125 bags for the American Post Office. Twenty-one bags of letters came on the Empress.

* * *

The following students having satisfied the Examiners in (a) The Theory and Practice of Teaching, (c) Psychology, (c) English Composition and Conversation, and are now entitled to the final certificate of the Shanghai Municipal Council Normal School: Liu Bang-nien, F. K. Sing, Wong Yoh-yoong, Hsu Vung-ping, King Jen-ling, Huang Kien-shung and Lock Siu-yoong.

* * *

Word was received yesterday by the China Mail Steamship Company that the Nanking will sail from Hongkong on January 17 and will leave Shanghai about January 20 for San Francisco via Yokohama and Honolulu.

* * *

United States Marshal N. E. Lurton yesterday issued notice that claimants against the libel action on the barque Chin Pu must appear in the United States Court for China on February 9 at 10 o'clock to make their claims. The libel was filed by the Shanghai Tug and Lighter Company, which claims that it sent its tug Victoria to the rescue of the barque on August 23, 1919, at the Saddle Islands when the vessel was dismasted, and that it is entitled to salvage.

* * *

Horace M. Wood, sentenced by the United States Court for China to nine months in Bilibid Prison, Manila, for vagrancy, was sent to the Philippines yesterday on the Pacific Mail liner Colombia in custody of Mr. L. T. Kanake, appointed special United States Deputy Marshal. Wood was given until noon yesterday to raise $500 as security for his good behavior.

* * *

An attachment was filed against The Barkley Company, Inc., yesterday in the United States Court for China by Messrs. Fleming, Davies and Bryan, attorneys for Mr. George W. Young. Mr. Young is plaintiff in a suit pending against The Barkley Company. He has claimed damages of Taels 14,142.85 and Mex. $1,200.

* * *

The case of Mr. A. T. Steele vs. the American Trading Company has been set for January 23 in the United States Court for China. Plaintiff has filed a suit for damages and asks Mex. $32,075.36.

* * *

The Muncipal Council has sanctioned the purchase from the China Garage Company of two 2-ton trucks with dump bodies and attachment complete for a sum of Tls. 3,300 each. The trucks will be used by the Public Works Department.

Japanese See Good Outlook For Shipping

(Japan Advertiser)

Mr. Utaro Noda, the Minister of Communications, takes the view that there will be continued demand for Japanese tonnage for some time to come, but at the same time emphasises the necessity of Japanese shipping men making preparationns to meet the world's competition.

"The world war has had a deep and far reaching effect on Japan's shipping, and has indeed revolutionised it," says Mr. Noda. "At the end of 1914 the Japanese mercantile marine consisted of only 1,800,000 tons, but the figure had increased to about 2,500,000 tons by the end of 1918 and to 2,910,000 tons by the end of October, 1919. The last figure, compared with that before the beginning of the war, shows an increase of about 1,100,000, or about 60 percent."

"During the war the Japanese shipowners steadily opened new shipping lines and thus operated their reinforced mercantile fleets. The activity of tramp steamers was particularly noteworthy. Before the war the operations of these steamers were confined to Japanese and Oriental waters, but since the outbreak of the world war they have made their way to every nook and corner of the world. Thus Japan has obtained one of the most important positions in the world's shipping together with Great Britain and America."

SHIPBUILDING INDUSTRY

"No less noteworthy is the development of the country's shipbuilding industry. The vessels of over 1,000 tons each built during 1914 totalled only 78,000 tons, but the tonnage had increased to about 500,000 tons by 1918 and about 600,000 tons by 1919, about ten times as large as the tonnage constructed before the war. At that time Japan could not meet all her requirements in the matter or supply of merchantmen, but she is now able to undertake large foreign orders.

"Thus Japan's shipping and shipbuilding have undergone a remarkable development. Formerly the two industries of this country had only domestic importance, but they now have international importance. This marks a new and noteworthy chapter in the annals of Japan's shipping.

The development of the Japanese shipping trade was due to the effects of the war. While all the world's merchantmen, except those of Germany and Austria, were being used for the purposes of the Allies, with the result that competition was eliminated from the world's shipping market, the Japanese shipowners made the most of the opportunity. Japanese ships were also used for the purposes of the Allies, but at the same time the Japanese shipowners cultivated new trade by carrying ordinary cargo which was formerly carried by foreign bottoms."

"The conclusion of the armistice depressed the financial situation, and the shipping market did not escape the reaction. But the situation improved before long, and since there have been only slight ups and downs."

LOSS OF TONNAGE

"Before the war the world's mercantile marine amounted to 45,400,000 tons; according to latest investigations, the world now has 47,900,000 tons. Numerically speaking, it may be said that the loss to the world's tonnage caused by the war has been more than made good, but it is believed that a real replenishment, such as is needed in the changed economic situation of the world, will not be completed until about 1921.

"There are other important factors to be reckoned with. During the war ships were generally put to severe strain. Many of the ships which were hastily built have little efficiency. The change in the channels of international trade has rendered a larger amount of tonnage necessary than would otherwise be the case. Setbacks to loading and unloading of ships, due to labor disputes, tend to decrease the capacity of ships for carrying cargo. When these factors are taken into account, it will be seen that the world's shipping has not yet been actually restored to pre-war conditions, though it may have done so numerically. On the other hand, all the former belligerents are doing their best to restore their industries and are trying to import all the supplies required for the purpose. This has naturally increased the demand for tonnage. In the circumstances one will not be greatly mistaken if he assumes that the supply of tonnage will not exceed the demand for some time to come.

LABOR TROUBLES

"But it should not be forgotten that the labor disputes in various countries are seriously interfering with the natural restoraton of trade and industry, and are delaying loading and unloading with the result that the movements of merchantile craft are being hindered. The countries, which learned during the war what it was to have little tonnage, may take special steps to conserve and reinforce their merchant fleets, and it is clear that the competition of foreign steamers will become keener. All those interested in shipping should keep their eye on the world situation and take necessary steps to improve their position. They should enter the commercial war with great determination, and develop the power which they cultivated during the war of iron and fire that has just ended."

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SMYRNA IS HELD BY SECRET TREATY

Lloyd George Promised Venizelos A Big Slice Of The Hinterland

Marseilles, November 26.—That conditions around Smyrna and in the whole of Western Anatolia are most deplorable and alarming is the news brought here by people who have arrived from Constantinople.

Of course, it is nothing new that the general scramble for territory in Asia Minor and the countries southward has created trouble. These matters have been discounted and put aside as unavoidable. But the reports I have just heard from men I know to be well informed are calculated to cause the gravest anxiety. They indicate that a barbarous state of war has been maintained for the last six months and has been virtually authorised by the Entente Powers and America.

About May 15 Premier Venizelos of Greece, after consultation with the Big Four and after having received authority to send "military forces" to Smyrna, proceeded to send, not a few troops, which would have sufficed, but a whole Greek division. It was understood last May that the intention of Venizelos was to occupy only Smyrna and the immediate neighborhood; but the Greeks proceeded immediately to push out into the hinterland, and have ever since waged continuous war in the whole country around Aidin and devastated the beautiful valley of the Meander River, which is the garden spot of Turkey. The Turks offered resistance there, and for months a war characterised by the most cruel methods has been going on, first the Greeks and then the Turks being successful.

The Greeks first captured the city of Aidin and burned the Turkish part; then the Turks drove the Greeks out and burned the Greek part. The rich village of Aidin has been pillaged and devastated.

In Smyrna and its vicinity, and in one or two other localities to the north, the majority of the population is Greek; but to the eastward the hinterland is Turkish four to one. The Greek claim to Smyrna was considered equitable, but it now seems that Venizelos had no idea of confining Greek pretensions to Smyrna and the district adjoining it.

It has become known that in 1917, when the adhesion of Greece to the allied cause was indispensable, Lloyd George made with Venizelos one of those secret treaties which have been the source of so much mischief elsewhere. Under this treaty Greece received an oral, if not a written, promise of a slice of Anatolia, about one-third the size of France. It was to stake out and occupy this territory, and not merely to hold Smyrna, that Venizelos sought and received permission to send troops across the Aegean last May.

President Wilson was probably not informed of the secret treaty of 1917 between Lloyd George and Venizelos. Even yet this treaty, as well as others dealing with Turkish territory, remains more or less a secret; but it is likely that within the next few weeks the British Prime Minister will be pressed for information about it in the House of Commons.

CATTLE ARE DEAR HUMANSARECHEAP

Turkish Women Auctioned At 15 Cents Apiece, Then Put To Work As Farm Animals

The higher the fewer might be applied to the matrimonial situation in Turkey, where the aristocratic ruler of the harem is not marrying quite so often these days, while on the other hand, his lower caste brother is gathering in all the spouses he can find at reduced rates because they help decrease the high cost of living.

This sounds like a paradox, but it is an absolutely true statement vouched for by none other than Professor J. P. Xenides, an official of the Near East Relief, who has devoted years to the study of social conditions in the Levant and who is constantly in close touch with representatives in Turkey, recently interviewed by the New York Herald.

BREAD DEAR: HUMANS CHEAP

The "Fair Price Committee" on Turkish wives announces that the latest quotation is about $1.35, present exchange rate, for a good looking woman. And they are plentiful, at that. At auction some of them have gone as low as fifteen cents apiece. The poor man finds it advantageous to purchase a lot and put them to work, their services netting him far more than the services of his farm animals.

"In many quarters expensive draft animals are being replaced by wives," says Professor Xenides in a cablegram received in New York. "The wives are expected to do the work and are bought for a song. Especially in the agricultural regions of the Ottoman Empire have the Paschas been forced to exchange costly donkey, horses and oxen for the more economical brides.

"Figures show, however," continues the Professor, still dealing with the mathematical study of this startling phase of Moslem family life, "that polygamy in Turkey is decreasing, notwithstanding the foregoing facts. This is because the wealthy Turk finds that his domestic happiness varies inversely with the number of women who grace his household."

WEALTHY ARE MONOGAMISTS

"He is happiest who is married least" is how the average well-to-do Turkish gentleman feels at present, the Professor explains.

"In these harems where the number of women is being reduced the reduction cannot be attributed to the rising cost of living," he adds. "It is the wealthy Turks who are espousing monogamy, while those who feel the pinch of hard times and the necessity of economy are augmenting their domestic retinue.

"From many sources we learn how cheaply a man may procure a Turkish maiden nowadays. Since the war there is a tremendous surplus of women in the Moslem nations. A man may buy a mate for less than he can a hat. And the cost of their maintenance is very low."

Corroborating Professor Xenides' statements are other Near East relief reports showing that wives are plentiful and cheap in Turkey and quoting the market price as around one pound, Turkish, for a fair type of woman. "Women not of the Moslem faith can be had for less money because they are now easier to obtain," states one of these reports.

PARENTS DISAPPOINTED

When Girls not Thrive.

In the matter of health and progress boys usually cause more worry than girls to parents, during the first ten years of life. Then things are reversed, as is apparent in almost any family.

As soon as they begin to enter their 'teens girls too often prove a disappointment as well as a worry to parents. Perhaps they are growing too fast, or lessons exhaust them. They turn peevish and irritable, become pale, thin and sickly, always seem to be ailing and likely to go into a decline.

A wise mother recognises these signs of anæmia. "Too little blood," she says to herself, "and blood that is as thin and pale as the girl herself." There's the cause of weakness and arrested development. The ailing, anæmic girl must have new, healthy blood and Dr. Williams' pink pills supply that need, as is well known by great numbers of mothers. As the new, rich blood made by Dr. Williams' pink pills nourishes every part of the system, so bloodless girls and young women become brighter. They regain their colour and charm, their eyes have the sparkle of health, they are no longer breathless and thin, but hearty and full of life. One of the earliest signs of this improvement is a keen appetite for meals and ability to digest food.

What has been done in countless cases of the kind in England, Canada, America, Australia, South Africa and other countries by Dr. Williams' pink pills can also be done for you and yours. The time to begin is now. Druggists everywhere sell Dr. Williams' pink pills; also post free, at $1.50 the bottle, $8 for six, from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

A postcard request will bring you a helpful booklet, "Plain Talks to Women," free.

Notice to Exporters of Egg Products

The American-Chinese Egg Drying Company, of Chicago, U. S. A., Engineers and Contractors for Complete Egg Drying Plants, of the latest improved methods, Spray Process, have opened permanent offices at 9a, Kiangse Road. Plans, specifications, and all information furnished upon request.

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Litho Inks	Scott Offest Presses
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Carbon Papers	Seybold Paper Cutters
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37 Canton Road, Shanghai.

Hongkong Branch, 19 Ice House St.

Electric Lamps

ONLY by the use of good material can you expect to reap good results. Take advantage of our long experience, and bring your electric lighting to its highest efficiency by using

Efficient Lamps

We have just received a large consignment of good, reliable electric lamps, of various candlepower, which are for sale at the following prices:—

16, 25, 32 and 50 c.p.	Tls. 0.30 each
100 c.p.	Tls. 1.10 each
200 c.p.	Tls. 2.20 each

MUNICIPAL ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT

Showrooms: 471-2 Nanking Road. Tel. Central 283.

BEWARE!—

that "just an ordinary cold" neglected, leads to this.

BE WARNED.

The careful housewife always keeps a bottle of BAYER'S ASPIRIN in the house ready for Emergency.

BAYER'S the original formula. Each tablet marked with Bayer Cross (as below) is the only genuine specific against colds, chills, rheumatism, influenza headaches, etc.

Refuse all substitutes under fancy names.

Sold by all High-class Chemists. Agents in China for

THE BAYER Co., Inc., New York. Muller Phipps & Hodges, Shanghai.

BAYER

FRENCH ELECTION IS HELD TODAY

Five vacancies on the French Municipal Council are to be filled by an election to be held today. Voting is to be from 8 o'clock this morning until 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Two of the vacancies are to be filled by French and three by citizens of other nations.

The names of those nominated are—Messrs. X. Dard (French), F. Schwyzer (non-French), A. Chapeau (French), J. W. Gallagher (non-French), and C. H. C. Platt (non-French). Messrs. Dard and Gallagher are retiring members. Four Land Commissioners have also to be elected at the same time, and for these positions four gentlemen have been nominated—Messrs. Ch. Barriere and F. Sallou (French) and A. L. Anderson and Albert Jost (non-French).

Chinese Illegally Held Is Released

This morning's Municipal Gazette will publish further correspondence between the Council and the Senior Consul on the question of the illegal detention at the Nantao District Criminal Court of the Chinese named Yu Tshung-ling, a resident of the Settlement and a client of Mr. M. L. Heen. The correspondence shows that the man has been finally released.

The letter confirming the release was written by Mr. Heen to the Council on December 29, 1919. It reads:

"As a result of the strong measures taken by the Council, my client Yu Tshung-ling was last Saturday, December 27, 1919, released from the custody of the Shun Pan Ting where he had been unlawfully detained for some months. My client is naturally grateful for all that has been done in his behalf and he is desirous of calling on you personally with this letter for the purpose of giving thanks to the Council.

Yours faithfully,
M. L. Heen.

N. O. Liddell, Esq.,
Secretary, Municipal Council.

China Political Notes From Chinese Papers

Tuchun Ni Shih-chun is critically ill and has instructed his secretariat to draft his final memorandum to the President. General Chiang Kwei-ti, Tartar-General of Jehol, is slated to succeed him.

On account of the opposition from British and American interests, the proposed arms loans from Italy has been dropped.

The property of the German Bank in Peking will be sold by public auction.

The rumors about a wholesale change among the Tuchuns are still current. The Government is expected to circularise a telegram to deny this. The Honan Provincial Assembly has wired to Peking to inquire whether or not Tuchun Chao Tiao will be removed. The Cabinet has replied in the negative.

It has been reported that Japan, following the ratification of the German Treaty of Peace, will assume the administration of its rights in Shantung. As no official notices has yet been served on Peking, the Government proposes to remain non-committal.

A meeting was held by the Joint Bureau of the General Staff and the Ministry of War to devise means of defending the border. In view of the crisis in Manchuli Station, it was decided to ask the three Eastern Provinces to despatch their Border Defense Forces to the scene.

Prince Cuan-mo of Tsinghai, accompanied by Tibetan lamas, is on his way to Peking. Tuchun Chen Sku-fang has informed Peking of his trip and asked that every courtesy be extended to him. In view of the importance of the Tibetan question and the fact that his coming will be of material benefit to the settlement, the Government will depute a special commission to entertain him.

It has been decided to establish a mint in Shanghai to be under the direct control of the Currency Bureau in Peking.

NEW ZEALAND WET BY NARROW MARGIN

(Reuter's Service)

Wellington ,N. Z., January 9.—The result of the licencing referendum was as follows:

For continuation of the present laws 241,000.

For state purchase and control 32,000.

For prohibition 270,000.

Consequently the absolute majority which is necessary to carry any change was not obtained and the present licencing system will continue.

Band Concert Sunday

Beethoven's sixth symphony, "Pastoral," will be played at the ninth concert of the Municipal Band at the Town Hall Sunday afternoon.

The complete program follows:

1.—Oxford-Symphony No. 16th G major ..... Haydn
(a) Adagio-Allegro Spiritoso
(b) Adagio
(c) Menuetto
(d) Presto

2.—(a) Gavotte and Rondo..Bach G major ..... Haydn
(c) Menuetto .. L. Boccherini

3.—Sixth Symphony: "Pastoral" or "Recollections of country life"
(a) Allegro ma non moto: "the awakening of cheerful feelings on arriving in the country"
(b) Andante con moto: "Scene at the Brook"
(c) Allegro: "Merry meeting of country folk"
(d) Allegro: "Thunderstorm, Tempest"
(e) Allegretto: "Song of the Shepherds: Glad and thankful feelings after the Storm" Beethoven

Maestro M. Paci,
Conductor.

Volunteer Corps

The following changes in rank of S.V.C. officers are announced in Municipal Gazette:

Shanghai Scottish.—The resignation of 2nd-Lieut. C. W. Porter, forwarded by the commandant, has been accepted by the Council with regret.

Upon the recommendation of the commandant, commissions as lieutenant are authorised for issue to the following gentlemen:

Artillery.—Mr. J. S. Hay.

Customs Co.—Mr. W. J. Leahy, M.C.

Benefit Given For King's Daughters

Vocal and piano numbers together with interpretive dancing by Madame B. Belikovitch made up the program at the Astor House last night for the benefit of the King's Daughters. The program was as follows:

Part I.

1. March—"The Russian Catastrophe" ..... Asher.
Mme. C. Belikovitch
2. (a)—"Studie" ..... Schubert.
(b)—"Studie" ... Mendelssohn.
(c)—"Valses" ..... Chopin.
Piano solo: E. Shillinge
3. Aria from Opera
(a)—"Eugene Anegin" ..... Tschaikovsky.
(b)—"Demon" .... Rubinstein.
(c)—"Angel" Romance ..... Ehrlich.
Solo: P. Grey
4. "Dance Anitra ..... Grieg.
Mme. B. Belikovitch
5. National Russian Songs.
Mme. N. Gan-Stalsky
6. "Pierret" ..... Song and Dance Duet.
Mme. Belikovitch and M. P. Grey.

Part II.

1. Concerto ..... E. Shillinge.
(a)—Allegro-Moderato.
(b)—Scherzo.
(c)—Allegro.
Piano-Solo: E. Shillings.
2. Aiesha ..... Lindsay.
Dance: Mme. C. Belkovitch.
3. Songs.
Mme. M. Ga-nStalsky.
4. "Russian Dance" ..... Tschaikovsky.
Mme. C. Belikovitch.
5. Russian Songs.
Solo: P. Grey.
6. "Direcoire" .... Ancient Polka.
Dance: Mme. C. Belkovitch.

Café au Lait (MILKMAID)

Choice Coffee, Full-Cream Milk, Sugar & blended in correct p oportions. Only boiling water required.

Leaves no "grounds" for complaint

SOLD BY ALL STORES Price in Shanghai for two sizes: 40 & 20 cts.

Many Changes In Municipal Staff

The following changes in the Municipal staff are announced in the Municipal Gazette today:

Fire Brigade.—The appointment of Supervising Fireman G. C. Barlett is confirmed under agreement from June 6.

Police Force.—J. A. Quayle, returned from war service, is reengaged as sergeant and is transferred to the Detective Branch from January 1.

Long leave is granted to Captain E. I. M. Barrett, assistant commissioner, from March 13.

Health Department.—Long leave is granted to Mr. E. O. Wilson, analyst and pharmacist, from April 10.

Public Works Department.—The appointment of Assistant Inspector E. Tompkins is confirmed under an agreement from January 1, 1920, terminable at three months' notice.

Mr. F. O. Amy is appointed assistant inspector on probation from January 9.

Long leave is granted to the following:

Mr. F. G. Helsby, assistant engineer, from January 26.

Mr. L. W. D. Hoffman, assistant land surveyor, from March 29.

Mr. R. C. Young, assistant architect, from April 12.

Mr. T. Thurnheer, Clerical assistant, from May 20.

Electricity Department.—Mr. G. W. Himus is appointed boiler house chemist under agreement from January 10.

Educational Department.—Miss R. Elwin is appointed temporarily as matron in the Public School for Girls, from January 1.

Long leave is granted to Miss F. M. Gaunt, matron in the Thomas Hanbury School for Girls, from January 28.

Finance Department.—The appointment of Mr. A. H. Campbell, assistant, is confirmed under agreement from January 1.

Revenue Office.—Long leave is granted to Collector J. J. H. Dearn, from March 29.

Mr. D. H. Fulton is appointed collector on three months' probation from January 12.

HALL & HOLTZ, LTD.

Tea Room now open

and

Ladies' Retiring Room

on first floor.

Two Lifts running to all floors.

Every facility for the comfort of our Customers.

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TRUXHUN 2 TON TRUCKS
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"GET-RED-TO-THE-ROAD" TYRES.

89-91 Rue Montauban. Telephone C. 322

Berlin Government Reported Overturned

A New York telegram to Messrs. Mitsui and Co. says that there is a revolution in Germany and the Government has been overthrown according to the Eastern news agency.

Shanghai Rifle Association

MONTHLY CIRCULAR

The annual general meeting of the Shanghai Rifle Association will be held in the Town Hall on Tuesday, January 27, at 5:45 p.m.

The "Nestle's" Cup: (second competition): This will be held on Thursday January 22, at 6:30 a.m. The proceeds of this competition will be donated to the Rumanian Relief Fund. Entries close on Wednesday, 21st inst. at 5 p.m. Entrance fee, $1.

January monthly competitions: These will be held concurrently with the "Nestle's" Cup. Scores made at 200 and 500 yards will count for the 1st competition and scores made at 500 and 600 yards will count for the 2nd monthly competition.

The "Benevolent Fund" Shield (sixth competition): This will be held on Thursday, January 29 at 7 a.m. Range 700 yards. Entries close on Wednesday, January 28, at 5 p.m. The competition, this month, is open to those who have permits to shoot at long ranges. Entrance fee, $1. The proceeds of this competition will be donated to the Rumanian Relief Fund.

Basketball

Following the league game between Song Service (A) and Nanyang College (A) teams at the Chinese Y.M.C.A. gymnasium Saturday night, there will be an exhibition game between the Song Service (B) and Navy fives. The first game will be at eight o'clock.

"Who are the agents?"

This familiar query will be answered by this

LIST OF LOCAL AGENTS

Appearing in this Newspaper on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday

ABRASIVE COMPOUNDS
The Carborundum Company
American Trading Co.

ADDING MACHINES
Burroughs Adding Machine Co.
Adding, Bookkeeping, Calculating
Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Rd.
Dalton Adding Machine Co.,
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.
Sundstrand Adding & Listing Machine
Barrett Adding-Listing-Computer
Golden Gem Adders
The Office Appliance Co., 22 Nanking Rd.

ALUMINUM WARE
Illinois Pure Aluminum Co.
Willits & Patterson

ANESTHETICS
Procaine (Novocain)
Rector Chemical Co.
American Trading Co.

BALL BEARINGS
The Chinese S.K.F Co., Ltd.

BANDAGES, CREPE PAPER
Dennistan's
American Trading Co.

BEER
Asahi Beer
The Dai Nippon Brewery Co., Ltd.

BELTING
Edward R. Ladew Co.,
American Trading Co.
Gandy Belting Co. (Baltimore)
Arnhold Brothers & Co., Ltd.
John Tullis & Son, Ltd.
Arnhold Brothers & Co.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

BOILERS
Erie City Iron Works
American Trading Co.

BOOKS & PUBLICATIONS
D. Appleton & Co., (Miscellaneous);
Barse & Hopkins (Children's & Novelties);
Badger (Gorham Press), (Miscellaneous);
The Century Co., (Miscellaneous);
E. J. Clode Pub. Co., (Miscellaneous);
Dodd Mead & Co. (Miscellaneous);
G. H. Doran & Co. (Miscellaneous);
Doubleday, Page & Co. (Sets & Miscell);
Funk & Wagnalls (New Standard Dictionary Literary Digest New 10 vol "History of the World War." Self-help English books.)
The Grolier Society (The Book of Knowledge)
Grosset & Dunlap, (Popular fiction);
Harper Bros. (Sets & Miscellaneous);
Houghton, Mifflin & Co. (Miscellaneous);
Laird & Lee, Inc., (Diaries);
Little, Brown & Co., (Miscellaneous);
J. B. Lippincott & Co., (Medical);
McGraw-Hill Pub. Co (Engineering);
The Ronald Press, (Business)
W. B. Saunders Co., (Medical);
Chas. Scribner's & Sons, (Miscellaneous);
F. A. Stokes Co. (Miscellaneous);
Chinese American Publishing Co.,
American Library Association
American Technical Society
Comstock Publishing Co. (Scientific)
Columbia University Press
Ginn & Co.
Gregg Publishing Co. (Shorthand)
D. C. Heath & Co.
The Macmillan Co.
Yale University Press
Edward Evans' Sons, Ld.
American Book Company, New York
Denoyer-Geppert Co., Chicago (Maps)
G. & C. Merriam Co., Springfield
Macmillan & Co., London
The Macmillan Company, New York
The University of Chicago Press
The Mission Book Company

BOOKS, TECHNICAL & BUSINESS
International Library of Technology
Internat'l. Correspondence Schools

BOOTS & SHOES
Brown Shoe Co.
Willits & Patterson
F. Mayer Boot & Shoe Co.
The Menihan Co.,
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.

BOTTLES, HOT WATER, METAL
Gillette Mfg. Co.
American Trading Co.

BUILDERS' HARDWARE
Chicago Spring Butt Co. (Spring Hinges)
United Specialties Mfg. Co. (Auto. Sash Adj.)
Yale & Towne Mfg. Co.,
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.

BUILDING MATERIALS
Wm. Morris & Co., Ld.
Arnhold Brothers & Co., Ld.
Truscon Steel Co.
American Trading Co.

BUILDINGS, SECTIONAL STEEL
Truscon Steel Co.
American Trading Co.

BUTTER
Heyman—Australian & Danish
Mustard & Co.

CALCULATING MACHINES
Marchants, Monroes, Millionaires
The Office Appliance Co., 22 Nanking Rd.

CANDLES
Price's (China) Ltd.
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.

CANVAS & TARPAULIN
Goodin Reid & Co., New York
China Mutual Trading Co.

CASH REGISTERS
National Cash Register Co.
American Trading Co.

CHECK PROTECTORS
The Protectograph & Check Writer
Technical Supply Co., 11e Nanking Rd.

CIGARS & CIGARETTES
Golden Cigars
British-American Tob. Co. (China) Ld.
Kyriazi Freres, Cairo
Wallem & Co.
Melachrino: M. Melachrino & Co., Inc.
Tobacco Products Corporation
Naturals: Sebinaai Bros.
Tobacco Products Corporation

CONFECTIONERY
Life Saver Mints
Willits & Patterson

CONVEYING MACHINERY
Brown Portable Elevator Co.
American Trading Co.

CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS
International Correspondence Schools
China Agency, 11e Nanking Rd.

CUTLERY
Wm. A. Rogers, Ltd., (Silverware)
Willits & Patterson

DICTATING MACHINES
The Dictaphone Co. of America
Technical Supply Co. 11e Nanking Rd.
Ediphone Dictating Machines
The Office Appliance Co., 22 Nanking Rd.

DISINFECTANTS
American Drug Co
42 Nanking Road
B. K. General Laboratories
American Trading Co.
Lifebuoy Royal Disinfectant Soap.
Lever Bros. (China) Ltd.

DISINFECTORS
American Sterilizer Co.
American Trading Co.

DRAPERIES, LINENS, ETC.
Catlin & Co., New York
Wm. Simpson Sons & Co., New York
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.

DRUGS & CHEMICALS
Allen & Hanburys, Ltd.
40 Canton Rd.
American Drug Co.
42 Nanking Road
Ralph L. Fuller & Co., New York
China Mutual Trading Co.
H. K. Mulford Co.
Rector Chemical Co.
American Trading Co.
National Aniline & Chem. Co., Inc.
The Shanghai Dispensary

DUPLICATING MACHINES
American Multigraph Co.
Technical Supply Co., 11e Nanking Rd.
Edison-Dick Mimeograph
Mustard & Co.
Ideal Stencil Machine Co.
Willits & Patterson
Roneo Duplicator & Copier
Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Rd.
Rotary & Modern Duplicators
The Office Appliance Co., 22 Nanking Rd.

DYES
Ralph L. Fuller & Co., New York
China Mutual Trading Co.
Grasselli-Hayer
Sonn Brothers Co.
Society of Chemical Industry in Basle
J. Meisin, 11 Av. Edouard VII.
Sunset Soap Dyes
American Trading Co.
Newport Chemical Works
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
National Aniline & Chem. Co., Inc.
Hd. Office for China, 14 Canton Rd.

ELECTRICAL DEVICES,
Anylite Electric Co. (Dimmers)
China Investment & Trading Co.
Gant & Co., Ltd., (Electric Clocks)
Scott, Harding & Co.

ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES
British Insulated & Helsby Cables, Ltd.
Scott Harding & Co.
Duncan Electrical Co.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Sangamo Electric Co.
Weston Electrical Instrument Co.
Ashida Engineering Co., Ltd
Belden Mfg. Co. (Wires & Cables)
Luminous Unit Co., (Brascolite)
Hart & Hegeman M'f'g. Co. (Wiring Devices)
Lux Mfg. Co. (Nitrogen Lamps)
Niagara Searchlight Co. (Flashlights)
China Investment & Trading Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

ELECTRIC LT. & POWER PLTS.
Allis Chalmers Mfg. Co.
American Trading Co.
Marco Light
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Siemens Ltd., London.
China Mutual Trading Co.
Unilectric Corp. (Unit Electric Plants)
China Investment & Trading Co., Inc.

ENGINES, BOILERS, STEAM
Allis Chalmers Mfg. Co.
American Trading Co.

ENGINES, GAS & OIL
Nelson Bros. Co.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Wolverine Marine Motors
American Trading Co.
Ruston—T. E. M. A.
Scripps—T. E. M. A.
Bronn—T. E. M. A.

EXPANDED METAL
General Fireproofing Co.
Arnhold Brothers & Co., Ltd.
Truscon Steel Co.
American Trading Co.

FILTERS
Slack & Brownlow, Ltd.
Mustard & Co.

FIRE EXTINGUISHERS
Boyd Fire Extinguisher,
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.
Fyre-Fyter Co.
Dodge & Seymour
Pyrene Mfg. Co.
Mustard & Co.
Hollandia—T. E. M. A.

FLOOR PRESERVATIVES
Truscon Laboratories
American Trading Co.

GLASS
Hires Turner Glass Co.
China Investment & Trading Co., Inc.
Pilkington Bros., Ltd.
Scott Harding & Co
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

GRAMOPHONES
Cortina Languages Outfits
Chung Hwa Book Co., Ltd.
The New Edison Phonograph,
J. A. S. Alves, 1a Jinkee Rd.

HARDWARE
Russel & Irwin Mfg. Co.
China Investment & Trading Co., Inc.
Chicago Spring Butt Co. (Spring Hinges)
United Specialties Mfg. Co. (Auto. Sash Adj.)
Yale & Towne Mfg. Co.
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

HEATING DEVICES
D. Moore & Co.,
American Trading Co.
Southard-Robertson Co. (Stoves),
Mustard & Company.
Therox Stoves & Alcohol Fuel Cubes
Willits & Patterson.

INKS, PRINTING
Geo. H. Morrill Co.,
American Trading Co.

INSTRUMENTS, SCIENTIFIC
Cambridge Scientific Instrument Co.,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.

INSURANCE, ACC. & SICK.
Ocean Accident Insurance Co.,
American Trading Co.
Commercial Union, 4 The Bund

INSURANCE, FIRE
Assicurazioni Generali
G. A. Renn, 44 Szechuen Rd,
Employers Liability Assurance Corp., Ltd.,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Motor Union Insurance Co., Ltd.,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Queen Insurance Co.,
American Trading Co.
Scottish Union & National Ins. Co.,
Batavia Sea & Fire Ins. Co.,
Norwegian Atlas Ins. Co.,
Rayner, Heusser & Co., Tel. 898,
Commercial Union, 4 The Bund
The Norwegian Lloyd Ins. Co., Ld.

INSURANCE, LIFE
Commercial Union, 4 The Bund

INSURANCE, MARINE
Assicurazioni Generali,
G. A. Renn, 44 Szechuen Rd,
Batavia Sea & Fire Ins. Co.,
Rayner, Heusser & Co., Tel. 898,
Employers Liability Assurance Corp., Ltd.,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Phoenix Assurance Co.,
American Trading Co.
Commercial Union, 4 The Bund
The Norwegian Lloyd Ins. Co., Ltd.

INSURANCE, MOTOR CAR.
Commercial Union, 4 The Bund

INSURANCE, MISCELLANEOUS
Commercial Union, 4 The Bund

IRON MERCHANTS
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.

LEATHER
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.

LEATHER SUBSTITUTE
Dupont's Fabrikoid,
Sonn Brothers Co.

LIFTS
Otis Elevator Co.,
American Trading Co.
Smith, Major & Stevens, Ltd,
Scott Harding & Co.

LIGATURES & SUTURES.
American Drug Co.
42 Nanking Road
Davis & Geck,
American Trading Co.

LOCKS
Yale & Towne Mfg. Co
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.

MACHINE TOOLS
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

MACHINERY, CEREAL MILLING
Allis Chalmers Mfg. Co.,
American Trading Co.
Sprout Waldron & Co.,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Edward Maurer Co.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

MACHINERY, CONCRETE
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

MACHINERY, ICE MAKING
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News and Views in the World of Books

Bernard Shaw As A War Casualty

By John Corbin

Heartbreak House, Great Catherine, And Playlets Of The War. By Bernard Shaw. New York: Brentano's.

Not all the casualties of the war are on the official lists. Many who stayed behind were as completely shot to pieces as those who got into the thick of things in France. The maiming was intellectual and spiritual to be sure, but that does not make it less serious. In the decades before the war, thought was of two kinds, sharply distinguished. The simply wise managed to think of the world as it is—a place still ruled by primal passions, which may be beautiful or malignant, according as they are interpreted and directed. To them the war came as a normal phenomenon, however baleful and hideous. The less simply wise viewed the world through the medium of fixed ideas. The ideas were interesting — beautiful, perhaps— yet they were the expression of personal hopes and desires, rather than of any reality which exists or which is presently possible the ideas of a social utopia. To these folk the war came as a gigantic paradox, which, unless it could be proved a paradox, left all that they were and stood for a mangled corpse.

"Heartbreak House" and the "Playlets of the War" reveal Bernard Shaw in the attitude of justifying his antebellum self. For twenty years he had railed at family affection, at the fond idealism of young love, at the beauty and the ennoblement of self-sacrifice, at the heroism of war, at the sacred fires of patriotism—at everything, in short, that stood against the realisation of his socialistic theory. Traditional England especially as the hotbed of all these things, had been the butt of his satiric shafts, and now suddenly the world that had laughed at his intellectual farces, half believing their drastic indictment, was aflame with all the passions he had scouted and flouted. The skies were lit with a glow, in the midst of which his long celebrated "brilliancy" was not even a point of light. In the first year of the war he flooded the press with his incoherent declamations—until, all too tardily, it dawned upon the world, which had once listened with bated breath, that he had really nothing to say, except that in general England was wrong, the war was wrong, and he was right. Even that was said with less than his customary incisiveness and assurance.

The present volume is mainly made up of efforts to deliver the same message in dramatic form. Here is what he says in a preface under the heading "War Delirium":

"Only those who have lived through a first-rate war, not in the field but at home, and kept their heads, can possibly understand the bitterness of Shakespeare and Swift, who both went through this experience. The horror of Peer Gynt in the madhouse, when the lunatics, exalted by illusions of splendid talent and visions of a dawning millennium, crowned him as their emperor, was tame in comparison. I do not know whether any one really kept his head completely. . . . . I should not have kept my own (as far as I did keep it) if I had not at once understood that as a scribe and speaker I was under the most serious public obligation to keep my grip on realities."

Shakespeare and Swift may have been crowned emperor by a war-delirious world. History does not say. But if that dread experience came to the third in this alliteration of genius, Mr. Shaw should tell us about it. It was not because of any of these plays, which all met with obloquy —or, what is worse, with indifference.

"Heartbreak House" was begun "when not a shot had been fired," with the purpose (avowed after the war) of portraying "cultured, leisured Europe before the war." Its method is that of Tchekov in "The Cherry Orchard," "Uncle Vanya" and "The Seagull." Such old-fashioned things as dramatic plot and climax are abhorred. There is not even a central theme—only a unifying atmosphere of amiable futility. The motley of eccentric character is your only wear, the tossing of variegated baubles your only pastime. The result is somewhat less interesting, less convincing than in Tchekov—who did really have something to say, especially in "The Cherry Orchard." All the old Shavian phantasmagoria of character is in the play—the hardware ingenue, who has forged her emotions into the similitude of a keg of nails; the conventional English woman, preposterously proper; the amiable and sympathetic matron, tyrannising every one through the affections; the grossly vulgarian capitalist, and the farcico-melodramatic burglar. The only fresh touch is in an old man, a whimsically wise pretending dotard. For the rest, Shaw has done these people all before and done them much better. In his best vein he is more interesting, stimulating, than Tchekov, though perhaps less an artist.

The war enters only at the final curtain, in the explosion of a bomb from a boche raider—sound and fury, signifying nothing. And what is the meaning of the title? "When your heart is broken," says the hardware heroine, "your boats are burned: nothing matters any more. It is the end of happiness and the beginning of peace." It is one of those profound observations occasionally to be met in Shaw, which show like pure gold in a world of tinsel. But, as usual, it is a wayside flower, scarcely noted as the talk speeds onward. Duly considered, it has the depth of true tragedy and its spiritual inspiration, but the hearts of these people in the play do not in the least touch upon or appertain to it. At the final curtain the farcico-melodramatic burglar and the vulgarian capitalist are obliterated by the German bomb. "Both gone!" some one says, with perhaps a touch of seriousness. "But what a glorious experience!" says the sympathetic matron, and expresses a wish that the Germans may "come again tomorrow night." The hardware heroine, "radiant at the prospect," echoes, "Oh, I hope so!"

The "Playlets of the War" show Shaw in the act of keeping his "grip on realities" in obedience to his duty as "a scribe and speaker." That great act consists, of course, in warping all the passions of a world in arms, so that they might jibe with the ideas of the factitious cosmos in which Shaw had hitherto lived. The thing that brought to normal millions an unimaginable effort, inspired by simple devotion and willing sacrifice, moved him chiefly to an effort of self-justification. In "The Inca of Perusalem," the Inca (who is none other than the Kaiser) says: "For years I gave [my people] art, literature science, prosperity, that they might live more abundantly; and they hated me, ridiculed me, caricatured me. Now I give them death in its frightfullest forms, they are devoted to me. If you doubt me, ask those who for years have begged our taxpayers in vain for a few paltry thousands to spend on Life, on the bodies and minds of the nation's children, on the beauty and healthfulness of the nation's cities, on the honor and comfort of its worn-out workers. They refused: and because they refused, death is let loose on them."

Thus the all-highest war lord becomes a Shavian Socialist-pacifist, and the great war a flagellation of divine justice visited upon a world that refused to follow him to Utopia.

Of "O'Flaherty, V. C.," Shaw tells us that it was written to aid in volunteer recruiting in Ireland which the English had "badly bungled" by making an appeal to the love of free institutions, and a hatred of tyranny.

O'Flaherty is represented as a natural coward, who in his youth had been beaten into bravery by his mother, and who had done his great deed in France only because it was the sole means by which he could save his own skin. The argument which Shaw urges for enlisting is not glory or honor in France, but the chance of escaping the ugliness of life in Ireland —and especially from kith and kin. "No one will ever know how many men joined the army in 1914 and 1915 to escape from tyrants and taskmasters, termagants and shrews, none of whom are any the less irksome when they happen by ill-luck to be also our fathers, our mothers, our wives, and our children." And O'Flaherty, like the Kaiser, is a Shavian Socialist. "No war is right, and all the holy water that Father Quinlan ever blessed couldn't make one right. You'll never have a quiet world till you knock the patriotism out of the human race."

"Augustus Does His Bit" lampoons the English recruiting officer, epitomising in the preposterous person of Augustus the stupidity, arrogance, and inefficiency of the traditional and unsocial Briton. These are all bad pictures, however you look on them. But they are saddest, at least from the Shavian point of view, when one remembers that in the end unsocial England and her allies triumphed over the social Kaiser, that the recruiting service mustered five millions of volunteers even while neglecting the aid and advice which Shaw so volubly offered.

This breakdown of Shaw's mentality when confronted by the war is worth noting as characteristic of the breakdown of the entire body of Socialist-pacifist thought. When civilisation is stirred to the depths the "advanced" sociology has little or nothing to offer. The Socialist Party itself was shot to pieces, as Shaw was. For the crisis was met and the victory won in the age-old manner—as primitive as it is glorious. From the point of view of dramatic criticism also the riddling of Shaw is noteworthy. That his portrayal of the elemental instincts is shallow and perverse has always been evident to those who would see; now the fact is demonstrated as signally as such a fact can be. At the touch of the great reality, all the piers and buttresses of his thought crumbled. What remains? Enough to place Shaw definitely in the forefront of English writers for the theater; for the piers and buttresses of thought have nothing to do with this dramatist, whose works are sheer humoresque fancy soaring aloft on the wings of their own airiness and irresponsibility.

Of this the remaining piece in the volume is ample witness. "Great Catherine" takes us to the Russia of 1776, and it has in full measure the sublimated fantasy, the grotesque satire, the intellectual burlesque of Shaw at his happiest. And it succeeded on the stage as signally as the playlets of the war failed. It is not the very best of Shaw; but it reminds us of his best very vividly—his subtlety in depicting superficial character, the veiled kindness of his heart, the shy sweetness of his philosophic temper, which contrasts so strangely with the arrogance of his unphilosophic sociology. One is tempted to say indeed that Shaw has all the gifts that can possess a mortal dramatist in whom the simple, strong impulses of the heart are so conspicuously lacking.

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Prof. Tsen Yih-zan's "Model English Readers—Book II," issued by the Commercial Press is a veritable multum in parvo, embracing within the brief compass of three hundred pages a textbook on reading, grammar, word form and idiom, a drill on the formation of sentences, a manual of conversation, a phonetic dictionary, specimens of letter-writing, a picture album, and a small summary of foreign customs and ideals. This book represents many hours of the most painstaking effort on the part of the author. It has the decided advantage of basing the grammar and other explanations on the material studied in each lesson, instead of studying it as an abstract and unrelated subject. The same is true of the conversations. They do not introduce new material to bewilder the student, but drill him on the material at hand and thus help him to assimilate it before taking an advance step. This is one of the most important principles in acquiring a spoken knowledge of any language.

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A girl, young and very beautiful, flashed into Rogar Sands' compartment on the Santa Fe Limited and quickly closed the door. She was evidently in very great trouble and from the moment the words, "Oh, do help me. . . . there's a man . . . . ." fell from her lips, Sands' fate was sealed for all time. Starting with the incident on the train, the strange and romantic experiences of Roger Sands with the beautiful lady of mystery continue to baffle the wits of the reader and pique his curiosity until the very end of the book where all is settled quite as it should be in a C. N. and A. M. Williamson tale of mystery and love. (Chinese American Pub. Co.)

GERARD WRITES NEW BOOK

(*Reuter's Wireless Service*)

Paris, January 13.—Mr. J. W. Gerard, former American Ambassador at Berlin, has written a new book entitled "My mission in Japan" in which he discusses Japan's effort to bridge the gulf between Eastern and Western culture.

MARINE CHANGES OF WEEK

The following changes in the merchant service took place during the week:

China Merchants' Steam Navigation Company—from short leave, Mr. E. Strandall, to chief officer of the Kiangteen; from sick leave, Mr. Wm. Bowden, to second engineer of the Kiangteen; from home leave, Mr. A. P. Craneton, to chief engineer of the Haean; Mr. S. Kolesnick appointed third engineer of the Hsintah; third engineer of the Hsintah, Mr. H. E. Swine, to second engineer, second engineer of the Hsintah, Mr. James Nicoll, to the Toonan; acting second engineer of the Toonan, Mr. E. Berthet, to third engineer of the Hsinming.

Indo-China Steam Navigation Company—from reserve, Mr. J. Gray, to acting master of the Tuckwo; master of the Tuckwo, Mr. C. Campbell, to hospital; from reserve, Mr. E. M. Evans, to supernumerary chief officer of the Luenho; acting second officer of the Luenho, Mr. D. J. Corcoran, to supernumerary second officer of the Hangsang.

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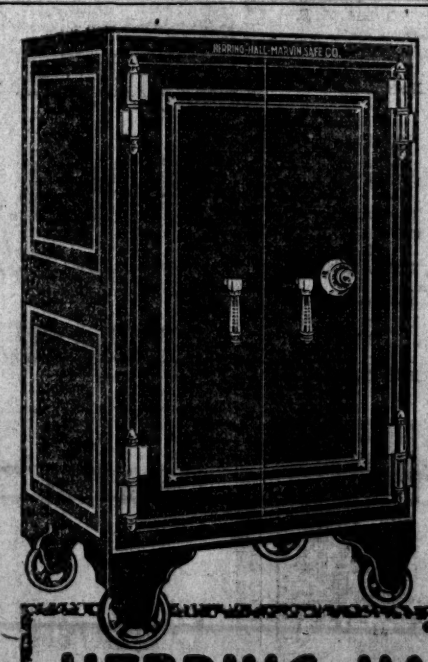

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US BOYS — No Wonder Skinny Feels Hurted — By McNamara

I HEAR YOU HAVE BEEN TO THE "SAMATARIUM" TO SEE VAN! - HOW IS THE "DEAH" CHAP?
GREAT! - I BRANG HIM DOWN SOME BREAD AND BUTTER AND SUGAR YESTERDAY, BUT I DIDN'T TALK TO HIM. HE WAS ASLEEPIN'!
DID HE EAT THE BREAD AND BUTTER AND SUGAR?
YOU BET, THE "SAMATARIUM" CALLED ME UP THIS MORNIN' AND SAID VAN SAID TO TELL ME HE EATED IT WITH GUSTO!
ISN'T THAT NICE!
I HOPE I DIDN'T LET ON TO EMILY, BUT I'M A LITTLE BIT JEALOUS!
I BRANG THAT BREAD AND BUTTER AND SUGAR TO VAN HISSELF AND THEN HE GOES AND LETS GUS TOW EAT IT WITH HIM!
WHAT RIGHT'S HE GOT EATIN' ANY OF VAN'S BREAD AND BUTTER AND SUGAR, I'D LIKE TO KNOW?
TOM MCNAMARA

Far Eastern News Notes

Wood For U. S. President
View Of Tientsin Chamber

From the North China Star of January 9: Major General Wood is the most popular man for President of the United States, according to a straw vote taken yesterday at the annual meeting of the American Chamber of Commerce of Tientsin.

While the election spirit was rife and the members were awaiting the counting of ballots on their own officers, Mr. Joseph F. Ellis suggested that a straw vote be taken for the next President of United States who is to be chosen next November. The suggestion met with general approval and the balloting began.

To assure an impartial count Mr. G. T. Poole, the only British member of the Chamber, eligible as representing the American firm of Chandless and Company, was unanimously chosen teller. The result of the balloting was Wood, 36 votes; Wilson, 11; Johnson, 7; Taft, 3; Fitzgerald, 1; Lowden, 1; and McAdoo, 1.

Hot Weather Record
Is Set In Philippines

Says the Manila Daily Bulletin of January 2:

The year 1919 was a year of weather extremes in which many earlier records of the weather bureau were surpassed. The total annual rainfall, 154.37 inches, is a record rainfall for Manila, with 109.97 inches of it within a period of 30 days in July and August, while each month's record shows some rainfall, starting with 26 inches in January and ending with 1.01 inches in December.

In temperature records, during the period from 1880 to 1919 only three times was there recorded in May a mixmum temperature higher than the absolute maximum of 99.9 degrees Fahrenheit of May 12 and May 13 of 1919. In 1889 and in 1912, a maximum of 100.9 degrees was recorded and in 1915 the maximum record was 101.5 degrees.

The average temperature for May, 1919 was 96.08 degrees which is 3.42 degrees above normal. The month recorded a rainfall of 5.68 inches. It was characterised throughout by extreme heat. June, too, remained dry and hot but in the latter part of July and all through August the flood gates of the heavens were opened and where the country was parched with drouth during the mid-summer, it was threatened with total inundation during the early autumn.

French Pearl Buyer
Seeks Canton Gems

From the Canton Times of January 5:

Big transactions in pearl are taking place in Canton, with the arrival of Mr. J. Habid, a French jeweller, who has come to this city for the express purpose of buying those precious gems. An instance of the wide awakeness of the Canton pearl merchants was shown by the fact that Mr. Habid's coming was not announced in advance, yet he had hardly arrived before he was met at his hotel by many pearl merchants. It is said that some of the pearls offered for sale are very, very old, they having been handed down from family to family as heirlooms. Of course they cost a whole lot, but they are old, the merchants say.

Manila Will Rush
Mountain Health Resort

From the Manila Daily Bulletin of January 2:

The six members of the house of representatives who visited Baguio during the holidays came back to Manila enthusiastic about the place and its possibilities. Representative Virata, of Cavite, who was one of them, said that he and his colleagues who were with him are in favor of spending additional money on developing Baguio and Sibul springs as tourist and health resorts.

Plans for Sibul springs are already made and the work begun. There is money available to carry the project to completion.

As to Baguio, the representatives mentioned are willing to support any reasonable proposals for making the place attractive to travelers and convenient and inviting to people resident in the lowlands, while at the same time they feel that the fruit and vegetables which can be grown at Baguio should be produced in sufficient quantities for the market demands of the islands.

Those who were in the party are Representatives Mariano P. Leuterio, Emilio P. Virata, Vicente Ocampo, Agapito Ignacio, Jose Urquieta, Miguel Concepcion and E. K. Fernandez, member of the Hawaiian legislature, who was a guest of the Filipino legislators.

Chinese Junk Crew
Are Victims Of Pirates

Says the Hongkong Telegraph of January 6: A report has reached the Police of a piratical outrage perpetrated on a Hongkong trading junk on New Year's Day. The junk, with a crew of fourteen, was sailing in the Hoi Ping Bay, in Chinese waters, when she was intercepted by a large junk which drew alongside. The nature of the strange vessel was not left in doubt for long for a murderous volley soon issued from her which produced heavy casualties amongst the crew of the trading junk. Two of the crew were killed and two wounded. In spite of the fact that they were well armed the people of the trading junk offered no active resistance The bodies of the men who were killed by the fire of the pirates were thrown overboard after which the men proceeded to transfer the cargo of fish to their own vessel. Several rifles and muskets and quantity of jewelery and other property were also taken from the trading junk. Their work completed the pirates sailed away leaving their victims to make their way as best they could back to Hongkong.

Shantung Police Brawl
Laid To Anfu Club

Says the North China Star of January 8: The Tientsin Mass-meeting Committee and People's Union have sent telegrams to similar organisations throughout the entire country accusing the Anfu Club of constantly hindering government officials in the execution of their duties. Especially, the message states, is their interference evident in Shantung where men are influenced by means of bribery and power, and the club is stated to openly unite interests with the Japanese to oppress the people and break up patriotic movements. The recent theater stamped by the police in an effort to terrify the students is attributed to the club's influence. All recipients of the message are asked to arise and oppose the club.

Japanese New Year
Decoration Explained

From the Canton Times of January 3: The Japanese colony in Canton is celebrating its own New Year's Day, which falls on teh same day as that of the Christian Calendar. The Japanese celebration extends to January 2 and 3. A distinctive feature of the observance is the decoration at the entrance door Japanese homes with a big lobster in a background of pine twigs and rice straws. A Japanese gentleman explained the meaning of the lobster, the pine twigs and the rice straws. He said that they stood for a very happy and prosperous New Year. Rice is the staff of life in the Orient, thereby the prominence of the rice straws in the decoration. The lobster and the pine twigs are symbols of the wealth from the sea and the mountains respectively.

Kaiser's Extradition About To Be Sought

(Reuter's Wireless Service)

Paris, January 13.—It is stated that the Allies are about to demand the extradition of the ex-Kaiser from Holland. It is thought that Holland will inform the ex-Kaiser that he had better leave Holland voluntarily.

Passengers Arrived

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Suwa Maru from Seattle and ports: Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Harris and 4 children, Misses T. Wingard, B. and A. Smallman, Mr. and Mrs. G. N. Bendall, Mr. and Mrs. E. V. Jessen, Mr. and Mrs. Timm, Lieut. and Mrs. F. S. Tocher, Capt. and Mrs. J. L. H. Paterson and child, Dr. J. B. Saunders, Messrs. R. H. Ball, H. Fingensen, V. Izrail, M. Lipkovsky, T. Solomon, C. W. Marshall, Chio Shao-ming; through passengers for Manila: Mr. J. Bordman, Mr. and Mrs. E. I. Doty; for Hongkong: Mrs. M. L. Bredell, Capt. and Mrs. R. Garland, Capt. and Mrs. C. R. Sayer and infant, Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Swain, Capt. J. H. Gordon, Capt. and Mrs. G. Moir, Capt. and Mrs. A. J. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. White, Major and Mrs. P. F. Smith, Major and Mrs. W. F. N. Bridge, Mrs. B. Wilson, Miss M. Bell, Lt. and Mrs. E. S. Willbourne, Lt. and Mrs. N. W. Patton, Lt. and Mrs. W. M. K. Rittendrigh and infant, Lt. and Mrs. G. D. Barron, Lt. and Mrs. R. B. Murray, Lt. and Mrs. G. Lonadale and 2 children, Mrs. O. Whittmarsh and child, Mr. and Mrs. B. Rottechfer and 3 children, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Inneret, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Sulman, Dr. G. B. Archer, Miss R. W. and Mrs. J. W. Conklin, Messrs. J. Bredell, C. P. Sjolander, R. D. Barney, R. M. K. Simpson.

Per P.M. s.s. Colombia from San Francisco and ports: Mr. and Mrs. C. Banigan, Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Brockman, Miss M. Black, Capt. and Mrs. W. I. Bisler, Mrs. R. and Mstr. E. Foster, Mrs. L. H. Garlington, Misses M. M. Geran, M. Klose, Mrs. F. Jacoby, Mrs. S. B. and Miss K. Mapp, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. and Miss M. McRae, Dr. and Mrs. W. W. and Mstr. H. Peter, Misses J. and M. Peter, Mrs. H. S. Robertson, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Sprague, Rev. and Mrs. P. Stephens, Messrs. H. G. Barnett, Chang Fong-chun, Loy Chang, V. A. Grodsky, C. W. Harvey, P. Jong, R. W. Keightley, Ed. W. King, M. Chas Schner; through passengers for Manila: Misses J. Armand, E. J. Lindgren, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. and Miss G. Geach, Mr. and Mrs. H. Eichheim, Mrs. J. A. Hartford, Major and Mrs. W. S. and Mstr. Wm. E. Hatch, Messrs. G. Alon, S. G. Averell, M. Babasa, E. W. Conant, C. K. Ford, C. H. Manlin, J. B. Hedges, M. Lichauco, C. U. Marrin, T. J. Michel, W. G. Moore, Wm. Schulz, R. R. Womack, F. D. Yost; for Hongkong: Mrs. E. W. and Miss O. Dunrschmidt, Mrs. A. L. Fernandes, Mrs. M. J. and Miss C. Hofman, Mstr. J. Hofman, Mrs. G. Hubbell, Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Cavago, Mstr. A. Savake, Miss R. Sperry, Mrs. J. M. Swan, Messrs. J. E. Alkin, F. S. Hale, G. A. Lawrence, F. H. Lysons, J. D. Wilkinson.

Per C.M. s.s. Kiangwah from Hankow: Rev. Father Thoemsfen.

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It was only after years of research in the fields of herbs and roots for a combination of purely vegetable matter that would have all the virtues of Castor Oil, without its disagreeable, nauseating properties, especially when used for infants or children, that the formula used in Fletcher's Castoria was found, and which for over 30 years has proven its worth. Try it.

Save the Babies.

Infantry mortality is something frightful. We can hardly realise that of all the children born in civilised countries, twenty-two per cent., or nearly one quarter die before they reach one year, thirty-seven per cent., or more than one-third, before they are five, and one half before they are fifteen! We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save many of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity, they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestion, sickness, death. To avoid any possibility of giving your child opiates, or narcotics of any kind, keep Fletcher's Castoria in the house, and Save the Babies.

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IF You have that constant itching and inflammation of Piles.

IF You are in the grip of Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Gout, &c.

All these are sure signs of clogging blood impurity, calling for immediate treatment through the blood, so don't waste your time and money on useless lotions and messy ointments which cannot get below the surface of the skin. What you want, and what you must have to be permanently cured, is a medicine that will thoroughly free the blood of the poisonous matter which alone is the true cause of all your suffering. Clarke's Blood Mixture is just such a medicine. It is composed of ingredients which quickly attack, overcome, and expel from the blood all impurities (from whatever cause arising), and by rendering it clean and pure, can be relied on to effect a complete and lasting cure.

THE TRUE VALUE of Clarke's Blood Mixture is certified by a remarkable collection of unsolicited testimonials from grateful patients of all classes—patients who have been cured after being given up as incurable—patients who have been cured after trying many other treatments without success.—*Six pamphlet round bottle.*

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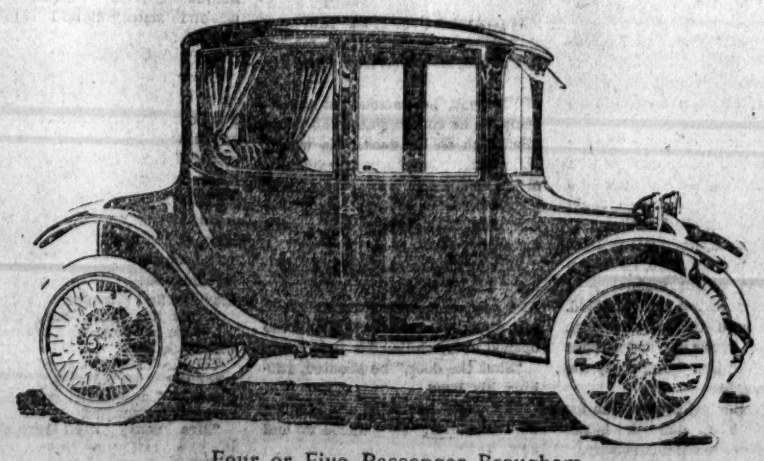

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The Fear Motif— By Ethel Watts Mumford

CHUZENJI the beautiful is a placid sheet of water enclosed by volcanic mountains, whose slopes are firm and pure in line, like master strokes from a giant brush.

Sumner Boyd had been attracted by the quaint fishing village and decided to spend a Summer there, lonely though it would undoubtedly be. In the Spring he engaged a bungalow fronting the high road, backing toward the water, and bounded to left and right by ample gardens. Here he set up his household gods.

He even went to the extreme of bringing up a piano—a tough, weather-proof little upright. It had to be transported by oxen from the railway at Nikko. And great was the amusement of his friends at the venture, greater yet the wonder of servants and town folk when it was unpacked. It was set up in the main room, which opened toward the road. Above it and to right and left Boyd hung three mirrors, reflecting what passed behind him while he played. He had not struck a dozen chords before many auditors gathered, and, as he did not appear to observe them, gave themselves free rein.

One Summer afternoon—during the great pilgrimage to Nantai San, Nikko's holy mountain—Boyd sat at his instrument, intently curious over the shifting visions in the mirrors. Past the door and upward led the road upon which trooped the pilgrims, with mushroom hats, white robes, staffs, bare, dusty ankles and sandal-shod feet. They passed in groups and singly—sad and merry, old and young—in endless procession.

Unconsciously he began to play the Pilgrim Chorus from "Tannhauser," though the joyous, happy band outside was far from embodying the grief-worn spirits of Wagner's opera. Though half conscious of the incongruity, even of the absurdity, of the music in this scene, he kept on with the theme, becoming more and more rapt as it developed. The passing figures in the glass dimmed and blurred, and at last, concentrated into a single care-worn face, deep lined by haggard suffering—a face prematurely old, lit with desperate eagerness.

A man was sitting on the edge of the veranda, looking in. His was the face reflected in the glass. He did not see the mirror that revealed him; he was, indeed, utterly unconscious of all save the music. His dress was that of the poorest native; but no native would have been affected by that song. Boyd played the Chorus to the end, then drifted off through chord after chord, trying old, familiar melodies. He played "Home, Sweet Home" and "Santa Lucia." The man showed no recognition, but the haunting look of soul starvation in his face deepened to agony.

Under that peasant's dress surely lay a mystery. Boyd became keen to discover it. Could he but touch with his music the hidden chord of feeling, the stranger would reveal himself. The musician experimented—with simple songs, those to which the heart-strings of memory vibrate—but with no success.

At last, made impatient by failure, he turned and made a gesture of invitation, "Won't you come in?"

Instantly the man flushed, rose and hurried away.

The next day brought a similar experience—this time the pilgrim would not venture so near the house. His reflected image could be seen as he sat on the other side of the road, ready for instant flight—intent upon the music, nevertheless, with a pitiful insistency—a look half beseeching, half terrified.

He sat there all the afternoon, while his puzzled entertainer played. But when Boyd rose, the listener vanished.

That was the last seen of him for some days. Then came the beginning of a strange companionship.

Gradually Boyd became accustomed to his invisible auditor. At last he came to crave his presence as a stimulus to his playing. There was a weird enchantment in the mysterious proximity of the spirit he could feel answering to every note. There was no mistaking the eyes of the man. All the lures that Boyd put forward, however, were of no avail—the Unknown persisted in his unaccountable conduct. The mystery deepened.

October came, and with it return to Yokohama and business interests. "Must" is a cruel mistress. At last goods and chattels were packed and crated, the piano sent coastward—and Boyd slept his last uneasy sleep in the dismantled house.

At Nikko he felt freer, but no sooner was he settled in the "City Athwart the Beach," than the invisible audience again made its presence known.

At this juncture came Pentanoff, the Hungarian pianist, on his tour around the world, and, having letters of introduction, was everywhere feted and entertained.

Boyd's musical inclinations and piano brought them much together. The virtuoso was a pale little man, with a shock of fuzzy hair and an impetuous manner.

One night, in Sumner's bungalow, as the two sat over their coffee and cigars, the host told of his weird experience.

"I'm sure he's near us now!" he exclaimed, as he finished the tale. "I am vividly conscious of him, though where he keeps himself is a mystery."

Pentanoff was all interest. "Not German, French, nor English, you say?—nor American, or he would have answered to all three—Scandinavian?"

"I don't think so.'"

"Russian?"

"No—I tried the Russian hymn—if anything, that hymn scared him away."

"I wonder"—said Pentanoff, tapping with tuneful finger a minor note—then rapidly, nervously, slamming the music stool into position, he settled himself, and plunged into the ringing measures of a Polish battle hymn.

The hysteria of the passionate song shook him like a great wind. He turned—and came face to face with his Chuzenji Tannhauser! Great tears coursed down the man's cheeks. He turned to speak

"After the applause subsided, the host gave him his own glass of wine, the hostess her bracelet."

—only dry sobs came. Pentanoff heard, and whirled around. The musician spoke in a language Boyd did not understand.

The man threw himself on his knees in a passion of weeping. It was some moments before he controlled himself.

Pentanoff received then a merciful inspiration. Turning to the piano, he played gentle, half-savage airs, strange, thrilling songs of the infancy of a people—the simplest, sweetest, saddest in the world. They soothed like an enchantment the poor creature at his feet. Gradually the scalding tears gave place to gentle sobs of childlike relief, infinitely pitiful—then silence.

Again the musician spoke, his eyes, with gentle test, intent upon the keyboard. The answer came, hesitating, halting.

"Would you mind," Pentanoff said, "leaving us alone?"

Boyd reluctantly left the room and far into the night he heard the hum of voices—then more of the strange eerie music.

Dawn had almost come when Pentanoff rejoined him.

"It's very sad!" he said.

"Tell me," demanded the host after a lengthened silence. "Am I to be 'pied piper' against my will, and not know why?'"

"It's very sad!" he repeated. "His whole story is disconnected—a sort of patchwork of memory—and there are hopeless rents in it. He is my countryman. He was a Nihilist."

Again Pentanoff lapsed into silence an odd look in his inscrutable eyes.

"An official in his district," he resumed at length, "had become obnoxious to the Association, and was condemned. The Circle, of which your man was a member, was called upon to furnish the murderer. They drew lots, and it fell to him—Fate is such an ironical dame! He was the first violin in the most popular orchestra, and it was decided that the offender might be shot at one of the balls which it was known they would both attend.

"Unfortunately for the Society, chance had not chosen wisely, the avenger had a gentle soul—he was weak—he couldn't do it. I wish you had heard him describe it. I feel as if I had lived it all myself, or dreamt it in a nightmare. He sat through the evening, his violin trembling in his hand, his revolver lying in his breast. Dance after dance went by, and still he did not shoot. He pictured it to himself, as he pictured it to me—how the man would fall—how that brilliant gathering would rise in screaming disorder—how he would be seized—perhaps not have time to empty another cartridge into his own brain!

"He was ordered to play a solo. He determined that this once—this the last time, he would play—and then—he would make an end of it. He improvised—tearing out from his soul all that terrible day of fear had held for him. He lost trace of everything but his music, and his misery. He paused. The audience burst into a roar. After the applause subsided, the host gave him his own glass of wine, the hostess her gold bracelet. He was dazed for a few moments, then the mists cleared—and he saw that his man had gone!

"Vaguely he murmured the name. Some one told him that the official had received a message which called him away. The rest of the evening is a blank. He remembers only stumbling into the outside darkness.

"According to his code of honor he must give himself up to the Society. That meant a disgrace he could not bear—and death!—that he feared with overpowering terror. He went home, secured his little savings, and fled.

"Realizing that his fellow-conspirators would leave nothing undone to find him, and make an example of him as a renegade and coward, he lived panic stricken—hiding, running, starving for days at a time, possessed by a Fear that daily grew upon him. Of course, he overestimated the power of the secret organization—all its members do. But he had been trained in its narrow circle till it made the bounds for his world.

"He does not seem to know how long, or where, he wandered, but after months of anguished flight he reached the sea coast, and concealed himself in a vessel whose destination he did not even guess. She was an English tramp, bound for the China ports, Yokohama her last call, he learned when hunger forced him on deck. He was impressed as stoker. They did not know his story but even on board the ship he did not feel himself safe from the grasp of the men whose confidence he had betrayed.

"When he reached the farthest East he was terrified at the prospect of the return voyage. He thought of embarking for America, and had almost completed arrangements for that, when he imagined he recognized a face in the crowd—fancied he saw a hand make a signal of his Society! Mad with fear, he fled, wandering and begging—ever making for remoter regions. Reaching the mountains, he buried himself in a little village of charcoal burners.

"There he lived ten years, perhaps longer. He picked up the language and gradually became identified with the people, who accepted him at first with curiosity, at last with friendship, ever with uniform gentleness.

"The Fear was with him always, though its cause had after a time vanished from his clouded mind. Only one longing, one need, remained clear and persistent—music! He strung a samisen to a European scale, and worked with the koto, but their tinklings were a poor solace.

"In his restlessness he began journeying, following pilgrimages from place to place, till he happened to fall in with the Nantai San procession. Suddenly—you can imagine what it must have been to him—out of the blur of white road and dusty, blue shadows, came the long lost tones—the melodies for which his heart hungered. He was drawn to them as by a spell. Memories sprang to life! faint and indistinct at first, dim visions of another existence. He followed the sounds till he came to your veranda, and sat there looking in at the strange, yet familiar instrument. Slowly he drank in harmonies, long forgotten, long sought for. When at last you rose and spoke to him, the old terror smote his heart and he fled.

"But the music drew him back. He would often crouch under the little porch, listening with all his soul. In those long Summer months his mind was born again—but the dread remained. When you went away, he followed you.

"To-night—but you know the rest—the final awakening came. He was exhausted. I played him to sleep at last. He's in there now, poor wretch! Think of it—what a life!"

The two men sat silent. For the moment they entered that strange existence of fear and longing—understood the unutterable effort of that numbed brain working through a labyrinth of darkness, guided only by the slender thread of sound—leading slowly out into the light!

Pentanoff rose. "I'll come back in the morning," he said, "to talk over what we had best do. Leave the poor devil where he is; let him alone—I've made him comfortable, and he'll sleep for twenty-four hours at least."

Bidding his friend good-night, Boyd went to his room and to bed, falling into a heavy doze, from which he suddenly awoke. He was sitting bolt upright in his bed, startled. He was sure he had heard some strange noise. It came again—three great chords on the piano! The suddenness of the awakening had confused him. For some moments he was at a loss to account for the sounds in the room beneath. His feet slipped to the floor—then a rush of music held him still and silent.

What was it?—this overwhelming uprising of sound? Terror, terror, abject terror! in every note. Then fragments of longing, yearning—reminiscent melodies—and again Fear,

Boyd swayed back and forth, blinded with tears. Again and again he tried to rise, but sank down trembling.

A crash—a discord, that seemed to break the very heart of the instrument—then silence, through which the last chord hummed in a roaring circle of sound.

Snatching his dressing-gown, Boyd ran to the sitting-room. The swinging lamp that hung from the ceiling was turned low, and threw distorted, gigantic shadows as it swung slightly to and fro in the draught of the opened door. The room at first glance seemed empty—but across the keyboard of the piano lay huddled a limp shape—one arm hanging idly, the other bent under the drooping head.

Slowly the body lost balance; sinking, collapsing to the floor. The thread in the labyrinth was broken!

Copyright, Short Story Pub. Co.

Kinstry's Wireless Message By Randle Dean

THE dark cluster of wires by the snowy eaves of the Telegraph Building hummed in a mournful key. In the green-lamped twilight of the receiving room where men in shirt sleeves sat before the telegraph instruments, the crooning changed to a noisy, clicking symphony. Through the long night these men listened and wrote, unmindful of the cruel incongruities of the messages they transcribed.

In the office, one floor below, John Kinstry, the night manager, leaned back in his squeaky swivel-chair and yawned tremendously at the smutty ceiling. Taking off the green shade over his eyes, he rubbed his face and glanced at the clock. Only 10:30! Barr, the night city editor of a morning paper, would not "pick him up" for their midnight lunch for an hour and a half.

He wondered what the menu at Duvall's would be that night. He hoped that there would be oyster stew—hot and filling oyster stew that gives off a cloud of steam when it is poured in your bowl. And how it warms your throat and makes you comfortable on a frosty night.

Finding an apple in a pigeon-hole of his desk, he munched it ravenously, as he contemplated the work piled high on his desk. He was a little, hungry-looking man, who subsisted nervously on the hasty products of the quick lunch restaurants and then groaned loudly with dyspepsia.

Having finished the apple, Kinstry drew his chair closer to his desk. As he picked up a report, a blast of icy air, that rushed through the opened door, chilled his bald head.

"Shut the door," he shouted, rubbing his head.

"It's shet," answered a mild voice at the counter. He glanced up and saw a meek, gray-haired woman pereing timidly at him.

"Is this the place where you send telygrams?" she inquired.

"Well," he answered "it might be an 'Eyetalian' fruit-stand, or a 'boodwor,' or a railroad station, or a morgue, but it"——

"Hey?" The old woman thrust her wrinkled face, with trembling hand to her ear, through the aperture.

"Aw, nothing," he said. "Write out your telegram over there."

She followed the trail of his pointing finger and stood bewildered before the writing desk. Kinstry watched her sullenly. With an apologetic smile, the old woman returned to the counter.

"I—I don't know," she faltered. "Will you write it for me?"

"What's your message?" asked Kinstry, rising from his chair with a bored air.

"It's to go to Walter Kempfer. He's a grandson of the poor lady who lives—she's a-dyin' now, though——but she did live at my house. I'm Mrs. Brackin—Ella Brackin."

"Walter Kampfer," wrote Kinstry. He paused to ask: "Where does he live?"

"Hey?"

"Where does he live—this Kempfer?" he shouted, so loudly that the telephone operator paused in her manicuring and looked up.

"Oh, yes—to be sure," answered the old woman, "where does he live?" She smoothed out a crumpled slip of paper and held it close to her faded eyes. "It's Titusville," she announced with an air of small triumph.

"Any street address?"

"Now you come to speak of it, he lives at a boardin' house—Mrs. Feeney's boarding house. Can I get an answer real soon?" she asked anxiously. "She ain't a-goin' to last long—poor body! tossin' there and moanin' like a lost soul."

He looked up "Titusville" in a large, green book.

"About an hour and a half. That is," he added, "if it's urgent and they can find Kempfer."

"Don't you think Feeney's boardin' house put down on the telygram will fetch him?"

"Well, Titusville, ma'am, ain't what might be called a metropolis. There are only three hundred and fifty to look for and"——

"Mrs. Feeney's lived there all her life except two weeks when she was a-visitin' me and Lizzie——Lizzie is Walter's grandma, you know."

Mr. Kingstry showed an elaborate indifference for the Kempfer family tree.

"What's your message?" he asked shortly. He had decided that a little tomato catsup would add flavor to the oyster stew.

"Tell him," she began slowly, "that if he don't forgive her when she, poor soul, is a-dyin' and a-callin' for him, he's as stony-hearted a wretch as ever breathed. Three hundred dollars ain't countin' when you're walkin', though she's in my best bed, pluckin' the sheets with her thin hands, tossin' her head and walkin' in the valley o' the shadder o' death" She paused and wiped her eyes.

"My dear madam," protested Kinstry, "you don't want a telegraph office, it's a book publisher you want."

"Her poor cheeks are thin and pale like she was dead already. And her bright eyes that have a kind of pleadin' look in 'em frightens me like a dream I had onct."

"Can't you tell him in ten words?"

"Walter Kempfer ain't to be put off with ten words."

"Well, suppose you tell me what the 'dope' is." She looked at him blankly. "I mean," his hand waved helplessly, "tell all about it in ten words; more'n ten costs more," he explained.

"She took three hundred dollars. Maybe there wasn't no right to her havin' the money, but she needed it, poor soul, what with rent and clothes and"——

"Whose money was it?"

"Walter's."

Mr. Kinstry thrummed a pencil between his gold-filled teeth.

"His mother," she whispered slowly, "when she died, left it to Walter in Lizzie's care, unbeknownst to him. He was a little feller then. Lizzie, you know, is Walter's grandma—and she spent it all, as I was just sayin', needin' it bad."

"Did Walter find it out?"

"Well, I reckon he did and acted terrible! He cursed her gray hair and he struck that poor, pale woman, struck her down and she fell, breakin' my lamp-shade, which wasn't no matter then or now."

Mr. Kinstry rubbed his bald head slowly. "And now she's askin' his forgiveness?"

"The slow dyin'," whispered Mrs. Brackin, with an intent look, "always worry over a sinful act—so small when your dyin'."

Mr. Kinstry cleared his throat. He wrote the telegram and slowly read it to Mrs. Brackin:

"Grandmother dying. Begs forgiveness for taking the money. Answer quick."

She nodded her head. "That's right," she muttered and fumbled at her pocket-book. She left the office only after Kinstry had sworn to telephone the answer as soon as it arrived.

"Call Courtland 2963—that's my boardin' house."

When the door had slammed, he returned to his desk.

"Send this quick," he told the clattering, bustling room up-stairs, "and let me have the answer soon as it's in."

The minute-hand of the clock dropped to 11:30. Kinstry tossed aside his papers and telephoned the receiving room.

"Any answer to Titusville wire?"

"Not yet, but say! we've got five wires down and out on account of the snow."

"Oh, hell," was Mr. Kinstry's answer, through the speaking tube. The telephone bell rang furiously as he turned away. He recognized the voice.

"Not yet, I'm sorry to say, but a little more time—bad snow, you know." He spoke almost gently.

"What's that?" He repeated her words. "Live about an hour? I'm sorry."

Kinstry did no work for the next half hour. He stared at the ceiling, a cigar smoldering between his lips. It was not over the wire trouble that he worried, except as it might delay the message to the dying woman.

The door swung wide at the impetuous entrance of Charlie Barr.

"Hello there!" shouted Barr, "on time as usual. Ain't the storm fierce? What my father used to call a 'rip-snorter'." He slapped his broad shoulders and the snow showered. "Well, you ready?" He paused, looking at Kinstry. "What's the matter with you—sick? Duvall's isn't so good when you're sick, but Lord, when you're well and hungry and cold—beefsteak smothered in onions and oyster stew—hot oyster stew with real oysters floating on top!"

Kinstry smiled warily with the caution of a dyspeptic.

"I'm waiting for a telephone call," he explained.

"Well, let 'em call you at Duvall's."

The manager shook his head. "Can't. It's a different kind of a call. Anything doing to-night?"

"No, not much. A 'hold-up' over on the East side. They got three hundred dollars from a Baptist preacher going home from a church festival. Another raid on Monte Rossinger's gambling joint—twenty odd men trying to get genuine, respectable aliases. A prominent merchant, old Kirby, found to be a bigamist. He's got a wife here and another in Ypsilanti, Michigan. Good Lord, ain't one enough? That's about all—oh, yes! Had a wreck out East here, about fifty miles."

"Fifty miles?" muttered Kinstry, looking up.

"Yes. Near a water tank—six houses and one store—kind of town that's called on the map—Titusville."

"Titusville?"

"Why not? It might as well be Titusville as Helmsburg or Juniper. You jumped as if you had relatives there, or, maybe, an extra wife in Titusville."

Kinstry shook his head solemnly. "Much of a wreck?" he asked glancing at the clock. The minute-hand was dropping again.

"Two men killed and the second vice-president of the road badly shaken up and scared. One of the men used to live here. Criley, our court reporter, used to know him—fellow named Kentler, or something like that."

"Kentler?" repeated Kinstry. "Maybe you mean Kempfer."

"Maybe I do. Well, anyway—Kempfer—that's it. Walter Kempfer. Did you know him?"

Kinstry shook his head.

"Criley says he played first base on"——

"Say, when did this wreck occur?" interrupted Kinstry.

"Oh, about," Barr looked at the clock, "about an hour ago."

"Kinstry's eyes narrowed. "I'll be back in a second—that telephone call."

Barr rolled a cigarette. "Don't let the stew get cold.'

Kinstry shut the door of the telephone-booth very carefully. He paused a moment before taking down the receiver.

"Give me Courtland—wait a minute— Courtland 2963."

"This is the telegraph office," he said huskily, when Mrs. Brackin answered, "is she still alive?"

"What's that? Well, can she understand? Yes, I've got a message. He held out his right hand, gazing grimly at the empty palm. It was not often that he lied.

"It says," he told her in a slow, distinctive voice, "'Of course I forgive you. I did long ago. Don't be surprised if you see me very soon. Signed, Walter.'"

He replaced the receiver deliberately and swung himself out of the booth.

"All aboard for the oyster stew, Charlie, and I'll take a little catsup with mine."

Business and Official - - Notices - -

(Second Section)

The China Press

大陸報

Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

2 cents a Word (Minimun Charge 40 cents)

SHANGHAI, THURSDAY, JANUARY 15, 1920

Ordonnance Consulaire

No. 21

Elections Municipales

29 DÉCEMBRE 1919

Nous, Dufaure de la PRADE, Vice-Consul de France, Gerant le Consulat General de France a Changhai,

Vu l'Article III du Reglement d'Organisation municipale du 14 Avril 1868, modifie par les Ordonnances Consulaires du 28 Decembre 1907, du 24 Decembre 1909 et du 15 Fevrier 1919,

Avons ordonne et ordonnons:

ARTICLE I

Les elections pour le remplacement de MM. L. LION, Membre Francais, et E. BINDER, Membre Etranger, demissionnaires, et de MM. X. DARD, Membre Francais, J. W. Gallagher et L. CAMERA, Membres Etrangers, arrives au terme de leur mandat, sont fixeez au Jeudi, 15 Janvier, mil neuf cent vingt.

Le scrutin sera ouvert de dix heures du matin a quatre heures de l'apres-midi.

ARTICLE II

La liste electorale, dressee conformement aux dispositions des Ordonnances Consulaires des 28 Decembre 1907, 24 Decembre 1909 et 15 Fevrier 1919, sera affichee aux lieux ordinaires, tant en le Chancellerie du Consulat General de France que dans les Bureaux du Conseil d'Administration Municipale, du premier Janvier au quinze Janvier mil neuf cent vingt.

ARTICLE III

Toutes reclamations ou contestations pouvant se produire au sujet des inscriptions d'electeurs eront jugees sommairement sans frais et sans recours par le Vice-Consul de France Soussigne, jusqu'au quatorze Janvier, mil neuf cent vingt, a Midi, heure a laquelle la dite liste electorale sera irrevocablement close et arretee.

ARTICLE IV

Les regles concernant le vote et l'eligibilite, telles qu'elles ont ete fixees par le reglement du 14 Avril 1868, modifiees par les Ordonnances Consulaires des 27 Decembre 1901, 28 Decembre 1907, 24 Decembre 1909 et 15 Fevrier 1919, devront etre appliquees.

ARTICLE V

Les fraudes et manoeuvres frauduleuses en matiere electorale seront jugees et poursuivies conformement aux dispositions de l'Art. 75 de la Loi du 28 Mai 1836.

Fait a Changhai,
Le vingt-neuf Decembre mil neuf cent dix-neuf
Le Vice-Consul de France,
Gerant le Consulat General de France,
Signe: Dufaure de la PRADE.

Pour copie certifiee conforme,
Changhai, le 29 Decembre 1919.
Le Vice-Consul, Chancelier,
Signe: Fernand ROY.

Ordonnance Consulaire

No. 22

Election de Commissaires Fonciers

LE 29 DÉCEMBRE 1919

Nous, Dufaure de la PRADE, Vice-Consul de France, Gerant le Consulat General de France a Changhai,

Vu l'Ordonnance Consulaire No. 19 en date du 16 Decembre 1919, rendant executoire le Reglement d'Expropriation de la Concession Francaise de Changhai,

Vu le § III de l'Art. 6 du dit Reglement, Avons ordonne et ordonnons ce qui suit:—

Des elections pour la nomination de 4 commissaires fonciers, 2 membres titulaires (1 Francais et 1 Etranger) et 2 membres suppleants (1 Francais et 1 Etranger) auront lieu en meme temps que les Elections Municipales le Jeudi, quinze Janvier, mil neuf cent vingt.

Fait a Changhai,
en l'Hotel Consulaire,
le 29 Decembre mil neuf cent dix-neuf
Le Vice-Consul de France
Gerant le Consulat General de France a Changhai,
Signe: Dufaure de la PRADE.

Pour copie certifiee conforme,
Changhai, le 29 Decembre 1919.
Le Vice-Consul, Chancelier,
Signe: Fernand ROY.

NOTICE

The Partnership of Goldring and Lyson, Solicitors, Proctors and Notaries Public in Hongkong, having been dissolved, I have now opened business on my own account and taken over the business of the late Mr. N. C. Home at No. 21 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Shanghai.

PHILIP W. GOLDRING.

27419

Concession Francaise de Changhai

AVIS

ELECTIONS MUNICIPALES DU 15 JANVIER 1920

Candidatures presentees au Consulat General de France:—

8 Janvier 1920 X. DARD
Candidat Francais
3 „ „ F. SCHWYZER
Candidat Etranger
7 „ „ A. CHAPEAUX
Candidat Francais
8 „ „ J. W. GALLAGHER
Candidat Etranger
9 „ „ Cyrille H. C. PLATT
Candidat Etranger

ELECTION DE COMMISSAIRES FONCIERS DU 15 JANVIER 1920

8 Janvier 1920 Ch. BARRIERE
Candidat Francais
9 „ „ F. SALLOU
Candidat Francais
9 „ „ A. L. ANDERSON
Candidat Etranger
9 „ „ ALBERT JOST,
Candidat Etranger

Le Vice-Consul de France,
Gerant le Consulat General
de France,
Dufaure de la PRADE.

27423

In His Britannic Majesty's Supreme Court for China at Shanghai

IN THE MATTER of ROBERT ANDERSON & COMPANY LIMITED AND REDUCED

and

IN THE MATTER of the Companies Ordinance (H'kong) 1911.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Petition has been presented to His Britannic Majesty's Supreme Court for China at Shanghai for confirming a Resolution of the above Company for reducing its capital from £30,000 to £6,000. A List of the persons admitted to have been Creditors of the Company on the 31st day of December, 1919, may be inspected at the offices of the Company at 6A, Peking Road, Shanghai or at the offices of Messrs. White-Cooper, Master and Harris, 1 Museum Road, Shanghai at any time during usual business hours, on payment of the charge of $1.00.

Any person who claims to have been on the last-mentioned day and still to be a creditor of the Company, and who is not entered on the said list and claims to be so entered, must on or before the 24th day of January, 1920, send in his name and address, and the particulars of his claim, and the name and address of his solicitor (if any) to the undersigned at 1, Museum Road, or in default thereof he will be precluded from objecting to the proposed reduction of Capital.

Dater this 13th day of January, 1920.

WHITE-COOPER,
MASTER & HARRIS,
Solicitors for Robert Anderson & Co., Ltd. and Reduced.

27422

NEW 5% FRENCH GOVERMENT LOAN

Subscriptions to the above loan will be officially opened at Paris on 19th of February and closed on March 20th, 1920.

The BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE at Shanghai is now prepared to receive subscriptions.

The following particulars, relating to the new loan, have been telegraphed from Paris:

The interest derived from the above loan is free of income tax:

REDEMPTION: The loan is redeemable within 60 years by half-yearly drawings. Every 100 Francs Bond drawn will be redeemed at 150 Francs.

CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT:

(a) either in full on application at 100, or

(b) by instalments making altogether 101, as follows:

Francs 25.00 when subscribing,
„ 25.00 on 1st April, 1920.
„ 25.00 on 16th July, 1920.
„ 26.00 on 1st August, 1920.

Making 101 Francs.

INTEREST: at the rate of 5%, payable half-yearly, on 1st May and 1st November.

French Treasury Bonds and Bons de la Defense Nationale may be used for paying for the new loan bonds.

Special favorable exchange will be quoted.

For further particulars apply to

BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE.

27427

MANCHURIAN INNS

Good hotels are found in all important railway junctions and terminii, and Japanese and Chinese inns everywhere. Japanese inns have no chairs or bedsteads, the bedding being spread on the floor. Meals are served on tiny low tables. Chinese inns of all sorts and conditions may be found, but few Europeans would care to stay in them.

FOSTER'S "BUGLE BRAND" STOUT
HUNT'S PORTS
GORDON'S DRY COCKTAIL GIN
(square bottle)

GARNER, QUELCH & CO.
Phone 2021

The International Recreation Club

NEW YEAR RACE MEETING

NOTICE TO MEMBERS.

Owners are hereby notified that the condition of The Griffin Steeplechase Cup is read as follows:—

THE GRIFFIN STEEPLECHASE CUP.—A steeplechase for griffins that have never been started in a Steeplechase prior to this Meeting.

By order,
Y. S. DAY,
Secretary.

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All goods sold by us are guaranteed, and articles found to be imitations can be returned within six months of purchase.

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Telephone Central 3157.

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134 SINZA ROAD

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TERMS MODERATE.

27410

NOTICE

As and from January the ninth, 1920, by notarial deed we have accorded procuration to:

MR. H. E. BODDE,

(signed), HOLLAND-CHINA TRADING COMPANY

Shanghai, January 9th, 1920.

27437

NOTICE

WALTER G. HILTNER, M.D., Harvard 1908
and
ALBERT S. TENNEY, M.D., Harvard 1908
Announce their partnership for the practice of
MEDICINE AND SURGERY
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Office hours:

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Dr. TENNEY, 12–1 p.m.
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For further particulars apply to

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20, The Bund,
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27421

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

beg to notify their patrons that their

1920 REFILS FOR DESK CALENDAR

are now being distributed

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from $50 up

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"Baby Fox Portable"

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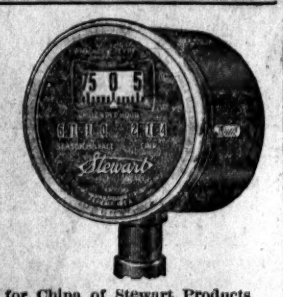

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Shansi Coal		$30.00	per ton
Fouse	No. 1	26.00	„
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Firewood 50 bundles		1.00	

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Teeth of Superior Workmanship in Vulcanite, Gold and Alloy Plates, Gold Crown and Bridge Work.

All work is guaranteed to entire satisfaction.

TEL. CENTRAL 515

40, Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 16

BLANKETS

For Sale

NEW consignment of grey wool, double blankets, size 82" x 66", weight 5 lbs. For particulars, apply Trans-Pacific Corporation, 103 Szechuen Road. Tel. C. 2671

27321

NOTICE

S.S. "COAXET" FROM PORTLAND.

An examination of broken and ship-damaged cargo will be held at the China Merchant's Lower Wharf on Thursday, 15th instant, at 10 a.m. when the Marine Surveyors, Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy will be in attendance.

THE ADMIRAL LINE,
Agents.

27404

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Specialities:—Rheumatism; Nervousness; Fat people reduced; etc.
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In first instance apply to Box 184, care of THE CHINA PRESS.

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(fifth house from North Szechuen Road.)
SHANGHAI
Tel. North 2279.

21666

The Kailan Mining Administration

HOUSEHOLD COAL

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27223

MISCELLANEOUS

LADY will give lessons in modern ball-room dancing to beginners and indifferent dancers, charging $4.00 and $3.00 per lesson respectively. Apply to Box 273, THE CHINA PRESS.

27418 J.15

TO LET, two garages at Vancouver Lodge, 134 Sinza Road.

27412 J.18

BRITISH established firm, with branches in London and America, require partner for outport. Securities necessary. Apply to Box 259, THE CHINA PRESS.

27377 J.15

PROFESSIONAL

MINING ENGINEERING: In your own home you can receive complete training in Metal and Coal Mining, Prospecting, Smelting, etc. I.C.S. Textbooks easy to study and apply in practice. Necessary supplies such as Blowpiping, Drawing Outfits, etc., carried in stock by China Agency for convenience of students. Write for information today. Office 15A, International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

GENTLEMAN wants private English conversation lessons. Please apply to Box 282, THE CHINA PRESS.

27439 J. 16

CLASSES of modern dancing held every Monday and Wednesday at the Burlington Hotel, from 5.30 to 7.30 p.m. For particulars, apply to Box 202, THE CHINA PRESS.

27255

LADY teacher desires pupils for English, elocution and pen painting. Ladies invited to see samples of the latter. Apply to Box 266, THE CHINA PRESS.

27385

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE, 14-15 Quinsan Gardens. One small front room to let, from 1st January. Telephone North 432.

Connaught House
8 Quinsan Gardens.
BOARD—RESIDENCE
Apply to
Mrs. G. POLLOCK.

TO LET, with Board, from February 1, facing south, a large comfortable newly furnished room with verandah and private bathroom adjoining. All modern comforts, telephone, garage and stabling. Apply to Box 285, THE CHINA PRESS.

ORIENTAL HOUSE
31 Boone Road

ONE large room and one large attic, front, facing garden, hot water, with bath attached. Suitable for married couples or bachelors. Moderate prices. Table under the personal supervision of the American proprietress. Tel. North 1102.

27142

TO LET, for immediate occupation, one large furnished room in private family, central location, bathroom attached, hot and cold water. Suitable for married couple or two bachelors. Apply to Box 278, THE CHINA PRESS.

27433 J. 17

WANTED, masseuse or manicure lady as partner for beauty parlor. Apply to Box 283, THE CHINA PRESS.

27441 J. 17

TO LET, large furnished room with board, bathroom, convenient for two bachelors. 90 Carter Road.

27424 J.18

TO LET, for couple or two bachelors, a large, well-furnished room, with bathroom attached, in central district. Good cuisine. Apply to Box 286, THE CHINA PRESS.

27416 J.18

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED to rent, premises for light manufacturing purposes in the neighborhood of the Astor House. Reply to Box 280, THE CHINA PRESS.

27434 J. 17

WOULD like to rent furnished house or apartment, preferably in French concession, for a few months or a year. Would not object to owner retaining one or two rooms. Apply to Box 275, THE CHINA PRESS.

27430 J. 21

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

OFFICES to lease, single, or suites of two to three rooms, on ground and first-floors. Central district, close to Bund. Apply J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

27225

SITUATIONS WANTED

YOUNG Britisher, with good knowledge of imports, bookkeeping, stenography, typewriting, cabling and shipping, is open for engagement from February 1st. Apply to Box 277, THE CHINA PRESS.

27433 J. 17

COLLEGE-graduate, having business correspondence experience, seeks employment in any firm. Assistant or prospective work preferred. No objection to outport. Apply to Box 284, THE CHINA PRESS.

27444 J. 21

EXPERT filing clerk and general office assistant, also good salesman (young man married), wants position. Good references. No objection to outports. Please write to Box 272, THE CHINA PRESS.

27415 J.16

BRITISHER (36), many years seafaring experience, seeks shore job. Excellent references character and ability. Apply to Box 263, THE CHINA PRESS.

27389 J.15

COMPRADORESHIP wanted by an experienced Chinese with knowledge of import and export. Desires to join a firm; well acquainted with all dealers. Can give guarantee and references if required. Apply to Box 188, THE CHINA PRESS.

27207 J.15

SITUATIONS VACANT

PLEASANT EMPLOYMENT: One of our Courses in Commercial Illustrating, Newspaper Illustrating, Caricaturing and Cartooning, Magazine and Book Illustrating, Industrial Design, etc., will give you preparation for pleasant and well-paid employment. Increased use of advertising in China demands more Commercial Illustrators. I.C.S. Illustrating Courses include drawing outfits and materials needed. Send for interesting catalog. Office 15A, International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

CAN someone recommend a good amah for three-years-old girl? Reply to Box 279, THE CHINA PRESS.

27434 J. 17

WANTED, competent stenographer. To begin immediately if possible. Apply The Henius Company, 8 Nanking Road.

27448 J. 17

WANTED, a first-class experienced chauffeur to drive large car, one who can speak English. Permanent position. $25.00 per month. Apply 26, Canton Road.

27417 J.15

WANTED, someone who knows something about the Photographic Business in general, lady or gentleman; also the sales dept. Address: The American Art Store, Peking.

27411 J.16

WANTED, a man familiar with Chinese products, experienced in the handling of feathers, egg products, etc. References required. Salary and commission. Thomas W. Simmons & Company, 10 The Bund.

27398 J.15

A.1. Chinese shroff to sell general lines of imports. Good salary and commission. Only expert with thorough knowledge of market, need apply. Apply to Box 244, THE CHINA PRESS.

27409 J.18

COMPRADORE, with thorough import and export knowledge, required for British firm. Applicants must furnish title deeds or other convertible security. References essential. Apply to Box 260, THE CHINA PRESS.

27377 J.15

GODOWNS WANTED

WANTED at once, godown 50' x 75'. Must be ground floor in central district. Apply to Box 274, THE CHINA PRESS.

27420 J.16

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, French concession, six-roomed house, well-furnished, bathrooms, verandah, kitchen and garage. Furniture for sale if required. Apply to Box 288, THE CHINA PRESS.

27447 J. 17

TO LET FURNISHED, from 10th April, for 9 months, in the French Concession, six-roomed house. Two bathrooms with every modern sanitary convenience, large garden with tennis lawn, and garage. Suitable for married couple without children or two bachelors. Rent Tls. 250. Apply to Box No. 269, THE CHINA PRESS.

27406

TO LEASE, large comfortable house, ample servants' quarters, garage and stable, 20 Robinson Road (at Jessfield Road). Apply premises, or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

27224

APARTMENTS WANTED

BACHELOR desires board and lodging with a quiet American family in Western district. Apply to Box 276, THE CHINA PRESS.

27431 J. 17

EXCHANGE AND MART

FOX TERRIER pups for sale one male, one female. Price fifteen taels. May be seen by appointment. Please apply to Box 281, THE CHISA PRESS.

27438 J. 17

WANTED, Dante's "Divina Comedia" and Milton's Works, illustrated by Gustav Dore. Clean copies. Apply C. Lubeck, 53 Rue Paul Beau.

27425 J.15

ONE (eight cylinders) closed motor car to be sold very cheap. Apply to Hung Fong Kong, 53 King Loong Kai.

27340 J. 15

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund 2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £2,100,000

Head Office:
38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
James Maxwell Grant Prophit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Ipoh	Puket
Bangkok	Karachi	Rangoon
Batavia	Klang	Saigon
Bombay	Kobe	Seremban
Calcutta	Kuala Lumpur	Singapore
Canton	Kuala	Shanghai
Colombo	Madras	Sourabaya
Cebu	Manila	Taiping
Delhi	Medan	(F. M. S.)
Haiphong	New York	Tavoy
Hankow	Peking	(Lower
Hongkong	Penang	Burma)
Iloilo	Yokohama	Tientsin

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

C. J. SCOTT.
Acting-Manager.

Banque De L'Indo-Chine

Capital .... Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve .... Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Poudichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoete	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des-Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knaben."

Capital .....Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtau, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

T. G. KONG.
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital ... $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2/- $15,000,000
Silver 21,000,000
$36,000,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
J. A. Plummer, Esq., Chairman.
Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr, Deputy Chairman.
J. W. C. Bonnar, Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
P. H. Holyoak, Esq.
Hon. Mr. J. Johnstone.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
Ross Thomson, Esq.
Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	Kuala	Shanghai
Canton	London	Singapore
Colombo	Lyons	Sourabaya
Foochow	Malacca	Tientsin
Hankow	Manila	Tsingtao
Harbin	Nagasaki	Vladivostock
Iloilo	New York	Yokohama
	Peking	

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid) .	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
Capital Contributed by	**Kup. Tls.**
Chinese Government	3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad. Street, E. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Hailar	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun	Hankow	O/Amur
(Kwan-chendze)	Harbin	Peking
	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Manchouli	Tientsin
Dairen (Dalny)	Newchwang	Vladivostock
		Yokohama

Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, and Dollars. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
Manager for Asia.

The Bank Of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital $60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital..$12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund ... $1,298,522.60
Special Reserve Fund $1,898,033.68

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifong	Hankow
Chanchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dairy	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Haichow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtao	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interests allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.

Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid-up Capital £2,000,000
Reserves £481,000

Head office: BRUSSELS
London Office: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Branches: Cologne, Bucharest, Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking and Tientsin.

Agents:
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Ste Gle de Belgique

Correspondents in all important cities of the world.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

L. STRAETMANS,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914. and October 31, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.

Agencies abroad: Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Y. M. CHIEN Acting Manager.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.
Paid-Up Capital ...$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund 391,347.41
Head Office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Cen. 2650
General Office: Cen. 2613 & 2614
Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Yen according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.

Credit granted on approved securities.

Savings accounts—4% per annum.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

SHEN CHU HSU, Manager.
SHU CHIN MIH, Sub-Manager.
C. C. YANG, Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

OWNED BY
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK.

Capital & Surplus U.S. $8,500,000
Undivided Profits U.S. $1,054,000

Head Office:
National City Bank Building,
55 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
London Office: 36 Bishopsgate E.C.
Lyons Office: 27 Place Tolozan
San Francisco Office:
332 Montgomery Street

Branches:

China	Philippines
Shanghai	Manila
Peking	Cebu
Tientsin	
Tsingtau	Straits Settlements
Hankow	Singapore
Hongkong	
Canton	Dominican Republic
Manchuria	Santo Domingo
Harbin	
India	San Pedro de Macoris
Bombay	
Calcutta	Sanchez
Rangoon	
Japan	Santiago
Yokohama	
Kobe	Puerto Plata
Java	
Batavia	Panama
Soerabaya	Panama
	Colon

BRANCHES OF
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK

Argentina	Venezuela
Buenos Aires	Caracas
Once (Buenos Aires)	Maracaibo
Rosario	Siberia
	Vladivostok
Brazil	Italy
Bahia	Genoa
Pernambuco	Porto Rico
Porto Alegre	San Juan
Rio de Janeiro	Colombia
Santos	Medellin
Sao Paulo	Russia
	Moscow
Chile	Petrograd
Santiago	Spain
Valparaiso	Madrid
Uruguay	Trinidad
Montevideo	Port of Spain

Branches in Havana and 21 of the principal cities of Cuba.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, *Manager.*
In Kiukiang Road.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

	Sh. Tls.
Subscribed Capital ...	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.

On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL.
Chief Manager.

中 華 銀 行
Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917.)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.
Head Office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital .. $2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital $1,020,000
Reserve Fund .....$ 20,000

Managing Director:
T. CLARENCE SUN
Deputy Managing Director:
NIEH CHI-WEI

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:

Tientsin	Chinkiang	Ichang
Shanghai	Soochow	Changsha
Peking	Wusieh	Shansi
Hankow	Hangchow	Wuhu
Nanking	Ningpo	London
Yangchow	Shaoshing	New York
Hsuchow	Canton	S. Francisco
Pengpu	Hongkong	Boston
Changchun	Changteh	Tokio
Antung	Chengchow	Kobe
Kiukiang	TsinkiangpuOsaka	
	Yokohama	

And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
S. 441 Ningpo Road.
Tel. Central 1929 Managers' Office
Tel. Central 2618 General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager,
T. D. Zar, Sub-Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)
Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital: Guilders 80,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders 14,590,545 (about £1,215,879)
Special Reserves: Guilders 17,000,000 (about £1,416,666)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Penang
Bandoeng	Pontianak
Cheribon	Rangoon
Djember	Semarang
Djokjakarta	Singapore
Hongkong	Soerabaya
Kota-Radja	Soerakarta
Langsa	Tebing-Tinggi
Makassar	Tegal
Medan	Telok-Beton
Padang	Tjilatjap
Palombang	Welteyreden
Pekalongan	

London Bankers
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.

The Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1908.

Capital $1,000,000
Reserve Fund $50,000
Head Office, Branches & Agencies.
Hangchow, Shanghai, Haimon, Lanchi.

Agencies at the principal Cities throughout China.

Foreign Agencies:—London, New York, Tokio, Yokohama, Osaka, Kobe, Hakodata, Seoul and Fusan.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
U 39 Peking Road.
Tel. No. C. 3145, Manager's Office.
Tel. No. C. 2147, General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Interest allowed on Current and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Sterling, Gold Dollars and Yen according to arrangements.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Safe Deposit Boxes for rent on application.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
4% Compound Interest allowed on Savings Current Deposits.

Interest allowed on Savings Fixed Deposits according to arrangements.

Cheque-books or Savings Pass-books at Depositor's disposal.

LI MING, *Manager.*
CHEN SIN TSENG, *Sub-manager.*
ZAI MOH ZUNG, *Sub-manager.*

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

Incorporated 1912

Capital (fully paid) .....H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund...H.$ 400,000.00
Investment reserve fund ...H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	S. Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc.	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital .. £1,500,000
Paid up Capital 750,000
Reserve Fund 700,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Teal Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH Manager.
36 The Bund.

Asia Banking Corporation

CAPITAL $4,000,000 SURPLUS $1,[illegible],000
An American Bank
Cable: BANKASIA Tel. S'hai C. 1323

Head Office: New York City
Head Office for the Far East: Shanghai
Corner Kiukiang and Kiangse Roads

Other Branch Offices:
CANTON, CHANGSHA, HANKOW, HONGKONG, MANILA, PEKING AND TIENTSIN

ANNOUNCEMENT

By appointment of the Italian Treasury the Asia Banking Corporation has official charge of the placing of the sixth Consolidated Italian Government 5 percent Loan (1920) in China.

The subscription list will be open from January 5, 1920, to March 10th for the sale of Bonds with coupons to the 31st December, 1920, attached. The Bonds are in denomination of Lire 100, and the issuing price will be Lire 87.50 plus interest from January 1st to the day of payment. The Italian Chamber of Commerce are working in close co-operation with this bank on this proposition.

On account of the present favourable rate of exchange, these Bonds offer an attractive investment.

STOCKHOLDING BANKS
Anglo and London, Paris National Bank, San Francisco
Bankers' Trust Company, New York City
Continental & Commercial National Bank, Chicago, Ill.
First National Bank of Portland, Oregon
Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Guardian Savings & Trust Company, Cleveland, Ohio
Mercantile Bank of the Americas, New York City
National Bank of Commerce, Seattle, Washington
National Shawmut Bank, Boston, Mass.

PARK-UNION

FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION

HEAD OFFICE: 56 Wall Street, New York

Fully Paid Capital and Surplus $2,250,000

OWNED AND CONTROLLED BY
The National Park Bank, New York — Union Bank of Canada

DIRECTORS:

Richard Delafield	H. B. Shaw
Stuyvesant Fish	R. O. McCulloch
Gilbert G. Thorne	Stanley E. Elkin
Cornelius Vanderbilt	Stephen Haas
R. H. Williams	F. E. Kenaston
E. C. Hoyt	W. J. Dawson
A. P. Villa	F. L. Appleby
Sir Wm. Price	T. Fred Aspden

Charles A. Holder, President

BRANCHES:
SAN FRANCISCO SEATTLE
PARIS TOKYO YOKOHAMA

SHANGHAI BRANCH:
No. 1 KIUKIANG ROAD
TELEPHONE CENTRAL 1174

THE SHANGHAI COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK LTD.

9 Ningpo Road, Shanghai

Capital (paid-up) $1,000,000.00
Deposits $5,248,000.00
Reserves ..... $ 60,000.00

Branches and agencies throughout China.
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Provisions Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market compiled on January 13, 1920.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	,,	16-20
Pork	,,	25-30
Veal	,,	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	16-18
Cod	,,	16-18
Mandarin	,,	20-30
Mackerel	,,	25-30
Pomfret	,,	25-30
Salmon	,,	18-20
Samli	,,	none
Soles	,,	16-18
Whitebait	,,	20-25

Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	$2.50-$3.00
Duck	each	50-80
Hare	,,	35-40
Eggs	per doz.	20-24
Fowl	per lb.	18-20
Geese	each	80-1.00
Partridge	,,	40-45
Pheasant	,,	55-65
Pigeons	,,	20-25
Quail	,,	16-18
Snipe	,,	16-18
Teal	,,	14-16
Turkey	per lb.	60-70
Woodcock	,,	50-60
Wild Duck	,,	35-40
Geese	,,	70-1.00
Wild Pigeons	,,	10-12
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	,,	16-20
Bananas	,,	5-6

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
one-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC
Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthellot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

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London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana Credito Italiano

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION, Manager.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA JAPAN.

	Yen
Capital Subscribed	100,000,000
,, Paid up	61,000,000
Reserve Fund	Y.28,000,000

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The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd

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Kaiyuen	Rangoon	Tsingtao
Kobe	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	none
Lemons	each	5-6
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Oranges	per lbs.	8-10
Peaches	per lb.	none
Pears	,,	10-12
Persimmons	,,	none
Peeboes	,,	none
Plums	,,	none
Pumeloes	each	15-20
Pineapples		none
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	per lb.	12-14
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per lb.	3-4
Asparagus	per dos.	none
Bread Beans	per lb.	8-10
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Cabbage	each	3-5
Carrots	per bunch	2-3
Cauliflower	each	15-20
Celery	per bunch	8-10
Egg Plant	per lb.	6-8
French Beans	,,	12-15
Green Corn	each	none
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	none
Onions	per lb.	8-10
Parsnips	per bunch	3-4
Peas	per lb.	none
Potatoes	per picul	$2.50-$3.00
Spinach	per lb.	3-4
Tomatoes	,,	5-6
Turnips	per bunch	1-2
Grain And Flour		
Flour, American	50 lbs.	$4.50
Flour, Australian	,,	$3.80
Flour, Shanghai	,,	$2.55
Rice	200 per lbs.	$8.00
Milk		
Foreign dairies per bottle		20
Chinese dairies	,,	17
Fuel		
House Coal per ton		Tls. 18.50
Stove Coal	,,	Tls. 22.00
Firewood per 50 bundles		$1.60
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-$4.00

E. KILNER,
Chief Inspector.

Financial And Commercial News

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, January 14, 1920.

Money and Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate,
@ 7/9=Tls. 2.5806
@ exch. 74=Mex. $3.4873
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate,
@ 147¼=Tls. 67.91
@ exch. 74=Mex. $91.77
Tex. Dollars: Market Rate:
Opening ..... Tls. 73.7
Closing ..... Tls. 73.6
Shanghai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls. 166
Bar Silver . .998 touch=Tls. 111
Copper Cash . . per tael 184.200
Peking Bar ..... Tls. 167
Native Interest ..... Tls. 11

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ..... 82⅛d.
Bank Rate of Discount 6%
Market Rate of Discount:
3 m/s. ..... 5⅝ %
4 m/s. ..... 5⅝ %
6 m/s. ..... 5⅝ %
Fx., Paris on London Fr. 41.86
Fx., New York on London T.T. G.$3.74

Exchange Opening Quotations

London ..... T.T. 7/9
London ..... Demand 7/9¼
India ..... T.T. 333½
Paris ..... T.T. 1630
Paris ..... Demand 1633
New York ..... T.T. 147
New York .... Demand 147¼
Hongkong ..... T.T. 60¼
Japan ..... T.T. 33⅝
Batavia ..... T.T. 381½

Bank's Buying Rates
Nominal

London ....4 m/s. Cdts. 8/1¼
London ....4 m/s. Docy. 8/1⅛
London ....6 m/s. Cdts. 8/2¼
London ....6 m/s. Docy. 8/2⅛
Paris ..... 4 m/s. 1750
New York 4 m/s. Docy. 157¾

Tourists' Exchange

Bank's Demand Buying Rates
10 @ exch. 7/11=
Sh. Tls. 25.26
1,350 @ exch. 151=
Sh. Tls. 33.11
Fr. 250 @ exch. 1660=
Sh. Tls. 15.06
Shanghai Tael=Mex. $1.36 at Banks selling rate for Mexican Dollars.

ROUBLES EXCHANGE

Today's Bank Buying Rate
For Roubles
Roubles 15,000 .....=Tls. 100
Roubles 100 .....=Mex. $0.90

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR JANUARY

Hk. Tls. 2.31 @ 7/9¼ £1
" 1 @ 1593 Fr. 17.75
" 0.61 @ 147¼ Gold $1
" 1 @ 33⅝ Yen 3.31
" 1 @ 15 Rupees 6.49
" 1 @ — Roubles —
" 1 @ 1.50 Mex. $1.50

Stock Exchange
Transactions

Shanghai, January 14, 1920.

OFFICIAL
Sungalas Tls. 0.50
Telephones Tls. 68.00
UNOFFICIAL
Anglo-Javas Tls. 8.00

Shanghai Produce & Stock Exchange
Transactions

Shanghai, January 14, 1920.

Japan Bond: 5%
Tls. 29.00 March
Shanghai P. & S. Exchange
Tls. 69.60 January
Tls. 78.10 February
Tls. 85.60 March
Japan-China S. & W. Co.
Tls. 51.50 January
Tls. 55.00 February
Tls. 60.70 March
LOCAL YARN:
Water Moon 16/20's
Tls. 202.50 January
Tls. 208.00 February
Tls. 217.00 March
Tls. 214.10 April
Tls. 214.20 May
Tls. 215.00 June
COTTON.
Shanghai Cotton
Tls. 28.50 January
Tls. 29.30 February
Tls. 31.00 April
Tls. 31.00 May
Tls. 31.30 June
Tung Chow Cotton
Tls. 31.50 January
Tls. 31.70 February
Tls. 32.00 March

Shareholders Of Kung Yik Cotton Spinning And Weaving Co., Ltd., Meet

The tenth ordinary meeting of shareholders in the Kung Yik Cotton Spinning and Weaving Company, Ltd., was held at the offices of the general managers, No. 3A Peking Road yesterday morning.

Mr. A. Brooke-Smith presided, and there were also present Messrs. C. Gordon Mackie, F. Ayscough, Char Lai-fong and Pan Ching-poo (members of the consulting committee), Mr. C. W. Beswick (secretary), Mr. W. K. Smith (mill manager), Mr. G. H. Wright (legal advisor), Mr. E. M. Ross (representing the Auditors), and Messrs. S. M. Joseph, F. J. Burrett, R. U. Hummel, M. Simmons, C. R. Burkill, J. J. Dunne, C. F. Wong, W. B. Middleton and Chun Nea-ching (shareholders).

The secretary, having read the notice convening the meeting, and the auditors' report, the Chairman said:—Gentlemen, the report and statement of accounts having been in your hands for over two weeks, I will, with your permission, take them as read.

It is with great pleasure that your general managers are able to present such a very satisfactory report for the past year—the profit of Tls. 702,055.13 being far in excess of any previous record, and we trust that the proposed allocations will have your entire approval.

We have fortunately been able to take full advantage of the excellent trading conditions that have prevailed throughout our past year, and have worked the mill to its utmost capacity in order to cope with the keen demand that has been in evidence for our products since the termination of hostilities in the great war, when China, in common with other countries, was found very bare of all descriptions of cotton goods.

DIVIDEND RETURNS

We trust that the proposed dividend of Tls. 5 per share will be satisfactory to shareholders. I may say that it is a source of great pride to the consulting committee and general managers that since the inception of this Company, 9 years ago, we have been able to pay dividends totalling Tls. 16.40 per Tls. 10 share, or an average return of 18¼ percent per annum—meanwhile strengthening the material and financial position of the concern and building up a sound and constantly expanding connection.

The addition of Tls. 140,000 to the equalisation of dividend fund will bring the amount up to Tls. 300,000, which, while being a reserve, also forms a very useful addition to our working capital, which, as you know, is none too much.

The appropriation of Tls. 50,000 to cotton fluctuation fund (making it altogether Tls. 70,000) will place us in a sound position, in view of the wide fluctuations that frequently take place in the raw material in the present somewhat abnormal times.

The sum of Tls. 40,000 set aside for addition to our fund for special repairs and renewals, which had Tls. 13,697.56 at its credit at the close of the past year, is a provision that enables us to keep our plant, etc. up to the highest state of efficiency, irrespective of their written down values.

The amount of Tls. 40,000 to be written off machinery is in excess of the customary allowance for depreciation, but our auditors strongly approve of our proposal to take advantage of good years to reduce the book value of this item. The allowance for depreciation of buildings (Tls 20,000) is the same as last year, while the writing down of furniture with Tls. 500 calls for no comment.

I have to explain that the Tls. 20,000 allocated for bonus to staff at mill and retiring allowance to the late mill superintendent is made up of the following items: Tls. 15,395.81 required for bonus to the Foreign and Chinese staff at the mill, Tls. 4,057.36 voted by the consulting committee to our late mill superintendent—Mr. James Kerfoot—on his retirement after being connected with the Company since its inauguration, whilst Tls. 546.83 represent the Company's contribution to the European staff provident fund for 1917-18, as the scheme was made retrospective to 1st May, 1917, for those qualified to participate. The last two items were placed to suspense account and appear in the balance sheet, not being chargeable to last year's working account.

I cannot speak too highly in praise of the work of the staff at the mill during the past year, and the proposed bonus is a tangible and well deserved appreciation of their keenness and devotion to duty.

The Foreign staff's provident fund, sanctioned by the consulting committee at the end of last year, is greatly appreciated. The staff contribute 5 percent of their monthly salaries, and the Company a similar amount and 7 percent compound interest, computed half yearly, is allowed on the total.

FUND FOR CHINESE STAFF

The contribution of Tls. 7,000 to war funds, we feel sure, will commend itself to the shareholders, and, subject to your approval, this will be given to the King's Fund for Disabled Soldiers and Sailors.

I venture to hope that you will sanction the creation of a Chinese staff superannuation fund with the appropriation of Tls. 10,000. The wisdom of this step is only too apparent if we are to retain the services of our best skilled native workers, in view of the inducements that are being offered to them by the new industrial concerns that are constantly appearing in our neighborhood.

This new fund will enable your general managers to advise their Chinese staff at the mill that after ten years' service, each employee will have credited to his or her account, ten percent (10 percent) of this pay for each year's service from the time of joining the Company—withdrawals will only be permitted on retirement after 20 years, or on account of ill health or disablement after 10 years' service. It is not intended that interest shall be allowed on the sum at credit of each individual, but under this system an employee will, after long service, receive on retirement an amount that should provide for reasonable comfort in old age. In case of death the family concerned would of course receive the amount at credit of any person. Your general managers feel confident that this scheme will ensure long and faithful service.

Native labor is a factor that is causing considerable difficulty and I am afraid must give us much anxiety in the future. Until recently, this has been plentiful, but owing to the rapid growth of Shanghai as an industrial center, there can be no doubt that, with the new Cotton Mills and other industries, building and projected, we may expect still greater trouble in finding sufficient hands to keep our mill fully supplied. Our success is in a large measure due to our constant care for the welfare of our workers, and we are prepared to face this problem in a generous spirit. When we found that the higher cost of living necessitated a reconsideration of our native wages lists, we advanced them all round about 12-15 percent last Spring, and since then additional increases have been made, and also grants in recognition of good work.

NATIVE CROP POOR

The auditors' comment in the balance sheet regarding the general managers' commission and provision for depreciation only needs the explanation that the accounts have been make up on exactly the same lines as usual.

As we have generally been working upon an oversold position of at least two to three months in both yarn and cloth, it has been necessary for us to carry a fairly heavy stock of cotton for reasons of safety—otherwise our credit at interest account would have been even better than it was, as clearances have been satisfactory, in fact during the last three to four months of our year they have been very brisk.

The last Chinese cotton crop was plentiful and satisfactory in quality, whilst Indian varieties were also available at comparatively cheap rates. Good American grades were somewhat scarce, and their prices generally ruled rather dear, as a keen demand was anticipated from Europe after the war but owing to unsettled conditions, labor troubles and scarcity of transport facilities, such demand has scarcely manifested itself even yet. Taken all round, however, cotton prices were generally in favor of spinners in China. I am sorry to say the present Chinese crop is poor in quality and quantity.

At present the prospects for the current year are very encouraging, as we are engaged on orders for cloth and yarn for some few months ahead at most remunerative prices, and I trust our contracts will all be completed.

As I mentioned on a recent occasion similar to this, I think it is desirable to point out to shareholders that recent prices for yarn and cloth bear no relation to the present cost of cotton. This is a source of great danger, and sooner or later values of the former may decline rapidly to figures nearer actual cost—in past years, we have at times sold at less than cost. What may be termed a normal profit on yarn is Tls. 5 to Tls. 6 per bale—today most mills are making at least Tls. 50 to Tls. 60 per bale.

We have recently made our coal contract for 1920 at a reduction of Tls. 3.90 per ton on the last year's price. This will mean a saving of some Tls. 23,000, but we are afraid much of this will be absorbed by extra expenditure in other directions, such as higher wages, etc.

In order to relieve congestion and enable us to carry out some extensive alterations to buildings and the general layout of the mill, which are under consideration, we have recently effected the purchase of a small piece of land adjoining our property and we hope shortly to acquire a further small plot to square off our area.

CONGESTION IN MILL

As many of you are aware the mill was originally erected by Chinese and due allowance was not made for extensions, with the result that we today have great congestion in one part of the mill, which we desire to rectify and at the same time re-arrange some of the departments to reduce handling expenses and waste—this may necessitate the sacrifice of two old badly built godowns, the erection of a modern weaving shed, the present one being made available for storage of cotton, yarn and cloth.

Mr. G. R. Wingrove, who was the Auditor of the Company since its inception, resigned at the end of our previous year owing to ill health, and, with your approval, the general managers will make available to him the sum of Tls. 250 in recognition of his valuable services to the Company.

I desire to take this opportunity of expressing the sincere regret of the general managers at the death of Mr. C. W. Wrightson, who was a member of the consulting committee of the Company from its flotation.

Mr. F. Ayscough kindly consented to fill the vacancy, and the consulting committee has recently asked Messrs. Charles Gordon Mackie and Pan Ching-poo to join the board, it having been found difficult to secure a quorum with only three members.

You may recollect that Mr. Pan Ching-poo was elected to the board at the last annual meeting, but it was found necessary to ask him to resign shortly afterwards as his election left the board without a majority of British members—this is now rectified and the present consulting committee, consisting of five offer themselves for re-election.

The chairman then proposed the adoption of the report and accounts and the allocation of the profits as suggested.

This was seconded by Mr. Ayscough, and unanimously adopted, no questions being asked.

The following other resolutions were also adopted—

That the consulting committee consisting of Messrs. A. Brooke Smith, F. Ayscough, C. Gordon Mackie, Char Lai-fong and Pan Ching-poo, be re-elected—Proposed by Mr. Burrett and seconded by Mr. Simmons.

That Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Matthews be re-elected Auditors—Proposed by Mr. Burkill and seconded by Mr. Siminous.

EXTRAORDINARY MEETING

An extraordinary general meeting was then held for the purpose of passing the following resolutions—

RESOLUTION 1.

That the words "or auditors" shall be inserted in the first line of subarticle 4 of Article XIV of the Company's Articles of Association immediately after the word "Auditor."

RESOLUTION 2.

That the following sub-article be inserted after sub-article 4 of Article XIV of the Company's articles of association and be numbered 5, namely—

(5) "The general managers with the approval of the consulting committee may fill any casual vacancy in the office of auditor, but while any such vacancy continues the surviving or continuing auditor or auditors (if any) may act."

RESOLUTION 3.

That the following sub-article be substituted for sub-article 5 of Article XIV of the Company's Articles of Association and be renumbered 6, namely—

(6) "The remuneration of the auditor (s) shall be fixed by the Company in general meeting except that the remuneration of any

(Continued on Page 16)

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IMPARTIAL & PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, JANUARY 15, 1920

WEATHER

Weather fine and cold. Strong winter monsoon along the whole coast.

BIRTH

THOMAS: On December 1st, at Barmouth, North Wales, to Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Trevor Thomas, a daughter.

The Americanisation Of The Treaty

BY AUSTIN HARRISON

(*Editor of The English Review*)

THE Americanisation of the Treaty by the United States Senate is by far the most momentous event that has taken place since the armistice, for not only does it throw all Europe back upon the imponderabilia of politics but in an immediate and absolute sense it will force us all, whether Polish nationalist or Italian irredentist, to think—perhaps for the first time again since the outbreak of war. Months ago this eventuality was anticipated in this Review; month after month it has been pointed out in these pages that Republican America would not blindly pledge herself to uphold and fight for a Treaty which every American at Paris condemned; which offended American national spirit; which would make America the catspaw, banker, and arsenal of agonised Europe; which, finally, would syndicate a Treaty violated and contradicted by a covenant which again, if it meant anything, violated and contradicted the Treaty.

Newspapers will no doubt deplore this "unfortunate" event, and we shall be told by academic Liberalism that the League of Nations is consequently imperilled, and by opponents of the League that it is scotched, while militarists will assure us that Utopianism always was a visionary snare and that force is the only dignified argument of man. But in reality such pessimism is entirely unjustified. On the contrary, the reservations of the American Senate will prove supremely beneficial to Europe and to the world, for in substance they denote a return to sanity and from the quarter which economically controls; which must, therefore, no matter what attempts are made publicly or surreptitiously to obscure and prejudice the position, eventually compel politicians and public to reconsider the European situation from the angle not of destruction but of construction.

The bitter truth is simply this. Politicians at Paris made a peace which is economically unworkable. Those who care to know how men came to do a thing at once so silly and irresponsible can learn from a perusal of Dr. Dillon's scathing analysis and indictment, The Peace Conference; those who want to know—and it is every man's duty to know—what the Treaty means can inform themselves in half an hour by reading a little work called The Peace Treaty, issued by the Swarthmore Press (it was explained six months ago in this Review). Europe has been regrouped on strategic or military lines, that is the net result, and so far has this design been carried out that half of all Europe has been reduced to a system of non-economic units, this system to be standardised and upheld by a covenant, as an integral part of the Treaty, euphemising the rearrangement under a Supreme Council, called the League of Nations, which was to be the corner-stone of the new order. America's attitude dissipates this illusion. We return to reality. Once more we return to practical politics.

It is very important that we should clearly grasp the full meaning of this qualification, because there are only two world powers left at this hour—Britain and America—and obviously if one goes out, we, as the control, incur the responsibility for the whole; that is, are liable, as the largest and only true solvent shareholders in the concern, to provide the necessary money and the indispensable militarism which alone can maintain a Treaty based on starvation, throttling two powers, one of 70,000,000 people and the other of 150,000,000. At Paris, the politicians, taking the measure of President Wilson, reckoned that they could regroup Europe to their hearts' content, like a nursery garden, on the support of America, and they set to work accordingly. The idea was economic control, or the control of raw materials, which, with the control of the seas, would give the covenant grouping supreme authority over Europe, who would consequently be dependent for production upon the goodwill of the Supreme Council. It was a helot peace founded upon economic world-control, guaranteed by the League of Nations. This idea can no longer be carried out, because America refuses to pledge herself to fight for the racial, linguistic, tribal, sectarian, and imperial animosities, jealousies, greeds, and rapacities of old Europe, thus leaving Europe to herself. Now the effect of this is primarily economic. It concerns the British Empire vitally. It means that the whole outlook must be reconsidered—upon a new basis. It imposes upon Britain the immediate duty of seeking a fresh orientation, or accepting the full liability of our position ordained in the Treaty as the chief constable of Europe ready and willing to fight at any moment and in any spot to uphold the dislocations from the Rhine to the Urals and from the Baltic to the Mediterranean created by a Treaty whose basic design was the military domination in Europe of France, which we alone are rich enough and powerful enough to safeguard, even for twelve months, if force is to remain the meaning of statesmanship and of the so-called new order.

It was because I foresaw this impasse that I opposed the Prime Minister at the Carnarvon Boroughs in the last elections. I saw what an ebullition mandate would imply. But men refused mind at that time. The Prime Minister was accordingly sent to Paris on a hurricane mandate of victimisation to "down" President Wilson. He did "down" him. Now the President has been 'downed." We return to where we were—before the wild election. But there is nothing catastrophic in the fact that America differs from Mr. Bottomley. It is quite reasonable and quite inevitable. The only thing is that now we shall have to think; think intelligently, or Europe, already sinking into mediaeval chaos, will drift even this winter into the night of madness and anarchy, for which we shall be directly responsible. That is the position. The question is: What does this breakdown signify? Does it mean that the League of Nations is dead? Will it help or retard? It is my deliberate opinion that it will prove eminently helpful, and for this reason. We in Britain will now have to come down to earth and face the facts, not only the facts as they confront us in a Balkanised, Bolshefied Europe, with all that such a condition must mean to us, to our markets or selling-power, and to our home political difficulties, but essentially the problem of our credit hypothecated on the security of an anarchy, which we alone can uphold or dissolve.

It is idle to blink this truth. We shall now have to decide—and our decision will be cosmic in its incidence—whether we can afford to be the chief constable and banker of an anarchic Europe; or whether, seeing that we cannot afford this luxury (I challenge any banker, thinker or economist in the country to maintain even in a newspaper article that we can afford it alone without America), we had better not immediately reconsider our militarist obligations, in the light of what we can afford in the healthy, selfish interest of ourselves and of the whole, which of course, is our interest, both economically and culturally. Submit the question to any ten bankers and they will answer unanimously that we cannot afford the office of supreme military controller. What then? Our course is clear. It is to begin all over again. It is to get a clear objective of what we want and what we can afford. That is, of course, economics. At once we come down to earth. Our inherent national reason returns. We shall begin to think intelligently once more. We shall see that Europe cannot be regrouped on a non-economic basis, because, if so, we cannot trade. Now we live by trading. As the mistress of the seas, trade is indeed our world trust and the justification of our position. We won to that right through sanity, we dare not refuse sanity; more, we cannot refuse it. We shall quickly discover now that the economics of Paris were wrong, that in consequence it is Britain's bounden duty to adjust them on the only conditions that they can be put right, namely, on lines of opportunity and peace-assuring co-operation.

I am thus supremely optimistic Our national sanity has never yet failed us, it will not fail us at this conjuncture. After all, it is merely a question of attitude and all that is necessary is for men to remember that the war is over and won, and that peace is an entirely opposite condition, the meaning which is life. If we want peace, that is harmony, production, progress, "returns;" we must cease making war; we must permit normal conditions of trade, establish stable economic foundations, re-create facilities for production, politically restore confidence. We have done precisely the opposite. Neither Germany nor Austria can live by the terms of the present Treaty because they have been deprived of "raw" and so are unable to produce. All Russia is in abysmal chaos. Italy has jerked herself out of the Treaty into predatory imperialism. In Poland, in Czecho-Slovakia, absolute political anarchy reigns. The whole Eastern problem is simmering with danger. Nowhere, not even in Alsace-Lorraine, is there harmony. There can be no indemnities because Germany has been reduced to an impoverished country which can hardly feed her population; she has no credit and therefore cannot buy. Her money is valueless; she is rapidly being driven back into militarism, which literally is her only alternative to Bolshevism. All this our own economists at Paris fully realised and resigned in consequance. To put it succinctly, the politicians made a peace which in reality is war, as we are today dimly realising. All Europe east of the Rhine is in ferment and economic stagnation. There is no production and no credit. To sell even to our Allies, we have to advance paper credit, i.e., to increase our national debt. Not a People is satisfied either with the new boundaries or the new economic dispositions. A military grouping has been established in Eastern Europe which has no economic foundations and not even political adhesions. Thus Rumania defies the Supreme Council and Italy defies the Council; soon all will defy that body; the Czechs are treating the Slovaks precisely as the Austrians formerly treated them. All Europe is a landslide, drifting into robber-bands, starvation, madness, incoherency. Permanent war points have been created over Syria, Persia, Russia, Italy, China, and the Far East. Nowhere is there the semblance of order or even of authority. In a word, we are rapidly losing the peace, morally and economically, and if the situation continues much longer half Europe will be in uproar and we shall all be plunged into utter darkness.

Not a word of this is exaggeration. Our politicians know it. America knows it. Now America says to us: "If you want chaos, have it, but it is not our business. We do not intend to be involved in the inevitable crash of a continent which refuses commonsense." I do not think we shall take the crash either, for it is not our way. Thus in reality the whole situation is simplified. We shall have to see the whole as a whole, that is all. We shall have to think from Threadneedle Street, not from the hustings, and to measure our liabilities accordingly. To quote Lord Fisher, our national task is to get back to the "footrule" and really understand that there are twelve inches to a foot. And this little adjustment will not really be difficult, although in the process there may be no little commotion, because one great, illuminating reality has emerged from the welter, namely, our reaffirmation in the civilisation of America who henceforth lives with us, as one indivisible truth. That is up to the present the outstanding issue of the war: Anglo-Saxon civilisation is one. The two World Powers left have historically become one World Power in purpose and meaning; in other words, we have gone westwards, not eastwards upon the European continent, as unthinking politicians imagined. All the map-making of Paris is fly-blown compared with this determining and creative oneness of natural configuration, and if we hold on to that single truth we shall weather this storm and all others. And this is our Polar Star. We shall ignore it at our life's peril. Today, too, we must decide. Our choice is this. Either to steer by our destiny in co-operation with America or to defy that destiny. We can say. "No, we will be the European military dictator and so risk the continuity of our New World attachment; or throw in our lot for progress." If the former, then we must have a supreme Army and Navy permanently ready for all emergencies, in which case there will be no new order, or strike out boldly for that new order, in which case the work of Paris must be undone and Europe wil have to be reconstructed on a basis of real peace instead of, as today, on foci of interminable war.

We need not concern ourselves with the League of Nations, which will come now in due time, yet can only come when principle once more governs statesmanship and sincerity is real enough to enforce it; for the nonce the League is but a project, the salient fact is the breakdown of what diplomatists call the "Concert," written in a tome of 100,000 words (90,000 too many) at Paris. Very quickly Mr. Lloyd George will have to ask himself what he is going to do. If we are to go on, we ought to re-mobilise the Army immediately. If not, what? No good now sighing for President Wilson. Useless today regret and recrimination. The word belongs to our bankers. Do they like the look of the credit position? If not, what do they propose to do? Once more Mr. Lloyd George has a unique opportunity such as falls to few Ministers in a century. For he cannot stand still and await events, or they will overtake him disastrously. He must act. Like Pitt, he ought to say to his secretaries: "Roll up that map." "Ring up the Bank of England."

It is the lure of the map that has done the mischief—ever the conqueror's pitfall—in association with the stupendous ignorance of the map-makers who, struggling between M. Clemenceau's law of "12,000,000 bayonets" and Mr. Wilson's intellectual nihilism, thought in terms of territories instead of economics forgetful that the great big wheel of modern life revolves on credit and not on boundaries, as it did in the jovial days of Louis XIV. and Napoleon. And so, as President Wilson's points turned out to be the "joker," so too has American sanction. We return to "open covenants." America prefers life, that is, trade, to confusion. She refuses to paint Europe red, white, and blue, and really no man can be surprised if the People of George Washington decline to play the "nigger in the fire" to European hate and hugger-mugger. No doubt this shock will at first confound, but soon it will steady us, and then quietly we shall take our bearings. This time we shall have to think economically instead of politically. We shall have to consider not boundaries but markets. Our objective must be peace instead of war to make democracy safe for war. The Stock Exchange will perhaps burn a few more newspapers.

I repeat: Mr. Lloyd George once more has a world opportunity. The authority of the Supreme Council is today simply force, and Europe will naturally make its dispositions accordingly. If Italy pounces upon Dalmatia, the League cannot justly interfere. If the Jugo-Slavs attack the Italians, the League has no status. The Treaty itself can now only be enforced by force. In plain language, there is no moral authority but the bayonet, which is the negation of economics. Now unless we obtain a working equation for our economics, Europe will crash and we shall be involved in the collapse. Economics, therefore, are our immediate necessity, European economics, and even they can now only be induced at the point of the bayonet. The twelve-million army philosophy is thus reduced to a bayonet point, which we shall have to pay for. Can we? Ask d'Annunzio, or Paderewski, or Denikin, or Lord Reading. It is a pretty big muddle, due entirely to the folly of the politicians, as we shall discover when John Bull is asked to pay the bill. Nor shall we begin to see a way out until we realise that economics must be the basis of our orientation and that economics mean peace and not war.

If Mr. Lloyd George will be quick and return to principle, there should be no great difficulty in obtaining a constructive policy, for democracy will assuredly support any reasonable line which can secure results as distinct from a policy of words which no man any longer believes in America's secession leaves us with a cauldron of troubles, which will not be lessened by her isolation; thus Ireland, India, Syria, Mesopotamia, the Near East and the Far East, and the whole morphology of Empire, largely complicated by the new device of mandates, which will test our civilisation to the core. We cannot play with this legacy. We cannot expect Europe to regard us as the arbiter of justice so long as we can only govern Ireland with Tanks, nor shall we find an equation with America until we ourselves testify in Ireland to our own sincerity. There we have a root issue. It will prove determinative. We move with America towards the new order through Ireland, or we move into Europe and disorder. We have come to our points. Now we must attest or the whole Treaty of Paris will dissolve and we shall be left with but another scrap of paper.

This then is our opportunity. Our civilisation stands at the bar of judgment. To cast the dice on a throw of fortune will be madness, only sheer constructive thinking can pull us through the ordeal of peace which today faces us, which in some ways will be more difficult, and even more hazardous, than the ordeal of war. I am confident, for our civilisation is surely no fortuity, and in the hour of need never yet has the robust common-sense of Britain failed. If Mr. Lloyd George will have a quiet hour with his bankers and a day all alone on some hill-top, he may yet re-discover his true and useful purpose, and in acquiring a policy lead back this country to its own truth and so Europe onward to construction. It will be very, very serious if he fails us. Perhaps the quickest way would be to go to the country on the democratic issue at stake, for, like the American President, he too no longer has the needful sanction. To this pass have three men trying in secrecy to reconstitute the world brought us. Mr. Lloyd George must go back to first principles, to Parliament, and to economics; he can no longer rule through an unrepresentative Parliament. But he must be quick. The chaos in Europe will begin when he tries to hang the Kaiser and demands the war-culprits, from which policy America has dissociated herself. If we insist upon that policy, we shall forfeit the sympathy of the world. The lesson and tragedy of President Wilson is a world-lesson. It hoists the signal that the war is over and that politicians are again mortal. America's reservation thus prescribes our task and opportunity, which is to return to fundamentals and to rebuild sanely, nobly, and constructively in the interests of our own truth and of humanity.

Topics In Brief

There seem to be splendid opportunities for the young man who goes to Mexico and grows up in the ransom business.—*Columbia Record.*

It still looks in this League of Nations business as the Wilson may have had the vision, but the Senate is going to insist upon having the revision.—*Manila Bulletin.*

In an article on the railway strike here, the Temps says that the problem really comes to this: "Should a worker be paid according to the good which he does, or the evil which he might be capable of doing?"—*London Times.*

A German mark is now worth almost as much as an iron cross.—*Wall Street Journal.*

The mere fact that President Wilson wants something is not an argument against it.—*Philadelphia Public Ledger.*

Some of the knocking on wood in this country is beginning to be noticed by the friends of General Leonard.—*Houston Post.*

There is little color in prison life but that promises to be changed for the better soon when the Reds get there.—*New York World.*

If he makes another race Senator Lodge may be able to run on the platform—"he kept us out of peace."—*St. Louis Post-Dispatch.*

The Literary Digest refers to it as "the bouncing of Berger," but we hope that doesn't imply any possibility of a come-back.—*Little Rock Arkansas Democrat.*

Kansas schoolteachers are trying to find some way to get salaries raised in their profession. Have they ever thought of getting the Administration at Washington to take over the schools?—*Kansas City Star.*

How To Save The Treaty In America

(*Literary Digest*)

Little or no effort to save the Treaty was apparent during those closing hours of the heated contest which ended in the Senate's triple votes of rejection. As the fight grew more bitter, one correspondent reminds us, "the distinctness of groups representing different shades of reservation opinion disappeared," and "party lines hardened," until all chance for any united action to save the Treaty and the League disappeared. The President had told the Senate that the Lodge reservations would "nullify" the Treaty, and after the vote Senator Lodge asserted that the Treaty was dead, and that he could not "see any symptoms of compromise." Yet as the first exclamations of regret or delight give way to sober editorial second thought, we find newspapers of every political hue and geographical location urging compromise. Journals like the New York Sun may insist that the Treaty is dead beyond any possible hope of resurrection, but in various parts of the country editors, both Democratic and Republican, editors who would prefer the Treaty without any reservations and those who approved the Lodge reservation program, look forward to the ratification of the Treaty at the present session of Congress by some adjustment of views. "The conflict is not irrepressible," insists the Chicago Daily News (Ind.). "Pride has got to give way in a measure at the White House and at the Capitol," the Philadelphia Inquirer (Rep.) declares. The Republican Cincinnati Times-Star concludes that "there is still time and there ought still to be room for compromise on the Peace Treaty; and that is what most of our people want." As the Nashville Banner (Dem.) puts it, "the Republicans under Lodge's leadership can better afford to leave off some of their stronger reservations than to have the Treaty fail entirely, and the Administration forces can well afford to agree to some of the reservations proposed."

Republican papers like the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, for instance, naturally expect the President to take the longest steps toward compromise, while Democratic dailies like the Atlanta Journal just as naturally stress the Senate's duty to "subordinate partisanship and prejudice to the nation's largest interests and humanity's largest hopes." The Boston Globe (Dem.) calls attention to the fact that, "first and last, eighty senators voted for ratification of the Treaty in some form; it must be possible for sixty-four of these eighty Senators to get together on the Treaty." The Springfield Republican (Ind.) finds hope for the League in the very manner of its apparent demise. That is, had the Treaty been ratified by the Senate with the Lodge reservations "and the President been forced to carry out his warning that he would pocket it, there would have been less chance than now of the League being revived," for "in that case Mr. Wilson, although with entire constitutional right as well as moral justice, would have been in a position of opposing and vetoing the formal act of the Senate," and "a compromise would obviously have been more difficult than it is now when the act which leaves the Treaty unratified is that of the Senate itself." As The Republican continues:

"If both sides are honest in their claims it should be possible to draft a reservation with regard even to Article X of the Treaty upon which an agreement can be reached. On the one side it has been claimed by the Republicans that their only desire is to safeguard constitutional requirements relating to the power of Congress to declare war, and upon the other side, the President's, it has been stated from the first that there was never any intention of questioning that right. It should be possible to draft a reservation implying neither more nor less than is claimed by one side to be necessary and conceded by the other side to be already recognised."

The New York Globe (Rep.) looks for compromise to come about in some such way as this:

"The debate in the Senate and the debate in the country have indicated that we are ready to enter the League under conditions which can be summarised under two heads: First, that while we are willing to assume the responsibilities imposed by the League constitution, both our laws and our inclinations require that the final interpretation of these responsibilities be made in each case by the existing Executive and Congress; secondly, that we must be our own judges as to what matters of domestic concern we shall submit to the judgment of the League. President Wilson could not have signed, nor could the Allied governments have accepted, a treaty bearing the fifteen Lodge reservations; but he can sign and they can accept one bearing reservations embodying these two points. . . .

"President Wilson will almost certainly accept the program indicated, and Senator Lodge, if he wishes to retain influence for himself or for his party, will be obliged to acquiesce. Such, at least, are the indications."

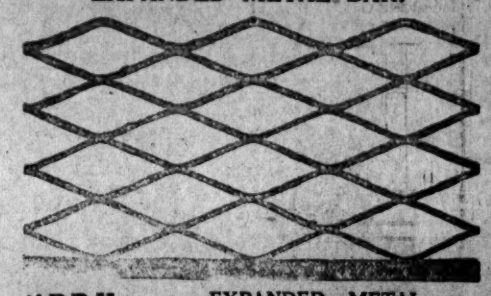
It seems to the New York World (Dem.) that a "broad basis for compromise exists in regard to any legitimate differences of opinion as to reservations, but to succeed it must be a compromise that has for its aim the preservation of the Treaty of Peace, not its nullification." In the opinion of this stedfast defender of the Wilson peace program,

"Nobody can object if the Senators write into a resolution of

(Continued on Page 13)

INDENTED SQUARE BAR. INDENTED ROUND BAR.

EXPANDED METAL BAR.



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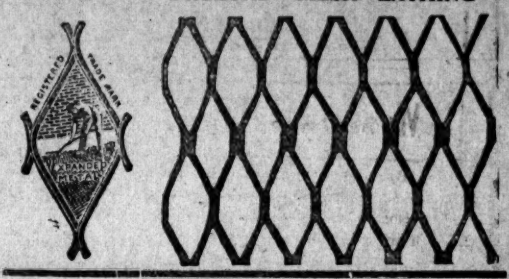

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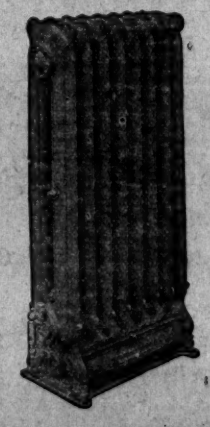

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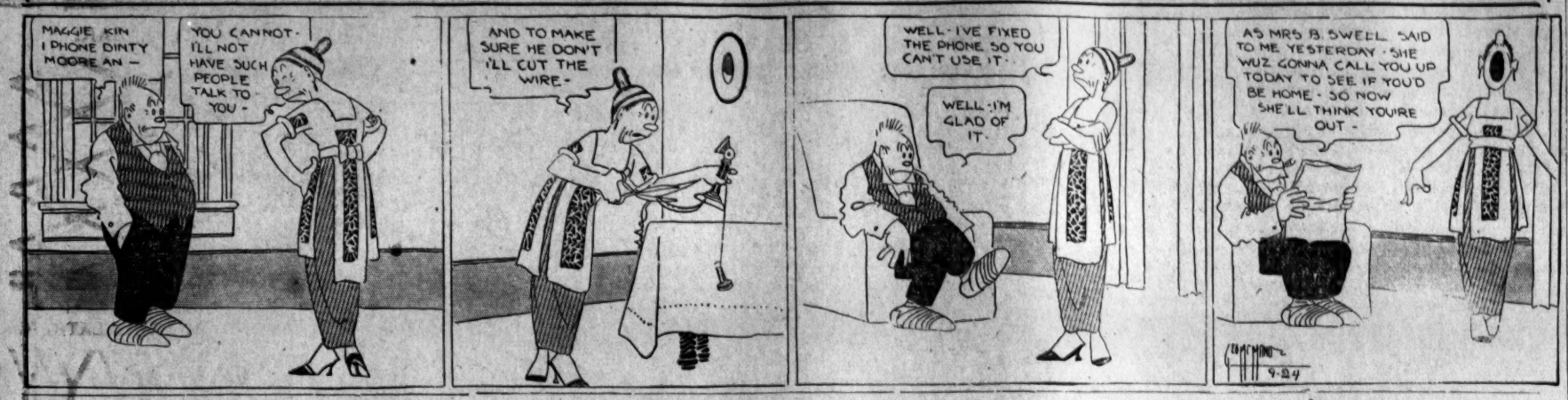
Bringing Up Father — By George McManus


MAGGIE, KIN I PHONE DINTY MOORE AN —
YOU CAN NOT. I'LL NOT HAVE SUCH PEOPLE TALK TO YOU.
AND TO MAKE SURE HE DON'T I'LL CUT THE WIRE.
WELL. I'VE FIXED THE PHONE SO YOU CAN'T USE IT.
WELL. I'M GLAD OF IT.
AS MRS B. SWEEL SAID TO ME YESTERDAY. SHE WUZ GONNA CALL YOU UP TODAY TO SEE IF YOU'D BE HOME. SO NOW SHE'LL THINK YOU'RE OUT.
GEO MCMANUS 9-24

'Mystery Of Edwin Drood' Up For Solution Again

By John O'London

Some six or seven years ago it was proclaimed by a small group of English investigators that the mystery of Edwin Drood was no longer a mystery. I thought then, and think now, that the good Dickensians who made the announcement forgot that they were belittling Dickens. Dickens wrote the last words of his great uncompleted story on the day before he died, and it is clear that he was under the impression that he had not then supplied the key, or any mold from which it could be made. But the Solvers said that they had solved the mystery.

Yet in the last few months I have read many letters on the subject in the London Times Literary Supplement, restating or denouncing old theories, and now the Dickensian blandly tells us that the inquiry is too interesting ever to be terminated. The problem is to rival in longevity Zeno's paradox of Achilles and the Tortoise, propounded two and a half millenniums ago and still unsolved.

Mr. J. C. Squire, whose new literary monthly magazine, the London Mercury, is awaited with the highest hopes, has found time during the present discussion to tell the literary detectives that they are trying to solve a problem which is insoluble. You cannot argue about a course of events which never happened, and which, so far as it happened in its inventor's brain, was never completed, and remained under his control. As he says, "the common sense position is that nothing whatever happened to Edwin Drood, that he himself and all his confreres were the acme of inactivity, for the simple reason that there were (in the highly appropriate words of their own 'abulist) "no sich persons." This interests me because, years ago, in writing on the subject I said: "Since we are here confronted by the unknown and arbitrary will of an inventing author, whose plot may not have reached its master complication, the wiser plan is to leave the facts where they end and take an observation of the sympathetic and imaginative trend of the story."

That is what the Droodists never do: they go about with dark lanterns and skeleton keys trying to force locks at Cloisterham, and discovel secret drawers in Dickens's desk at Gad's Hill. In a word, they employ the detective method, and this method must fail because it has no convincing clues and because the clues, such as they are, might have been destroyed and readjusted by Dickens in later chapters of the story. The majority of these investigators, for example, have decided that Drood was murdered by Jasper; that Drood could not possibly have escaped. Yet the only person who could have murdered Drood was Dickens himself, and he died in 1870, leaving quite a number of good critics convinced that the youth was to reappear.

So engrossed are our Solvers in the mechanism of the story that they take more interest in the detective's personality than in the crime, and their question of questions is, "Who was Datchery?" So you have the Helen-Datchery school, led by its proud founder, J Cuming Walters, and the Buzzard Datchery and the Tartar-Datchery theories. But attempts to identify Datchery with these characters only plunge one into the mystery of Datchery, whereas we are concerned with the mystery of Drood.

Since Dickens left his plot dark and had it in his power to alter it as he pleased, it follows that any hope of finding out his intentions rests far more on the artistic trend of the story than on its mechanism. Our clever locksmiths never seem to interest themselves in its feel, in its peculiar style—a variation from that of any other of Dickens' books—or in the moral burden which surely ladens every chapter. They think that Dickens said to himself, "I mean to weave a plot that will knock Wilkie Collins' best into a cocked hat, and my idea is that it shall be based on the desecration of an English cathedral by the murder within its walls of a young and amiable man." That is the picture which they seem to form of Dickens writing his last novel. Yet it is a novel whose very style, so unusually wrought, poetic and haunting in its movements and cadences, might alone suggest that he had formed a fine design, in which good taste and decency would not be sacrificed to mere rivalry in the art of baffling his readers' acumen. In emulating Collins's peculiar skill, what need had Dickens to be less than himself?

The character of Jasper has, I think, been misunderstood. Our dogmatists call him "an artist in crime," who could not have failed in his purpose. But an artist in crime does not lose control of his tongue and behavior. An artist in crime does not give way to ungovernable temper. An artist in crime does not make enemies needlessly. An artist in crime does not let drop hints of troubled thoughts. An artist in crime does not debauch himself on opium. Jasper did all these things. From the organist of Cloisterham Cathedral there emanates an aura of mystery through which we obtain sudden but elusive glimpses into a soul that is at once weary and aflame. Add to these traits the bewildering effects of opium on the man's mental processes, and the conviction deepens that Dickens was engaged in a task more difficult and to him more absorbing than the portrayal of any ordinary type of criminal, or of a criminal merely blacker than ordinary. If Jasper, the most arresting character in the book, is a psychological study out of the line of Dickens's previous creations, it is reasonable to guess that a psychological solution of the mystery is in store. What might that solution have been?

I believe that Dickens's theme is not murder, but a greater one—the guilt of murder. He may well have conceived the idea of covering a man with the whole experience and infamy of a murder which he had not committed, but which he had planned so long and wickedly that the proof of its failure involved in the reappearance of his victim was of no avail to remove the world's stigma or his own agony.

I suggest that Edwin Drood did not only escape from the murderous hands of Jasper, but that his survival was involved in the "incommunicable idea" which Dickens told Forster was at the root of the story. It is curious that this phrase is often quoted without the words which immediately explain it, and as if the idea had been "incommunicable" because it was of a subtle character. Clearly it was nothing of the sort; it was not communicable because "the interest of the book would be gone." In other words, it was so very communicable that it must not be communicated. The fact which Dickens could not afford at any price to communicate was Drood's escape, because the idea to be based on it could not be preserved or developed if the truth leaked out, to say nothing of the obvious ruin of the first half of the story by anticipation. And, as the late Mr. Andrew Lang pointed out, the title of the story is not "The Murder" but "The Mystery" of Edwin Drood.

If Drood's reappearance will not weaken the portrait of Jasper as a murderer, and yet will complete and react upon other valuable elements in the story, its probability grows on the mind. But if, in addition, his reappearance will intensify, and invest with a special awfulness, the moral catastrophe to which all leads, then this probability may become a conviction. That the "murder" was to be formally "proved" in the eyes of the world, with the help of the opium woman and some strange discovery of the ring, is probable. Whether the story would be pushed to a judicial conviction is, of course, uncertain, but the organist of Cloisterham Cathedral was to be accused of the murder of his nephew, and very possibly we were to see him in a prison cell.

In what ways of terror or of mercy Dickens intended to present in that place or elsewhere the final spectacle of Jasper's guilt in the light of Drood's reappearance must be left to the imagination. I can conceive that opium was to bring Jasper to a state in which he was mentally incapable of seeing Drood's living form otherwise than as his ghost; he would thus be led to convict himself of the murder on the very evidence which proved it never to have been accomplished. However this may be, I can surmise that Jasper's self-condemnation is to solemnise the close of a tragedy whose ethical import may be expressed by varying the words of a great utterance: he that hath looked on another to take his life hath committed murder already in his heart.

How To Save The Treaty In America

(Continued from Page 12)

ratification the undisputed fact that this is a government of enumerated powers, with three independent co-ordinate branches; that Congress alone can declare war; that Congress alone can appropriate money, whether for the League of Nations or for dredging a creek, and that the Executive has no right to create offices except with the consent of Congress, that the Monroe Doctrine is the Monroe Doctrine, and that the United States has a right to refuse to submit to the jurisdiction of the League of Nations questions which it has heretofore regarded as domestic and relating to its internal affairs."

Some of the trouble, observes The World, herein agreeing with the Washington correspondents, "is undoubtedly due to the temperamental antipathies of President Wilson and Senator Lodge; no two men in the country are less fitted to work with each other." Each of these gentlemen, comments the Philadelphia Evening Ledger (Ind.), "must come down from his high horse and get his feet on the ground and face the situation." The Philadelphia daily thinks these two statesmen should realise that the Senate has shown clearly enough that it "will not have the Treaty without some explanation of what the United States understands it to mean, and it will not have it with the kind of explanations contained in the rejected resolution." There can be no ratification, affirms the New York Tribune (Rep.), so long as President Wilson and such bitter opponents of the League as Senator Borah "are in the same political bed—only by composition with the reservationists is it possible to have ratification." The Tribune seems to have some doubts about the President's ability to make compromises. "Let us take counsel together," it imagines the President as saying, "and my idea of counsel is for you to sign here." So The Tribune offers a suggestion that President Wilson appoint a commission to do this delicate work for him, "to clear up the mess" he has made. Why not appoint a "steering committee," composed of ex-President Taft, Elihu Root, Senator Lodge, Senator Hitchcock, and Secretary Lansing? Such a commission, it says, "could be counted on to hammer out an understanding among themselves. All are good Americans, and all are free of the delusion of heavenly inspiration." The first named of these five, Mr. Taft, argues strongly for a compromise in one of his editorials in the Philadelphia Public Ledger. He believes the country to be insistent upon a compromise and to be impatient "with the deadlock when eighty Senators are for a Treaty and a League and only sixty-four are needed to ratify." He sees reason to hope that a compromise can be effected:

"In the first place, the Republicans can not properly insist that abrupt, undiplomatic, and pumptiously offensive language is needed to safeguard any American rights. It can well be eliminated and polite and kindly terms substituted without losing in any degree the effectiveness of the restriction and protection. This same principle applies to the preamble in the requirement that we shall have express acceptance of our reservations by an exchange of notes. If the reservations are made a part of and a condition of the instrument of ratification by us we can't possibly be bound by the Treaty except as qualified. The only purpose of the express acceptance is to make it harder for our allies to accept without securing any additional safeguard to us. These changes in form only will relieve our reservations from the churlish spirit they now reflect; and with nations who make much of courtesy of expression will have great weight.

"The two sticking-points in the substance of the Treaty are Article X and the Shantung provision. As to these, it ought to be possible to frame compromises. The genius of our Anglo-Saxon traditions has been in compromises. But they can not be brought about if those actually engaged go into conference without any discretion and with instruction to yield nothing. There must be free and full discussion and frank proposals and counter-proposals of a definite form. The negotiators should not be hampered by the necessity of playing for political position. Article X must be qualified if the support of the Republicans is to be secured. So, too, the Republicans will insist that our ratification must show our disapproval of the transfer of German rights to Japan. But why can't the conditions upon which Japan secured the sections of the Treaty objected to be framed and made a feature of a satisfactory substitute for the present one, so that the same purpose can be better secured and Japan's already injured feelings be assuaged?"

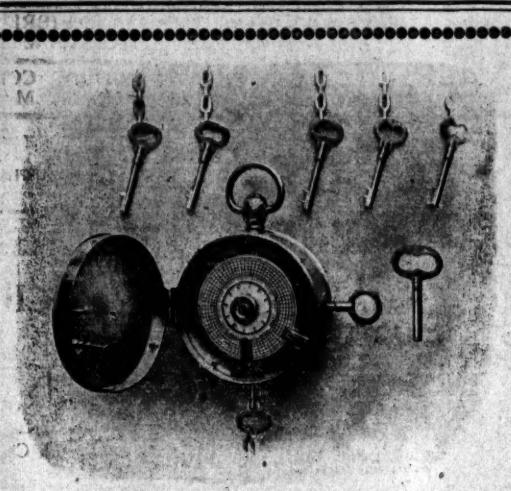
Writers less sympathetic toward the League of Nations Covenant find the task confronting the Senate comparatively simple. The first duty of Congress, declares the New York Herald (Ind.), is to declare "that a state of peace exists between the United States and Germany." It recalls Senator Lodge's resolution to that effect which was offered and referred to committee during the closing hours of the last session of the Senate. The Herald believes Senator Knox was right in calling for the separation of the League Covenant from the Treaty. "Because the United States Senate has been unable to agree as to what shall be the relation of this country to an international scheme, the United States," says the Chicago Tribune (Rep.) "is kept from declaring itself at peace and returning completely to normal conditions." The Tribune insists that it is not one of those who would kill the League altogether. It believes that Americans are willing to join the League, that is, "with proper reservations." But it believes that the delay which has taken place "is to be preferred to a hasty acceptance of the Covenant as it was offered." For,

"It was a dangerous document for the United States to sign. It can be made a safe document, and we believe it will be made one.

"In the meantime the nation needs a declaration of peace. That is the first duty of Congress, and not a complicated one."

The New York Morning Telegraph (Dem.) objects to all this talk about "killing the Peace Treaty," saying that "there are no opponents to a Treaty of Peace with Germany," and that—

"The reason the Peace Treaty has not been approved by the Senate is because Senators and people will not join in any League of Nations of the kind proposed. . . . The Treaty was not beaten, but the League plan was knocked out."



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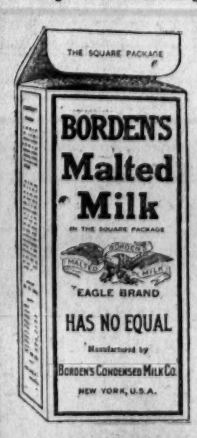

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HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer Tachi Maru, Capt. M. Takeo, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Thursday, January 15,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 16 Canton Road.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. **Kianghsin,** Captain J. R. Milligan, will leave on **Thursday** night. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Kpankin,** Captain Meathrel, will leave from the French Bund on **Thursday, January 15,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77. Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Hwahlee, 1,151** Tons, Captain Lee, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunts Wharf on **Thursday, January 15,** at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,** General Managers. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Cen. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Leongwo, 3,925** Tons, Captain Findeison, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Friday, January 16,** at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,** General Managers. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Yohyang Maru,** Captain Y. Ikeda, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Friday, January 16,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA,** No. 16 Canton Road.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tungting,** Captain A. Torrible, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, January 16,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77. Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Siangyang Maru,** Captain J. A. Scott, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on **Saturday, January 17,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 16 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Wuchang,** Captain Pickard, will leave on **Saturday, January 17,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents. Tel. No. 77.

PUKOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Suiyang,** Captain J. Gibbs, will leave from the Watung Wharf on **Monday, Jan. 19,** at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Tachang Maru,** Captain G. Kawamura, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Monday, January 19,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 16 Canton Road.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s Steamer **Luenho, 2,868** Tons, Capt. Jackson, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Monday, January 19,** at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,** General Managers. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s Steamer **Suiwo,** Tons 2,671, Captain Smith, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Tuesday, January 20,** at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,** General Managers. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.— The Str. **Taishun,** Captain J. Halkett, will leave on **Thursday** afternoon. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Sinkiang,** Capt. W. J. Barkus, will leave from the French Bund direct for the about ports on **Thursday, January 15,** at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents Freight Tel. No. 77 Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The Str. **Kwanglee,** Captain A. P. Sangster, will leave on **Friday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking,** Captain Roberts, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, January 16,** at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW & KEELUNG.—The Str. **Kohoku Maru,** Capt. M. Tsubaki, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo wharf on **January 16** at 9 a.m. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

SWATOW, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tean,** Captain Wm. McDonald, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, January 17,** at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG AND CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shantung,** Capt. Monkman, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, January 20,** at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG.—The Steamer **Canada Maru,** Captain S. Nemoto, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **February 11.** For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

For Northern Ports

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Chenan,** Capt. H. E. Laver, will leave from the Watung Wharf on **Saturday, January 17,** at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passengers Tel. No. 401. C.M.S.N. Co.

DAIREN & TSINGTAU.—The Str. **Kulung Maru,** Captain M. Yukami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **January 23,** at —— For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

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LONDON, Via, Hongkong Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Marseilles Antwerp and Rotterdam.—The Str. **Atlas Maru,** Capt. ——— will be despatched from Shanghai on or about and of **JAN.** For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

LONDON, Via Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg.—The Str. **Andes Maru,** Captain T. Kamiashi, will be despatched from Shanghai on or about the middle of **FEB.** For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4, The Bund. Tel Central No. 4234 & 4235.

HAMBURG & LONDON, via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE COLOMBO, PORT SAID, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM.—The Steamer **Amur Maru,** Captain H. Hamada, will be despatched from the Shanghai Wharf about **MARCH, 1920.** For Freight, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSON KAISHA,** No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

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S.S. "MULTRA" 22nd January, 1920.
FOR SYDNEY from HONGKONG
S.S. "ST. ALBANS" about 1st February, 1920.
P. & O. and B.I.S.N. Co.'s tickets interchangeable.
Steamers and sailing dates are liable to be altered or cancelled without notice.
For particulars regarding Freight or Passage, apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
AGENTS
24 The Bund, Shanghai
Telephones: Central 169 & 2069

THE ADMIRAL LINE
PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO.
TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE
FOR SEATTLE

S.S. "EDMORE"	Sails	JAN. 22
S.S. "ICONIUM"	Sails About	FEB. 18

FOR PORTLAND

S.S. "WAWALONA"	Sails	JAN. 20
S.S. "COAXET"	Sails About	FEB. 2

FOR NEW ORLEANS
S.S. "ASKAWAKE" .....Early March
Through Bills of Lading issued to all United States and Canadian Overland Points.
FOR FREIGHT AND PARTICULARS APPLY TO
THE ADMIRAL LINE
53 SZECHUEN ROAD.
JOHN J. GORMAN, GENERAL AGENT
FRED C. CHARMAN AGENT.
Telegraphic Address—ADMIRALINE.
Telephone, Central 1471

STRUTHERS AND DIXON
INCORPORATED
Operating Far Eastern Service for account of United States Shipping Board.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO:		FOR SAN FRANCISCO:	
S.S. West Cajoot	in port	S.S. Hathaway	Feb. 8
S.S. West Jena	Jan. 31	S.S. Colorado Springs	Mar. 5
S.S. Colorado Springs in port	Feb. 4		
FROM SEATTLE:		FOR SEATTLE:	
S.S. West Ivis	in port	S.S. West Ivis	Feb. 7
S.S. West Ison	Jan. 31		

FLEET
"West Cactus," "West Cajoot," "West Helix," "West Henshaw," "West Ison," "West Segovia," "West Islip," "Western Glen," "Bakersfield," "Devolente," "Editor," "Stanley," "Vinita," "Brave Couer," "Hathaway," "Elkhorn," "West Ivis," "Irmo," "Deuel," "Colorado Springs," "Derbyline," "Irmo," "West Jena."
Through bills of lading issued to all overland points in United States and Canada.
Shanghai Office, No. 7 Jinkee Road, Telephone Central 2537
L. EVERETT, Vice Pres. J. S. EMENS, Agent.

LLOYD TRIESTINO
Fast Passenger Service, Regular Sailings for
Trieste and Adriatic Ports
taking cargo on through Bill of Lading to
Trieste and Venice
Next sailings:—
*S.S. "AFRICA" about 25th January
S.S. "PERSIA" about 15th February
*S.S. "PILSNA" about end of March
*Take passengers direct to Venice & Trieste
DODWELL & CO., LTD.
AGENTS
Union Building Telephone, Central 1693

BARBER STEAMSHIP LINES, INC.
NEW YORK & BOSTON
VIA PANAMA
S.S. "CAPE MAY" .....Late January
S.S. "SAGAPORACK" .....March 15
VIA SUEZ
S.S. "WESTERN CROSS" .....March 5
Operated for Account of U. S. Shipping Board
For rates and further particulars apply to
THE ADMIRAL LINE
53 Szechuen Road. Telephone C. 1471
26779

CP OS
QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC
To
CANADA, UNITED STATES AND EUROPE
SAILINGS

To Vancouver		To Manila & Hongkong
Monteagle	Jan. 21	
Emp. Asia	Jan. 24	†To Hongkong direct
Emp. Japan	Jan. 29	*Via Manila

DOMINION EXPRESS TRAVELLERS CHEQUES SOLD
ATLANTIC SERVICE
Frequent sailings to Liverpool and Glasgow. Fast luxurious Empress of France. Special suites and rooms with bath.
For Fares, Tickets and other information apply to

Freight Office	Passenger Office
Cor. Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads,	Palace Hotel 19 The Bund
Telephone Central 181	Telephone Central 183

CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES

JAMES MAGILL & Co.
Cargo delivered at any Address in Shanghai.
Furniture and Curios Packed for Shipment by Expert Packers
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CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD
Passengers and Freight
S.S. "NANKING" (15,000 TONS)
S.S. "NILE" (14,000 TONS) S.S. "CHINA" (10,200 TONS)
(SUBJECT TO CHANGE)
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI FOR
SAN FRANCISCO
VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU
S.S. "NANKING" .....JAN. 20th
S.S. "CHINA" .....FEB. 3rd
S.S. "NILE" .....MARCH 5th
*S.S. "NANKING" does not call at NAGASAKI
FOR HONGKONG DIRECT
S.S. "CHINA" .....JAN. 21st
S.S. "NILE" .....FEB. 21st
S.S. "NANKING" .....MAR. 13st
For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, freight rates, etc., apply to
J. P. WILLIAMS, AGENT.
CORNER SZECHUEN & KIUKIANG ROADS
PHONE CENTRAL 4773 Cable Address: "CHIMAIL"

SHIPPING

N.Y.K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE MAIL SERVICE.

For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Port Said, Marseilles and England:

	Tons	Capt.	
INABA MARU	12,500	T. Kusano,	Jan. 20
KAMO MARU	16,000	M. Nakamura,	Feb. 3

EUROPEAN LINE CARGO SERVICE.

For Portsaid, London, Antwerp and Hamburg via ports:
For Portsaid, Marseilles, Liverpool via ports.

	Tons	Capt.	
TOYAMA MARU	15,000	K. Tasukara,	Jan. 31

AMERICAN LINE

For Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington, Shanghai, Kobe and Osaka Line (Via Moji).

	Tons	Capt.	
KATORI MARU	19,000	E. Tozawa,	Jan. 21
SUWA MARU	21,000	R. Shimizu,	Feb. 8

NEW YORK LINE Via PANAMA.

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

	Tons	Capt.	
YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	T. Terada,	Jan. 30
CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Y. Yoshida,	Feb. 3

SHANGHAI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji).

	Tons	Capt.	
YAWATA MARU	7,000	G. Shinomiya,	Jan. 17
OMI MARU	7,000	M. Yamamaki,	Jan. 21
KUMANO MARU	7,000	M. Yamasaki,	Jan. 24
TAKESHIIMA MARU	4,500	K. Kobayashi,	Jan. 28

FOR JAPAN

	Tons	Capt.	
HWAH PING	10,000	S. Tashizawa,	Jan. 16
IYO MARU	12,500	S. Murazumi,	Jan. 17

FOR HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	
KASHIMA MARU	10,000	M. Machida,	Feb. 7

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	
SUWA MARU	21,000	R. Shimidu,	Jan. 15

AUSTRALIAN LINE (Sailing From Hongkong).

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

NIKKO MARU	10,000	G. Yamazaki,	Jan. 21
AKI MARU	12,500	S. Shibata,	Feb. 18
TANGO MARU	14,000	M. Nishimura,	Mar. 24

CALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

BOMBAY LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to

I. MATSUDAIRA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha,

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

THURSDAY, JANUARY 15, 1920

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg
TODAY							
H'kong & United Kingdom Via Suez	*Teiresias	..	14.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok, Russia and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Japan Ports	Hwahping	19.00	17.00	..	..	..	18.30
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	via Tsinan	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Hongkong and Canton	Kwanglee	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Manila direct	Suwa Maru	18.30	..	..	..	..	18.00
V'stok and Siberia via Pukow & Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train				..	17.00	.. 17.00
Ningpo	Kiangteen	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
TOMORROW							
Nagasaki and Vladivostok	Penza	..	13.00	..	..	..	12.30
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Tean	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Swatow and Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Australia, via Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Hangsang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe	Nanking	15.00	..	..	..	..	14.30
Japan Ports	Penza	13.00	..	..	..	..	12.30
Vladivostok, Russia and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
Japan Ports	Yawata Maru	19.00	17.00	..	..	..	18.30
Swatow & Hongkong	Hangsang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Siberia via V'tok, N'saki	Penza	..	..	..	C13.30	..	13.15
Saturday, January 17.							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
H'kong & United Kingdom via Suez	*Teiresias	..	14.00	..	..	..	..
Sunday, January 18.							
Japan, H'lulu, Canada, U. S. A. and Europe via U. S. A.	Shinyo Maru	..	E13.00	..	..	..	..
N'saki, Kobe, Yokohama, H'lulu, Canada, U. S. A. & Europe	Shinyo Maru	..	..	E12.00	..	..	..
Japan, Canada, U. S. S. & Europe	do	12.30	..	..	..	..	12.00
Monday, January 19.							
Hongkong and Canton	Shantung	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..

*Correspondence marked via Suez and parcel mail.
†To connect with the s.s. Siberia Maru at Yokohama.

B Letters and boxes with declared value 7.30; parcel post 5 p.m. and money orders 4 p.m.
C Money orders and parcel post at 11 a.m.
E Registered articles 5 p.m. on previous day.

The Chinese Post Office will close two mails daily for Tsingtao, Tientsin, Peking, etc.

a.—at 21 for S. N. R. 23 o'clock train
b.—at 7 for S. N. R. 7:55 o'clock train

Mails closed by 7:55 train should reach Tientsin only 46 minutes later than those closed for the previous night's train.

Large Display Advertisements intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before 5 p.m. on Friday.

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

Stock	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$425 B.
Chartered	£80
Russo-Asiatic	Rs. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	Tls. 390 B.
North China	$200
Union of Canton	Hk. 180
Yangtsze	$220
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	Tls. 22
Fire Insurances.	
China Fire	$138
Hongkong Fire	$330 S.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def.	$210 B.
Indo-China Pref.	$20 B.
"Shell"	205/- S.
Shanghai Tug ord.	Tls. 40 B.
Shanghai Tug pref	Tls. 37
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 13
Oriental Cons.	25/-
Raub	$2 S.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$176 S.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 115 S.
New Eng. Works	Tls. 28½
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 130
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 90
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 67½
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 63
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3
S'hai Hotels Ltd.	Tls. 18
China Realty (ord)	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo (ord.)	Tls. 550
E-wo Pref	Tls. 85
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 350
Oriental	Tls. 260
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 305
Kungyik	Tls. 52½
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 34
Yangtszepoo Pref.	Tls. 85
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$210 B.
Green Island	$6.80 B.
Langkats	Tls. 16
Major Bros	Tls. 5
S'hai Sumatra	Tls. 125
Stores	
Hall & Holtz	Tls. 12¼
Llewellyn	$80
Lane, Crawford	$88
Moutrie	$32
Watson	$3¾ S.
Weeks	Tls. 11¼
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 6 B.
Amherst	Tls. 0.50
Anglo-Java	Tls. 8 B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 3¼
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 21
Batu Anam 1918	Tls. 0.50 B.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 1½ B.
Bute	Tls. 0.40 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 0.50 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 6
Cheng	Tls. 1¼ B.
Consolidated	Tls. 2 B.
Dominion	Tls. 5½
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 5½
Java Consolidated	Tls. 12
Kamunting	Tls. 3
Kapala	Tls. 0.60
Kapayang	Tls. 10
Karan	Tls. 8.10
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 3¼ B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 9
Padang	Tls. 8½
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 2¾ B.
Permata	Tls. 2½
Repah	Tls. 0.50 B.
Samagaga	Tls. 0.50 B.
Seekee	Tls. 0.80 B.
Semambu	Tls. 0.75
Senawang	Tls. 8
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.50 B.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 6
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 8
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1½
Sungala	Tls. 1
Sungei Duri	Tls. 5½ B.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3¾
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.50
S'hai Seremban	Tls. 0.60
Taiping	Tls. 0.50 B.
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.50
Tebong	Tls. 12 B.
Tlobri	Tls. 2½
Ziangbe	Tls. 3½
Miscellaneous	
C. I & E. Lumber	Tls. 350
Culty Dairy	Tls. 13
S'hai Elec. & Asb	$2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 62½
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 14½ B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 40
Shanghai Mercury	Tls 25
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 68
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 163¾

S. Sellers. Ba, Sales. B. Buyers.

Telephone No. Central 298

Benjamin and Potts, 8 Jinkee Rd.

Rubber Prices

Messrs. Hugo Reiss and Co. have received the following telegram from Messrs. Barker and Co., Ltd., London, dated the 9th instant.

Average Spot price standard quality Ribbed Smoked Sheet 2s. 8¼d. (2/8¼).

Average Spot price standard quality First Crepe 2s. 8d. (2/8). Ex warehouse (Singapore) 2/7¼. 2/7¼. market very quiet.

PARIS EXCHANGE

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, January 13.—Exchange quotations:

London	41.86
New York	11.20
Belgium	125
Spain	212.50
Rumania	22.50
Switzerland	198

French War Loans:

3 percent	57.75
4 percent 1917	71.25
4 percent 1918	70.90
5 percent	88.50

FRENCH MARKETS

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, January 13.—Market quotations:

Marseilles, January 13:

Green Peas: Japan	180
Potato Starch	170

Le Havre, January 12:

Cotton, first quality	595
Cotton, second quality	595
Cotton, third quality	583

Shipping Items

The C.M. s.s. Feiching left Foochow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Loongwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Tungting left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.M. s.s. Hwahta left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Wuchang left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Suiyang left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Tean left Tsingtao for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The I.-C. s.s. Luenho left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Tatung left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The M.M. s.s. Meinam from Marseilles, left Hongkong last Saturday at 4 p.m. and may be expected to arrive at Woosung this morning.

The I.-C. s.s. Suiwo will leave Hankow for Snanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Luenyi will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Sunning will leave Hongkong for Shanghai today.

The I.-C. s.s. Hangsang is due in Shanghai from Tsingtao today.

The I.-C. s.s. Esang is due in Shanghai from Dalny and Chefoo tomorrow.

The P. & O. s.s. Nagoya from London, left Hongkong at seven o'clock Tuesday morning and is expected to arrive in Shanghai tomorrow afternoon.

The B.I. s.s. Muttra from Calcutta, is expected to leave Hongkong for Shanghai on January 22.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinfung will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The I.-C. s.s. Waishing will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Chungking will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The S.M.R. s.s. Kobe is due in Shanghai from Dairen tomorrow morning and will sail for Tsingtau and Dairen Saturday morning at 7:30 o'clock. The tender with passenger and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 9 o'clock tomorrow night.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Omi Maru will leave Moji tomorrow and is due in Shanghai next Sunday.

The T.K.K. s.s. Shinyo Maru will leave Hongkong today and is due at Woosung on Saturday night. The inward passenger tender is expected to reach the Customs jetty about 9:30 o'clock Sunday morning. The Shinyo sails for Japan ports, Honolulu and San Francisco Sunday evening and the tender with outgoing passengers and mails will leave the customs jetty at two o'clock.

VESSELS IN HARBOR AND AT WOOSUNG

Date		From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
			Ralph Moller	Br.	M. & Co.
Aug.	26	—	Chinpu		
Oct.	7	—	Anamba		
Oct.	30	— Cruise	Chuentao	Chi.	Customs
Nov.	8	—	Astra	Br.	
Nov.	12	— Hongkong	St. Dominic	Br	S. Tomes
Nov.	24	— Japan	Nissho Maru	Jap.	S. Shokai
Nov.	26	—	Ogawa Maru	Jap.	
Dec.	2	— Japan	Taiho Maru	Jap.	
Dec.	2	—	Meichuen	Am.	Socony
Dec.	4	— River ports	Lingyun	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec.	6	— Chinwangtao	Indigirka		
Dec.	6	— River ports	Kiangtoo	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Dec.	7	— Seattle	Waban	Am.	A. Line
Dec.	14	— Hankow	Anian	Br.	A.P. Co.
Dec.	16	— Hankow	Meitan	Am.	Socony.
Dec.	20	—	Chinchong	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec.	24	— Hongkong	Egremont Castle	Br.	D. & Co.
Dec.	24	—	Shintoku M.	Jap.	S. Shokai
Dec.	25	—	Kanling	Chi.	
Dec.	25	—	Newchow		
Dec.	31	—	Hungtok	Chi.	
Jan.	6	— Hongkong	Wosang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Jan.	7	—	Teli	Chi.	
Jan.	9	— Hongkong	M. S. Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Jan.	9	— Japan	Kwanto Maru	Jap.	
Jan.	9	—	Gweneta	Br.	M. & Co.
Jan.	10	— Chinwangtao	Kaipng	Br.	K.M.A.
Jan.	10	— London	Somali	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	10	—	Tsonan	Br.	M. M. & Co.
Jan.	11	— Liverpool	Telamon	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	11	— Hongkong	Kwanglee	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Jan.	11	— Japan	Daiya Maru	Jap.	M.S.K.
Jan.	12	— Hongkong	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	12	— San Francisco	West Cajoot	Am.	S. & Dix
Jan.	12	— Japan	Teiresias	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	12	— River ports	Woosung	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	12	— River ports	Fengyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Jan.	12	— Japan	Sagami Maru	Jap.	
Jan.	12	— Japan	Taijun Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Jan.	12	— Cruise	Likin	Chi.	Customs
Jan.	13	— River ports	Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co.
Jan.	13	— River ports	Tachi Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Jan.	13	— Chefoo	Shunchong	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Jan.	13	— Chinwangtao	Kiangping	Br.	K.M.A.
Jan.	13	— Nanking	Rotorua	Br.	N.S.S.N. Co.
Jan.	13	— Japan	Glenavy	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Jan.	13	— Japan	Sorachi Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Jan.	14	— Teingtau	Kohoku Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Jan.	14	— Wenchow	Kwangchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Jan.	14	— Japan	Heiyei Maru	Jap.	
Jan.	14	— Japan	Nissei Maru	Jap.	
Jan.	14	— Japan	Toriu Maru	Jap.	
Jan.	14	— Japan	Yekishin Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Jan.	14	— Seattle, ports	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	14	— Nanking	Toyo Maru	Jap.	Kaiyosha
Jan.	14	— River ports	Kianghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Jan.	14	— River ports	Hwahlee	Chi.	J.M. & Co.
Jan.	14	— River ports	Ngankin	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	14	— River ports	Yohyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Jan.	14	— Japan	Niigata Maru		

Arrivals

Date		From	Ships Name	Flag	Agents
Jan.	14	— Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co.
Jan.	14	— Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	14	— Tsingtau	Kohoku Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Jan.	14	— Wenchow	Kwangchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Jan.	14	— Japan	Heiyei Maru	Jap.	
Jan.	14	— Japan	Nissei Maru	Jap.	
Jan.	14	— Japan	Toriu Maru	Jap.	
Jan.	14	— Japan	Yekishin Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Jan.	14	— Seattle, ports	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	14	— Nanking	Toyo Maru	Jap.	Kaiyosha
Jan.	14	— River ports	Kianghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Jan.	14	— River ports	Hwahlee	Chi.	J.M. & Co.
Jan.	14	— River ports	Ngankin	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	14	— River ports	Yohyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Jan.	14	— Japan			

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco

Standard Arrow	Dec. 16
Tenyo Maru	Dec. 21
West Ira	Dec. 25
Nile	Dec. 30
Ecuador	Jan. 5
Shabonee	Jan. 9
Acme	Jan. 14

For Tacoma

Mexico Maru	Dec. 28

For Seattle

Javary	Dec. 15
Fushimi Maru	Dec. 19
Endicott	Dec. 20
Elkton	Dec. 25
Eldridge	Jan. 4
Brave Couer	Jan. 4

For New York

Lowther Castle	Dec. 27
Arna	Dec. 27
Kinght Templar	Jan. 5
Tokushima Maru	Jan. 4

For Vancouver

Melville Dollar	Dec. 18
Empress of Russia	Dec. 30
Methven	Jan. 7
Harold Dollar	Jan. 7

For London etc.

Novara	Dec. 15
Mishima Maru	Dec. 15
Glenapp	Dec. 20
Idomenus	Dec. 20
Sado Maru	Dec. 22
Kalomo	Dec. 2
Durban Maru	Dec. 26
Trazos Montes	Dec. 29
Kashgar	Dec. 31
Kitano Maru	Jan. 5
Borneo Maru	Jan. 11

For Liverpool

Teucer	Dec. 13
Memnon	Dec. 14
Tydeus	Jan. 4
Penang Maru	Jan. 14

For Rotterdam

Hwahchie	Dec. 7
Sagoland	Jan. 9

For Genoa

Ceylon	Dec. 18
Benvorlich	Dec. 24
Hwahyih	Jan. 2
Brodliffe	Jan. 7

For Marseilles

Commandt Dorise	Dec. 18
Andre Lebon	Dec. 25
Heathside	Jan. 13

For Trieste

Nippon	Dec. 8
Shunko Maru	Dec. 13

For Copenhagen

Peru	Dec. 13

For Macassar

Panagis	Dec. 10

For Hull

Glengyle	Dec. 23

For Port said

Arabien	Jan. 1

For Bombay

Dilwara	Dec. 14
Dupera	Jan. 10

For Calcutta

Japan	Dec. 19
Gregory Apcar	Jan. 13

For Java ports

Tjimanoek	Dec. 30

Launch Services

TODAY

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 9 p.m.

Sunday, January 18, 1920

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the T.K.K. s.s. Shinyo Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 2 p.m.

Tuesday, January 20, 1920.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 10 a.m.

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Jan.	—	New York	Celtic Prince	Br	S. Tomes
Jan.	—	New York, Boston	Cape May	Am.	A. Line
Jan.	—	N. Y. via Panama	Ida	Am.	A. Line
Jan.	18	New York	EgremontCastle	Br.	D. & Co.
Jan.	18	New York	Atreus	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	18	San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Jan.	20	Portland	Wawalona	Am.	A. Line
Jan.	21	Seattle	Katori Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	22	Vancouver	Monteagle	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Jan.	22	Vancouver	M.S. Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Jan.	22	Seattle	Edmore	Am.	A. Line
Jan.	23	Tacoma	Manila Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Jan.	24	Vancouver	E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Jan.	25	San Francisco	West Hepburn	Am.	Dollar Co.
Jan.	29	Seattle	C. of Spokane	Am.	A. Line
Jan.	29	Vancouver	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Jan.	30	San Francisco	West Cajoot	Am.	S. & Dix
Jan.	31	San Francisco	Columbia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Jan.	31	New York	Ariosto	Br.	B. & S.
Feb.	3	San Francisco	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Feb.	6	San Francisco	Tancred	Am.	Dollar Co.
Feb.	7	New York	Grace Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Feb.	7	Seattle	West Ivis	Am.	S. & Dix
Feb.	8	San Francisco	Hathaway	Am.	S. & Dix
Feb.	8	Seattle	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Feb.	12	New York	Suveric	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Feb.	13	Vancouver	Hesse Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Feb.	15	New York	Moorish Prince	Br.	S.T. & Co.
Feb.	19	San Francisco	West Harta	Am.	Dollar Co.
Feb.	23	San Francisco	Stanley Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Feb.	26	San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Feb.	28	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Mar.	5	San Francisco	Nile	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Mar.	5	New York, Boston	Western Cross	Am.	A. Line
Mar.	6	San Francisco	West Ira	Am.	Dollar Co.
Mar.	14	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Mar.	15	New York, Boston	Sagaporack	Am.	A. Line
Mar.	24	Vancouver	Melville Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Mar.	27	San Francisco	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Mar.	28	San Francisco	West Jessup	Am.	Dollar Co.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Jan.	15	— N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Sagami Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	16	— Kobe	Iyo Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	16	— Kobe	Hwahping	Chi.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	17	— Kobe, Yokohama	Somali	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Jan.	17	— Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Jan.	21	— Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Jan.	21	— Kobe	Muttra	Br.	M. M. Co.
Jan.	22	— N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Kokura Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Jan.	23	— Kobe	Muttra	Br.	M. M. & Co.
Jan.	24	— Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	28	— Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Takeshima Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Jan.	30	— N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Jan.	15	— A'dam, L'don, A'werp	Teiresias	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	15	— London	Carmarthenshire	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Jan.	16	— Liverpool	Telamon	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	18	— London	Glenapey	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Jan.	19	— Liverpool	Awa Maru	Jap	N. Y. K.
Jan.	20	— London	St. Francis	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan.	20	— London	Izuha Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	20	— Port Said & Trieste	Nizni Novgorod	Fr.	M. M. Cie.
Jan.	22	— Liverpool	Dania	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	23	— Calcutta	Muttra	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Jan.	24	— Genoa, Antwerp	Glenamoy	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Jan.	25	— Trieste	Africa	Ital.	D. & Co.
Jan.	27	— Genoa	Genoa	Br.	G.L.E.A.
Jan.	27	— Bombay	Sangola	Br.	M. M. & Co.
Jan.	29	— A'dam, L'don, A'werp	Agapenor	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	29	— Liverpool	Orestes	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	29	— Rotterdam	Polyphemus	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	30	— London	Glenavy	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Jan.	31	— Marseilles	Scharnhorst	Fr.	M. M. Cie
Jan.	31	— London	Toyama M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Jan.	—	— Marseilles	Alfenas	Fr.	M. M. Cie
Jan.	—	— Marseilles	Meinam	Fr.	M. M. Cie
Feb.	2	— London	Kamo Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Feb.	2	— London	Glenstrae	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Feb.	5	— London	Somali	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Feb.	11	— London	Nagoya	Br.	M. M. & Co.
Feb.	12	— A'dam, L'don, A'werp	Elpenor	Br.	B. & S.
Feb.	15	— London	Glenariffe	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Feb.	15	— Liverpool	Demodocus	Br.	B. & S.
Feb.	15	— Marseilles	Porthos	Fr.	M. M. Cie
Feb.	15	— Trieste	Persia	Ital.	D. & Co.
Feb.	25	— Java Ports	Tjikini	Dut.	H.C.T.Co.
Feb.	28	— Marseilles	Amazone	Fr.	M. M. Cie
Feb.	—	— Marseilles	Ct. Mages	Fr.	M. M. Cie
Feb.	—	— Marseilles	Kouangsi	Fr.	M. M. Cie
Mar.	—	— Marseilles	Paul Lecat	Fr.	M. M. Cie
Mar.	6	— Batavia	Tjitaroem	Dut.	H.C.T.Co.
Mar.	31	— Venice, Trieste,	Pilsna	Ital.	D. & Co.
Apr.	—	— Marseilles	Armand Behic	Fr.	M. M. Cie
May	—	— Marseilles	Andre Lebon	Fr.	M. M. Cie

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Jan.	15	4.00 Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	15	— Manila, Hongkong	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan.	15	D.L. Amoy, H'kong, C'ton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	16	4.30 Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co.
Jan.	16	4.30 Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	16	9.00*F., K'lung, Takao	Kohoku M.	Jap.	O. S. K.
Jan.	16	— Hongkong, Canton	Kwanglee	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	17	8.00*S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Hangsang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Jan.	17	D.L. S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Tean	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	20	D.L. Hongkong, Canton	Shantung	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	21	— Hongkong	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Jan.	15	D.L. W'wei, C'foo, Dairen	Paoting	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	16	2.00 Vladivostok	Penza	Rus.	R.V.F.
Jan.	17	7.00*T'tao, Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
Jan.	17	D.L. Tsingtau	Chenan	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	20	11.00*Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Jan.	15	D.L. Pukow	Hopsang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan.	15	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tachi Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Jan.	15	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kianghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	15	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Hwahlee	Chi.	J.M. & Co.
Jan.	15	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Ngankin	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	16	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan.	16	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tungting	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	16	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Yohyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Jan.	17	M.N.

CABLES MOORE - SHANGHAI ESTABLISHED 1874 TELEPHONE CENTRAL 155

L. MOORE & Co. LIMITED

AUCTIONEERS : VALUERS : LAND BROKERS
45 KIANGSE ROAD SHANGHAI

AUCTION INDEX

THURSDAY, January 15th.—Household Furniture and Sundries in Salesroom at 10 a.m.

SATURDAY, 17th at 2.30 p.m. and MONDAY, 19th January at 4 p.m.—Important Postage stamp auction. This is one of the well known auctions arranged by Mr. Charles Piens, Hon. Counterfeit detecter of the Shanghai Philatelic Society, a guarantee of the rareness and excellence of the material offered.

MONDAY, March 29th.—Superior Household Furniture and Effects at 663 Great Western Road.

L. MOORE & CO., LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1874

will Sale by Public Auction within their Salesroom

on Saturday, January 17th at 2.30 p.m.

continuing on Monday, 19th January at 4 p.m.

A Superb Lot of Really Rare Postage Stamps

Part contents of collections of two well-known collectors, who are proceeding to Europe, broken up into small lots by countries, etc., to suit individual buyers, **Whether specialists, condition seekers, space fillers, or dealers.**

This is undoubtedly the auction of the season, the most important one ever held by us. The number of first-class rarities is unusually large. It is only necessary to mention such gems as the first issues of Hongkong and Straits in mint condition, Stamps very seldom offered at auction, even at home. The sale has been arranged for the Vendors by Mr. Charles Piens of the Shanghai Philatelical Society, and under arrangement with the Vendors, Mr. Piens assumes responsibility in full for the genuineness of all the Stamps.

We are confident in saying that no serious collector can afford to miss this opportunity

ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT RESERVE

On view on Monday, 12th January

when catalogues will be ready.

CODE BOOKS

Bentley's Complete Phrase Code Book (New Edition)	$20.00
A. B. C. Code Fifth Edition	23.00
Western Union Telegraphic Code. Universal Edition	30.00
Western Union Telegraphic Code. Five Letter Edition	40.00

Chow Tzu Kong
111 Szechuen Road, Shanghai, China.

Wrist Watches are convenient in use, but very often unreliable.

WHY?

Because ignorant or unscrupulous dealers are passing off upon unsuspecting customers Watches with cheap movements not deserving the name of time-keepers.

THERE IS NO RISK

in buying your watch from us. Our watches are made for practical use, every one tested and guaranteed for two years. Look at our large stock of Wrist Watches in making your purchases.

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ON SALE BY ALL GROCERS
VACUUM PACKED—ALWAYS FRESH
The most popular Coffee in the Market
AMERICAN MACHINERY & EXPORT Co.,
No. 5 Siking Road. Sole Agents for China.

The Chinese Benevolent Association

271-6 Boulevard des Deux Republiques

Benevolent Fund Ticket

First Prize $50,000.00

Issued under the authorisation of the Government of the Republic of China on the 8th July, 1918.

To be drawn among 40,000 successive numbers in full view of the public in Shanghai China, on February 2nd 1920.

One tenth of each ticket will be sold at $0.50, the proceeds of which after payment of prizes, charges, etc., will be divided between the Famine Relief Fund and the Benevolent Institutions. The Association reserves to itself the right to allocate the proceeds to the above objects; if any of the tickets are unsold on date of drawing, proportional reduction in the allocation will be made.

Price for Whole Tickets: $5.00

Tickets may be obtained from all dealers.

All prizes won locally will be given at The Chinese Benevolent Association (271-6, Boulevard des Deux Republiques, Shanghai): it abroad will be paid at the Branch Offices of The Bank of China elsewhere.

The Chinese Benevolent Association

Shareholders Of Kung Yik Cotton Spinning And Weaving Co., Ltd, Meet

(Continued from Page 11)

auditors appointed to fill any casual vacancy may be fixed by the consulting committee."

RESOLUTION 4.

That the first sub-article of article XV of the Company's articles of accociation be cancelled, and that in lieu thereof the following sub-articles be inserted—

"XV (1) Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd., and its successors in business (being a British firm or company) so long as that Company or its successors shall be willing to act (subject as provided by the next ensuing sub-article herein) and shall possess the requisite share qualification, namely, at least seven thousand five hundred (7,500) ordinary shares of the company shall be the general managers of the Company: and so long as that Company or its successors shall be such general managers, the senior representative for the time being in Shanghai of that Company or of its successors, shall be the chairman of the Company. The Company shall forthwith enter into an agreement in writing to employ the said Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd. and its successors in business, as such General Managers upon the terms above set forth.

"XV (2) The general managers shall not resign their office without giving to the cousulting committee six calendar months' previous notice in writing to take effect on the last day of the financial year of the Company which expires next after such six months notice shall have expired, or at the same time as the expiration of such six months' notice.

"XV (3) In the event of the said Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd., or its successors in business (being a British firm or company) ceasing to be the general managers another British firm or company shall be appointed in their place by shareholders at a general meeting to be convened by the consulting committee or by shareholders for that purpose, upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon."

RESOLUTION 5

That sub-article No. 8 of Article No. XV of the Company's Articles of Association be cancelled.

RESOLUTION 6

That sub-articles Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9 and 10 of Article No. XV of the Company's Articles of Association be renumbered 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 respectively.

The notice convening the meeting having been read by the secretary the chairman said:

With reference to resolutions 1, 2 and 3 regarding the auditors, I may say that after Mr. Wingrove's resignation owing to ill health, Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Matthews were elected by the Shareholders at the last annual meeting, but after looking into matters, this firm found, however, that they could not undertake the work for less than Tls. 1,000 per annum, and as the company's existing articles of association only provide a fee of Tls. 250, we were recommended by our legal advisors to pay Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Matthews the sum of Tls. 750 for their professional services and charge same to last year's working account, in addition to the annual fee of Tls. 250, called for by the Articles of Association.

The new resolutions now to be submitted will provide shareholders with powers to vote the auditors' fees as required, and we trust they will have your support, as the magnitude of the Company's operations now renders it necessary that the accounts should be supervised by a firm of chartered accountants.

Resolutions 1, 2 and 3 were then proposed by the chairman and unanimously adopted.

The chairman then said: Gentlemen, subject to your approval, we propose to remunerate Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Matthews for the current year in the same manner as we have done for the past 12 months. At future annual general meetings shareholders will have the opportunity of electing auditors and fixing their remuneration for the ensuing year.

Mr. Ayscough then said: Gentlemen, It gives me much pleasure to propose resolutions Nos. 4, 5 and 6 which have just been read to you by the Secretary.

Our chairman has told us that the annual average dividend since the start of the Company has been 18¼ percent—this, I consider, speaks volumes for the management and I trust you will unanimously approve the appointment of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd., as General Managers so long as they hold 7,500 shares.

Most of you are aware that the resources and organisation of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd., have always been at the disposal of this Company, and it appears to me that their position should be safeguarded in view of the manner in which they have protected the interests of shareholders for the past nine years.

In this connection I should like to point out that the office allowance of Tls. 5,000 per annum granted to the general managers does not in any way cover their expenditure in managing the mill, which is only adequately compensated in good years by their commission on the profits earned by the Company.

Gentlemen, I feel sure all of us desire to see British undertakings kept in British hands: this is provided for in the resolution which I commend to your favorable consideration.

Mr. Mackie seconded with pleasure.

No questions were asked and resolutions were unanimously passed.

The chairman: Gentlemen, on behalf of my firm I thank you for having passed resolutions 4, 5 and 6, as they are in a measure a vote of confidence in our management of your Company.

Our cotton mills have always been looked upon by us as an important department of our own business, and I can assure you that we shall continue to provide men who will manage them to your satisfaction.

Amusements

ISIS THEATRE

Junction of North Szechuen Road Extension and Jukong Road.

Programme for Thursday and Friday.

15th and 16th January

Triangle Special Feature

W. D. Griffith's Production.

"LET KATY DO IT"
Five Parts.

"CHARLIE in the PARK"
Chaplin Comedy, One Part.

"EASY STREET"
Chaplin Comedy. Two Parts.

Sunday Matinee.

"HOUDINI"
5th and 6th Episodes.

No Picture Show on Saturday and Sunday Evenings and Saturday afternoon, as the theater will be used by Chinese Students.

NEW HELEN THEATRE

Haining Road.

PROGRAMME

for

Thursday, 15th January.

Vitagraph's Greatest Super-Serial

"THE SECRET KINGDOM"
13th, 14th and 15th Episodes

Six Final Parts. Most interesting, thrilling and sensational, but with a happy ending.

Amusements

TOWA CINEMA

No. 4 Woochang Road.

PROGRAMME

for

TONIGHT TONIGHT

"The Girl From Frisco"
Episodes 25

"The Wolf of Los Alamos"

and

A Japanese Draam

AMUSEMENTS

LYCEUM THEATRE

Tonight at 9.15 sharp

THE DENNISTON PLAYERS

—— in ——

The greatest play ever penned

"Friendly Enemies"

Last night's reception revealed a repetition of the unprecedented success this Comedy-Drama has already achieved in three continents — America, England and Australia.

The enthusiasm was so spontaneous—so genuine—as to rightly earn for the play and players the unanimous verdict "Magnificent."

Friday and Saturday **"NIGHTIE NIGHT"**
Saturday Matinee **"UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"**

(Meet me there at 3 p.m.)

Programme for the Denniston's 3rd Week

KLEIN'S TRIUMPH
Monday and Tuesday **"THE THIRD DEGREE"**

Reynolds Denniston's first appearance this season

Wednesday and Thursday **"THE UNKISSED BRIDE"**
Friday and Saturday **"THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13"**

BOOKING AT MESSRS. S. MOUTRIE & CO., LTD.

AT THE **APOLLO** THEATRE ON THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY AND SUNDAY JANUARY 15TH, 16TH, 17TH AND 18TH

AMERICA'S MOST POPULAR IDOL

BRYANT WASHBURN

IN THE BRILLIANTLY SCINTILLATING FARCE-COMEDY, OF THE MOST HILARIOUS TYPE, FULL OF SUSTAINED INTEREST AND BROAD HUMOR AND COMICAL SITUATIONS

"ALL WRONG"

BY MILDRED CONSIDINE
AN EXTRA-SELECTED STAR PHOTO-PLAY

When Warren Kent goes home to his "separate apartment" he finds "wifie," dressed in pyjamas, sitting with his friend Ralph Conway! Delicate situation, truly, but perfectly innocent as it turns out! When Ma calls she discovers son-in-law in the depths of of despair. Well, what would YOU think? So did Ma, but she was wrong at that!

ALSO SHOWING

PRESIDENT POINCARE IN LONDON

Matinee Saturday 9 p.m. Helen Chadwick in "CALEL PIPER'S GIRL"

Matinee Sunday at 3 p.m. "THE WITCHING HOUR"

"PETER PAN"

To be Presented by

The Shanghai Public School for Girls

AT THE OLYMPIC THEATRE,
Today at 3 p.m.
MUNICIPAL ORCHESTRA
Under the direction of Mr. R. B. HURRY, Mus. Bac.

Price $3, Children half-price Booking now open at Moutrie's.

Funds for United Services Association and Local Charities.

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Good Things to Eat and Drink

Short Orders a Specialty

THE TROCADERO

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OLYMPIC THEATRE

NEW PROGRAMME

for

TONIGHT TONIGHT

PRESENTING

KATHLYN WILLIAMS

and

THEODORE ROBERTS

in

"THE COST OF HATRED"

A Paramount Picture.

LENORE ULRICH

A PARAMOUNT MOVING PITCURE STAR WILL BE SEEN

AT THE

Victoria Theatre

TONIGHT

January 15th

IN THE ROMANTIC STORY OF A CHILD OF THE WOODS TRANSPLANTED TO THE CITY

"KILMENY"

What is VIRTUE?

It is the biggest thought in the world today.

The biggest thought since man raised himself from all fours to walk on his hind legs—and became a thinking being.

The biggest thought as long as human life shall exist on earth.

It is a problem more vital than life itself, the dominating problem of every human being of every race, from the aborigines to the most highly intellectual.

WHAT'S your idea of a Virtuous Man? "Virtuous Men" the sensational Melodrama of the year, gives one an idea. See if it coincides with yours. See the picture. You'll consider it time well spent whether you agree with its conclusion as to a Virtuous Man or not.

"Virtuous Men" has plenty of fights, plenty of big mob scenes and a considerable number of fine flashes of comedy relief to back up the drawing power that lies in the two words of the title. The plot has to do with one man's persistent and finally successful efforts to put to rout a band of "Red Radicals."

Showing

At the **Victoria Theatre**

Commencing Friday, Jan. 23rd

CARLTON CAFE

TONIGHT! TONIGHT!

will be given one of

OUR PRIZE DANCES.

A handsome, valuable prize with every dance.

EVERY LADY RECEIVES A TICKET.

A Special Dinner-de-Luxe will be served.

Diners have the privilege of tables in the Ball-Room.

Book your tables by Phone C. 2301 or C. 2337.